

# MINISTRY FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES STANDARD 155.02.06

# **Importation of Nursery Stock**

Issued as an import health standard pursuant to section 24A of the Biosecurity Act 1993

Biosecurity New Zealand Animal & Plant Health Directorate PO Box 2526 Wellington 6140, New Zealand www.mpi.govt.nz

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# **ENDORSEMENT**

# **COMMENCEMENT**

This import health standard comes into force on 8 April 2024.

# REVOCATION

This import health standard revokes and replaces Import Health Standard: Importation of Nursery Stock (155.02.06) and all prior amendments to that standard.

The amendment history to this import health standard is set out on the next page.

# **ISSUING AUTHORITY**

This import health standard is issued under section 24A of the Biosecurity Act 1993 to incorporate amendments made pursuant to sections 24B and 166A of that Act.

Dated at Wellington, 8 April 2024

Janine Collier
Acting Manager Plant Health
Ministry for Primary Industries
(acting under delegated authority of the Director-General)

# **REVIEW**

Amendments will be made to the signed original as required. The signed original will be held by the Plant Imports Group, Ministry for Primary Industries, Charles Fergusson Building, 34-38 Bowen Street, Wellington.

# AMENDMENT RECORD

This import health standard has previously been amended in accordance with section 24B of the Biosecurity Act 1993 as set out below.

No:	Details:	Date:
1	Section 2.2.1.7 Pesticide treatments for dormant bulbs	27 April 2005
2	<i>Lilium</i> schedule of special conditions, sections 2.2.1.6, 2.2.1.7 and 2.2.2.	17 June 2005
3	Ficus schedule	6 September 2005
4	Acacia, Acer, Allium, Canna, Cotoneaster, Cycas, Hippeastrum, Hydrangea, Iris, and Lilium schedules	6 October 2005
5	Acacia, Acer, Begonia, Canna, Cotoneaster and Hydrangea schedules, section 2.2.1.7	8 February 2006
6	Acer, Aesculus, Arbutus, Acacia, Calladium, Camellia, Castanea, Gaultheria, Fagus, Kalmia, Photinia, Prunus and Vaccinum schedules, section 2.2.1.10, section 2.2.1.11	22 May 2006
7	Actinidia, Hippeastrum and Prunus schedules	9 August 2006
8	Allium, Fragaria, Hippeastrum, Miscanthus, Solanum tuberosum, and Zantedeschia schedules	4 August 2008
9	Corylus and Wollemia nobilis schedules.	10 November 2008
10	Allium, Persea, Rubus, Vaccinium, and Vaccinium macrocarpon schedules.	7 April 2009
11	Sections 1.4, 2.2.1.8, 2.2.1.9, 2.2.1.11, 2.2.3, and 3	1 October 2009
12	Section 2.2.1.11	20 October 2009
13	Tulipa schedule	18 January 2010
14	Prunus, Solanum tuberosum, and Vaccinium macrocarpon schedules.	6 July 2010
15	Allium schedule	13 September 2010
16	Berberis, Carpinus, Cotoneaster, Eucalyptus, Nandina, Olea, Populus, Pseudotsuga, Ulmus schedules, section 2.2.1.10 and section 2.2.1.11	7 June 2011
17	Phalaenopsis schedule	8 August 2011
18	Removal of the schedules for <i>Acca sellowiana</i> and <i>Agonis</i> , with incorporation under the <i>Metrosideros</i> schedule. Amendment to the <i>Eucalyptus</i> and <i>Eugenia</i> schedules.	25 August 2011
19	Dracaena schedule	12 September 2011
20	Malus schedule	20 June 2012
21	Artocarpus schedule	29 June 2012
22	Cycas, Dracaena, Fuchsia schedules, section 2.2.1.10, 2.2.1.11, 2.2.3 and 2.3.3	16 August 2012
23	Solanum tuberosum schedule	8 April 2013
24	Eucalyptus, Eugenia, Metrosideros and Vitis schedules	22 May 2013
25	Actinidia schedule	6 September 2013

26	Section 2.2.2.2	27 January 2014
27	Vitis schedule	11 March 2014
28	Rubus schedule	21 March 2014
29	Section 2.3.2.1, section 2.2.1.11, schedules for Allium, Begonia, Canna, Citrus, Crocus, Dahlia, Fortunella, Fragaria, Gladiolus, Hippeastrum, Lilium, Malus, Miscanthus x giganteus, Narcissus, Olea, Persea, Poncirus, Prunus, Rubus, Solanum tuberosum, Tulipa, Vaccinium, Vaccinium macrocarpon and Vitis	11 June 2014
30	Schedules for Chrysanthemum, Diascia, Dahlia and Solanum	18 August 2014
31	Schedules for Citrus, Fortunella, Fragaria, Malus and Poncirus	27 November 2014
32	Schedules for Hippeastrum and Vitis	21 January 2015
33	Sections 2.2.1.6, 2.2.1.7 and 2.2.1.8 (new section for <i>Ceratocystis fimbriata</i> , with renumbering of subsequent sections). Schedules for <i>Acacia</i> , <i>Acrocomia</i> , <i>Carica</i> , <i>Carya</i> , <i>Carya ovata</i> , <i>Citrus</i> , <i>Delphinium</i> , <i>Eucalpytus</i> , <i>Fagus</i> , <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> , <i>Ficus</i> , <i>Fragaria</i> , <i>Juglans</i> , <i>Malus</i> , <i>Mangifera</i> , <i>Metrosideros</i> , <i>Platanus</i> , <i>Populus</i> , <i>Prunus</i> , <i>Quercus</i> , <i>Rubus</i> , <i>Tulipa</i> , <i>Ulmus</i> , <i>Vaccinium</i> and <i>Vitis</i>	10 December 2015
34	Schedules for Fragaria, Malus, Olea, Prunus, Rubus, Solanum tuberosum, Vaccinium and Vitis	11 March 2016
35	Section 2.2.1.12, and schedule for <i>Acacia</i>	06 May 2016
36	Section 2.2.1.13 (new section for <i>Phellinus noxius</i> , with renumbering of subsequent sections). Schedules for <i>Acacia</i> , <i>Acrocomia</i> , <i>Aesculus</i> , <i>Araucaria</i> , <i>Arbutus</i> , <i>Artocarpus</i> , <i>Camellia</i> , <i>Camellia sinensis</i> , <i>Cedrus</i> , <i>Citrus</i> , <i>Crataegus</i> , <i>Cycas</i> , <i>Delphinium</i> , <i>Diospyros</i> , <i>Eriobotrya</i> , <i>Eucalyptus</i> , <i>Eugenia</i> , <i>Ficus</i> , <i>Fortunella</i> , <i>Hebe</i> , <i>Hydrangea</i> , <i>Litchi</i> , <i>Mangifera</i> , <i>Metrosideros</i> , <i>Nandina</i> , <i>Persea</i> , <i>Planera</i> , <i>Poncirus</i> , <i>Populus</i> , <i>Prunus</i> , <i>Rhododendron</i> , <i>Rosa</i> , <i>Salix</i> , <i>Ulmus</i> , and <i>Vitis</i>	21 November 2016
37	Sections 1.3, 1.4, 2.2.1.12, 2.2.1.12, 2.3.2. Schedules for Acacia, Acer, Acrocomia, Aesculus, Arbutus, Asparagus, Bidens, Canna, Carya, Carya ovata, Castanea, Citrus, Cotoneaster, Delphinium, Diospyros, Eucalyptus, Eugenia, Eupatorium, Fagus, Fagus sylvatica, Ficus, Fuchsia, Fortunella, Fragaria, Helianthus, Hebe, Humulus, Hydrangea, Ipomoea batatas, Juglans, Juniperus, Metrosideros, Nandina, Olea, Persea, Phoenix, Photinia, Platanus, Poncirus, Populus, Prunus, Pseudotsuga, Pyrus, Quercus, Ranunculus, Rosa, Rubus, Salix, Solanum tuberosum, Solidago, Ulmus, Vaccinium, Verbena and Vitis	21 December 2016
38	Schedule for Rosa	22 December 2016

39	Sections 2.2.2.4, 2.2.2.5 (new section for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> ), 2.2.2.6 (new section for post entry quarantine), and 2.3. Schedules for <i>Acacia, Acer, Acrocomia, Aesculus, Arbutus, Asparagus, Bidens, Canna, Carya, Carya ovata, Castanea, Cotoneaster, Delphinium, Diospyros, Eucalyptus, Eugenia, Eupatorium, Fagus, Fagus sylvatica, Ficus, Fuchsia, Hebe, Humulus, Hydrangea, Ipomoea batatas, Juglans, Malus, Metrosideros, Nandina, Phoenix, Photinia, Platanus, Populus, Prunus, Pseudotsuga, Quercus, Ranunculus, Rosa, Salix, Solanum tuberosum, Solidago, Ulmus, Vaccinium macrocarpon, and Verbena</i>	27 February 2017
40	Updated sections 1.3 and 1.4, and relevant schedules to align with commencement of Facility Standard: Post Entry Qurantine for Plants (MPI.STD.PEQ).	8 March 2017
41	Addition of <i>Petunia</i> schedule.	9 June 2017
42	Amendment to the <i>Petunia</i> schedule with new GM requirements	31 October 2017
43	Amendment to the <i>Vaccinium</i> schedule with a change to post entry quarantine requirements for tissue cultures.	11 December 2017
44	Amendment to the <i>Delphinium</i> schedule with addition of <i>Euryops</i> for conditions for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> .	04 April 2018
45	Addition of conditions for Phytophthora capsici, P. palmivora and P. tentaculata in the following schedules: Abies, Acacia, Acer, Acrocomia, Aesculus, Allium, Araucaria, Arbutus, Artocarpus, Calanthe, Carica, Chrysanthemum, Crataegus, Dahlia, Delphinium, Dianthus, Dianthus caryophyllus, Diospyros, Dracaena, Eugenia, Ficus, Gerbera, Hebe, Lilium, Mangifera, Metrosideros, Olea, Paulownia, Phalaenopsis, Phoenix, Solanum, Verbena, Yucca and creation of three new schedules (i.e. Anthurium, Cichorium and Epipremnum schedules).	26 April 2018
46	Amendment to the <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> schedule with addition of ' <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter solanacearum' haplotype B, Columbia basin purple top phytoplasma, <i>Pectobacterium polaris</i> and <i>Potato Virus</i> H.	26 June 2018
47	Amendment to the <i>Anthurium</i> and <i>Rosa</i> schedules with additions of measures for <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i>	25 January 2019
48	Amendment to the <i>Araucaria</i> schedule with addition of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> to the "Quarantine Pests" list and also "Conditions for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (section 2.2.1.12), which applies to the members of <i>Broussonetia</i> genus only.	30 January 2019
49	Amendment to the <i>Rosa</i> schedule with addition of measures for <i>Grapevine Pinot gris virus</i>	13 February 2019
50	Amendment to the <i>Acacia</i> and <i>Epipremnum</i> schedules with addition of measures for <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i>	7 March 2019
51	Amendment to the <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> schedule with addition of measures for <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i>	5 August 2019
52	Amendment to the <i>Vaccinium</i> schedule with addition of measures for <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i>	30 August 2019

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53	Amendment to the <i>Actinidia</i> schedule and Section 2.2.1.12 "Measures for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> "	29 November 2019
54	Amendment to the Prunus schedule	23 January 2020
56	Amendment to the Ficus schedule with addition of measures for	07 February 2020
	Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum	•
57	Amendment to the 'Basic entry conditions' 2.2.1.6 (b) to	20 May 2020
	manage regulated plant mites. Amendment of the Calanthe,	
	Dahlia, Tricyrtis, Verbena, Hydrangea, Gentiana schedules	
	with removal of special measures for Tetranychus kanzawai.	
58	Amendment to the <i>Petunia</i> schedule: addition of option for	20 May 2020
	importers to provide a non-GMO declaration to meet the GM	
	requirements for <i>Petunia</i> nursery stock (whole plants, cuttings	
	and tissue cultures), amendment to information required on GM	
	testing certificates for <i>Petunia</i> nursery stock (whole plants, cuttings and tissue cultures), removal of the requirement for an	
	import permit for <i>Petunia</i> tissue cultures.	
59	Amendment to the <i>Arbutus</i> and <i>Metrosideros</i> schedules editing	2 June 2020
37	the <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> note. Amendment to the <i>Chrysanthemum</i> ,	2 June 2020
	Chrysanthemum morifolium and Cichorium schedules to add	
	Xylella fastidiosa measures. Minor amendment to Arbutus,	
	Chrysanthemum, Cichorium and Metrosideros schedules to fix	
	grammatical errors.	
60	Amendment to the Acacia, Aesculus, Petunia, Solanum and	22 July 2020
	Verbena schedules with addition of measures for Columnea	
	latent viroid, Tomato apical stunt viroid and Tomato chlorotic	
	dwarf viroid. Harmonization of measures for Potato spindle	
	tuber viroid on the Chrysanthemum, Dahlia and Diascia	
	schedules. Amendment to the Acacia, Anthurium, Epipremnum,	
	Ficus and Rosa schedules to add acceptable PFPP declaration	
	for <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i> from Costa Rica. Addition of <i>Hoya</i> schedule	
61	Minor amendments to the whole IHS to address inconsistencies,	03 December 2020
01	typos and other administrative changes.	03 December 2020
62	Removal of woody indexing as a requirement in the <i>Malus</i>	2 March 2021
02	schedule of special entry conditions; and a subsequent	2 WIGION 2021
	adjustment to the post entry quarantine period and inspection,	
	testing and treatment requirements table.	
63	Amendment to Chrysanthemum morifolium schedule with	21 June 2021
	addition of measures for Potato spindle tuber viroid (PSTVd).	
64	Correction and addition of formatting, grammar, and guidance	12 August 2021
	in Sections 3 (Vitis, Ficus and Solanum tuberosum), 2.2.1.8,	
	3.3, 1.3, 2.2.1.12, 2.2.2.5, 2.2.1.4 and the Amendment Record	
	(No. 45)	
65	Amendment to the Anthurium, Delphinium and Metrosideros,	6 September 2021
	schedules to add measures for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> on the	
	Callistemon, Clematis, Ocimum and Psidium genera.	0.7
66	Amendment to Citrus, Fortunella and Poncirus schedules	8 December 2021
67	Amendment to section 2.2.1.11 to remove <i>Malus</i> as a host of	20 December 2021
	Phytophthora ramorum	

68	Amendment to the <i>Musa</i> schedule of special entry conditions to	27 Ionuami 2022
08	make a permit a requirement for tissue culture and adding	27 January 2022
	importer guidance	
69	Amendment to the <i>Arbutus</i> and <i>Chrysanthemum</i> schedules	21 February 2022
0,7	editing the <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> note. Amendment to the <i>Viburnum</i>	21 1 cordary 2022
	schedule to add <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> measures.	
70	Added guidance for genera and schedules that might be out of	19 July 2022
70	date.	19 July 2022
71	Amendment to the <i>Calanthe</i> and <i>Phalaenopsis</i> schedules to add	16 August 2022
/ 1	measures for <i>Orchid fleck dichorhavirus</i> (OFV). Creation of one	10 August 2022
	new schedule, <i>Dendrobium</i> , with measures for OFV.	
72	Amendment to the <i>Berberis</i> and <i>Epipremnum</i> schedules to add	13 October 2022
'2	Xylella fastidiosa measures. Amendment to Chrysanthemum	15 0010001 2022
	and Cichorium schedules editing the Xylella fastidiosa note.	
	Amended to the name of the Chrysanthemum morifolium	
	schedule to <i>Chrysanthemum</i> × <i>morifolium</i> and removal of the	
	Xylella fastidiosa note.	
73	Amendment to remove the requirements of Machilus thunbergii	26 October 2022
	and Persea from this IHS.	
74	Amendment to the <i>Dracaena</i> schedule to remove onshore	23 March 2023
	treatment information for whole plants and non-dormant	
	cuttings, transferring it to MPI-ABTRT Approved Biosecurity	
	Treatments. Amendement to recognise India and United	
	Kingdom as <i>Xyella fastidiosa</i> free countries, and Lebanon as a	
	country with X. fastidiosa.	
75	Addition of measures for broad bean wilt virus 2 in the	4 April 2023
	Alstroemeria schedule. Addition of India and South Africa to	
	the approved countries list in the <i>Alstroemeria</i> schedule.	
76	Amendment to the Allium, Arbutus, Carpinus, Clivia,	12 May 2023
	Delphinium, Epipremnum, Mangifera, Miscanthus x gigantus,	
	Paulownia, and Veronica schedules to update Xylella fastidiosa	
	measures.	
7.	Damassad all magnificant and arrives a male data to 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	10 1 1 0000
77		12 July 2023
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	1 , 91	
70		12 July 2022
/0	about Treatment for non-dormant cuttings and whole plants.	12 July 2023
77	Removed all requirements and guidance related to biological indexing and replaced it with ELISA or PCR in the following sections: 2.3.2.1, and the schedules for <i>Fragaria</i> , <i>Malus</i> , <i>Olea</i> , <i>Rubus</i> , <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> , <i>Vaccinium</i> , <i>Vaccinium macrocarpon</i> , and <i>Vitis</i> .  Removed some pests from the schedules for <i>Fragaria</i> , <i>Olea</i> , <i>Rubus</i> , <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> , and <i>Vitis</i> .  Amended the entries for <i>Raspberry ringspot virus</i> to only apply to strains not in New Zealand.  Amendment to clarify the wording in the <i>Dracaena</i> schedule about <i>Treatment for non-dormant cuttings and whole plants</i>	12 July 2023 12 July 2023

79	Amendment to the <i>Vitis</i> schedule adding 3 new pests to be managed by PCR in post-entry quarantine; <i>Grapevine fabavirus</i> , <i>Grapevine leafroll-associated virus</i> 2 Redglobe, and <i>Grapevine virus</i> E. Also removing the option of importing plants derived from open-ground mother plants at MPI-approved offshore	16 October 2023
80	facilities.  Amendment to pesticide treatments for whole plants and cuttings. Aligning with recent changes to the MPI Treatment Requirement <i>Approved Biosecurity Treatments</i> .	16 October 2023
81	Suspension of:  - Ananas comosus whole plants and cuttings only - Artocarpus heterophyllus plants in vitro - Durio zibenthinus, - mangostana, Nephelium lappaceum whole plants, cuttings and plants in vitro - Mangifera indica, Musa spp., Plinia cauliflora whole plants and plants in vitro - Pyrus communis cuttings - Ribes spp. whole plants	16 October 2023
82	Amendment to the import requirements for <i>Ananas comosus</i> , adding requirements for managing <i>Dickeya zeae</i> , <i>Fusarium verticillioides</i> , <i>Pantoea ananantis</i> , <i>Phytophthora cinnamomic</i> , and <i>Phytophthora megakarya</i> .	16 October 2023
83	Updated the guidance plant genera with specific import requirements last imported into New Zealand from 2017 to remove 35 genera.	16 October 2023
84	Amendment to the <i>Acacia</i> schedule, adding import requirements to <i>Malva</i> and <i>Portulaca</i> species to manage <i>Tomato brown</i> rugose fruit virus, and to <i>Portulaca</i> species to manage <i>Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus</i> .	12 January 2024
85	Amendment to the <i>Zingiber</i> schedule, adding import requirements to manage <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i> .	30 January 2024
86	Removed all the requirements for <i>Humulus</i> because they have been updated and moved to a different standard.  Removed requirements for <i>Phytophthora tentaculata</i> from the following schedules: <i>Acacia, Aesculus, Arbutus, Chrysanthemum, Cichorium, Delphinium, Gerbera, Verbena and Veronica</i> .  Amendment to <i>Veronica</i> schedule to update <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> measures.  Added a PCR test option for <i>Diaporthe vaccinii</i> to the <i>Vaccinium</i> schedule.	1 March 2024
87	Minor amendment to the <i>Vitis</i> schedule to clarify that the requirement for Syrah decline only applies to Syrah cultivars of <i>Vitis</i>	8 April 2024

# 1. INTRODUCTION

# 1.1 OFFICIAL CONTACT POINT (NEW ZEALAND NATIONAL PLANT PROTECTION ORGANISATION)

The official contact point in New Zealand for overseas NPPOs is the Ministry for Primary Industries. All communication pertaining to this import health standard should be addressed to:

Ministry for Primary Industries PO Box 2526 34-38 Bowen Street Wellington NEW ZEALAND

Telephone: +64 4 894 5514

E-mail: <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u>
Website: <u>http://www.mpi.govt.nz</u>

#### 1.2 SCOPE

This standard describes the import specifications and entry conditions for nursery stock imported into New Zealand.

#### 1.3 REFERENCES

# New Zealand legislation

- Biosecurity Act 1993
- Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act 1996)

#### Standards issued under the Biosecurity Act 1993

The following standards can be accessed on the website:

https://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/importing/plants/nursery-stock/requirement-documents-for-importing-nursery-stock/

- Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants
- Administrative Standard: Standard for Offshore Facilities Holding and Testing Plants for Planting
- Facility Standard 155.04.03: Standard for Transitional Facilities for the Identification of Organisms

The following standards can be accessed on the website:

http://mpi.govt.nz/importing/plants/seeds-for-sowing/genetically-modified-seeds/

- PIT-GMO-ALGMOT: Approval of Laboratories for Genetically Modified Organism Testing
- Operational Code: Protocol for Testing for the Presence of Genetically Modified Plant Material

The following standard can be accessed on the website:

https://www.mpi.govt.nz/import/border-clearance/transitional-and-containment-facilities-for-border-clearance/find-treatment-options-and-provider/

• Treatment Requirement MPI-ABTRT: Approved Biosecurity Treatments

#### **International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures (ISPM)**

- ISPM 04. Requirements for the establishment of pest free areas
- ISPM 05. Glossary of phytosanitary terms
- ISPM 10. Requirements for the establishment of pest free places of production and pest free production sites
- ISPM 12. Phytosanitary certificates
- ISPM 20. Guidelines for a phytosanitary import regulatory system
- ISPM 24. Guidelines for the determination and recognition of equivalence of phytosanitary measures
- ISPM 27. Diagnostic protocols for regulated pests
- ISPM 43. Requirements for the use of fumigation as a phytosanitary measure

#### 1.4 DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

a.i.: Active ingredient.

Basic: The basic conditions with which all consignments of nursery stock must comply.

**Budwood:** See Cuttings.

**Bulb:** A thickened, vegetative part of a plant in a dormant state, e.g., true bulbs, bulbils, corms, tubers and rhizomes.

**Consignment:** A quantity of plants, plant products or other articles being moved from one country to another and covered, when required, by a single phytosanitary certificate (a consignment may be composed of one of more commodities or lots) [ISPM Pub. No. 05, 2019].

**Country of origin (of a consignment of plants):** Country where the plants were grown [ISPM Pub. No. 05, 2019].

**Cuttings:** A nursery stock commodity sub-class for propagation material from the stem only (no roots). Cuttings may be required to be dormant.

**Dormant:** Temporarily inactive/suspended growth (cuttings of deciduous species should have no leaves; bulbs should have no leaves or roots).

**Environmental Protection Authority (EPA):** Authority responsible for administering the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996.

Free from (of a consignment, field or place of production): Without pests (or a specific pest) in numbers or quantities that can be detected by the application of phytosanitary procedures [ISPM Pub. No. 05, 2019].

**Genetically Modified Organism:** (as defined by the HSNO Act 1996): Any organism in which any of the genes or any other genetic material:

- a. has been modified by in-vitro techniques; or
- b. is inherited or otherwise derived, through any number of replications, from any genes or other genetic material which has been modified by *in-vitro* techniques.

**Graftstick:** See Cuttings.

**Import health standard:** A standard issued under s22 of the New Zealand Biosecurity Act 1993 by the Director-General on the recommendation of a Chief Technical Officer, specifying the requirements to be met for the effective management of risks associated with the importation of risk goods.

**Import Permit:** Official document authorizing importation of a commodity in accordance with specified phytosanitary requirements (Note: Permits for imports into New Zealand are issued by the Ministry for Primary Industries).

**Inspector:** Inspector under the Biosecurity Act 1993.

**International Plant Protection Convention:** International Plant Protection Convention, as deposited with FAO (Food and Agricultural Organization of the United Nations) in Rome in 1951 and as subsequently amended [ISPM Pub. No. 05, 2019].

**IPPC:** International Plant Protection Convention.

**International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures:** An international standard adopted by the Conference of FAO, the Interim Commission on Phytosanitary Measures or the Commission on Phytosanitary Measures, established under the IPPC [ISPM Pub. No. 05, 2019].

**ISPM:** International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures.

Level 1 (L1), Level 2 (L2), Level 3 (L3), Level 3A (L3A) or Level 3B (L3B) Quarantine: A system of post entry quarantine screening whereby nursery stock is grown under certain specified conditions on a property and by a person registered by MPI (see Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants).

**Lot:** A number of units of a single commodity identifiable by its homogeneity of composition, origin etc., forming part of a consignment [ISPM Pub. No. 05, 2019].

**MPI**: The Ministry for Primary Industries, formerly the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry (MAF).

**Maximum Pest Limit (MPL):** The maximum level of infestation/contamination allowed within a consignment.

**National Plant Protection Organisation:** Official service established by a government to discharge the functions specified by the IPPC [ISPM Pub. No. 05, 2019; formerly Plant Protection Organization (National)].

Non-dormant: Normal state of plant growth, not in suspended growth.

**NPPO:** National Plant Protection Organisation.

**Nursery Stock:** Whole plants or parts of plants imported for growing purposes, e.g. cuttings, scions, budwood, marcots, off-shoots, root divisions, bulbs, corms, tubers, rhizomes and plants *in vitro*.

**Permit to Import:** See Import permit.

**Pest:** Any species, strain or biotype of plant, animal or pathogenic agent injurious to plants or plant products [ISPM Pub. No. 05, 2019].

Note: For the purpose of this standard "pest" includes an organism sometimes associated with the pathway, which poses a risk to human or animal or plant life or health (SPS Article 2).

**Pest free area:** An area in which a specific pest does not occur as demonstrated by scientific evidence and in which, where appropriate, this condition is being officially maintained [ISPM Pub. No. 05, 2019].

**Pest free place of production:** Place of production in which a specific pest does not occur as demonstrated by scientific evidence and in which, where appropriate, this condition is being officially maintained for a defined period [ISPM Pub. No. 10, 1999].

**Pest free production site:** A production site in which a specific pest is absent, as demonstrated by scientific evidence, and in which, where appropriate, this condition is being officially maintained for a defined period [ISPM 10, 1999; revised CPM, 2015]

**Phytosanitary Certificate:** Certificate patterned after the model certificates of the IPPC [ISPM Pub. No. 05, 2019The certificate must follow the pattern set out in the model phytosanitary certificate, ISPM Pub. No. 12, 2001, "Guidelines for phytosanitary certificate". The certificate is issued by the exporting country's NPPO, in accordance with the requirements of the IPPC, to verify that the requirements of the relevant import health standard have been met.

**Plants:** Living plants and parts thereof, including seeds and germplasm [ISPM Pub. No. 05, 2019].

**Plants Biosecurity Index (PBI):** A database of plant species that have been approved by EPA and that may be imported provided they meet certain conditions. The PBI can be found at the following web address: MPI Plants Biosecurity Index

**Plants in tissue culture:** Plants *in vitro* that have been prepared as tissue culture from one parent by asexual reproduction (clonal techniques) under sterile conditions.

**Plants** *in vitro*: A commodity class for plants growing in an aseptic medium in a closed container [ISPM Pub. No. 05, 2019; formerly plants in tissue culture].

**Post Entry Quarantine (PEQ):** The quarantine conditions [Level 1 (open field facility), Level 2 (aquarium, greenhouse, or tissue culture facility), Level 3 (tissue culture facility), Level 3A (greenhouse facility), Level 3B (greenhouse facility)] under which nursery stock must be grown.

Quarantine Pests (Regulated Organisms): Pests (organisms) for which phytosanitary actions would be undertaken if they were intercepted/detected. These include new organisms as defined by the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996.

Scionwood: See Cuttings.

**Unit:** The basic element selected for sampling. For nursery stock this unit may be a plant, bulb or cutting. For tissue cultures it is the vessel containing the cultures.

Whole Plants: A nursery stock commodity sub-class for rooted cuttings and whole plants (mature plants with developed roots).

#### 1.5 GENERAL

Plant species for which entry conditions or import health standards have been developed are listed alphabetically in MPI's Plants Biosecurity Index.

If a species is not listed in the Plants Biosecurity Index, it means that conditions for import into New Zealand have not been developed. For new organisms (species), including genetically modified organisms, as defined in the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996, an application has to be made to the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) at the following address:

Environmental Protection Authority Private Bag 63002 Wellington 6140 NEW ZEALAND

Phone: +64 4 916 2426 E-mail: <u>info@epa.govt.nz</u> Website: <u>http://www.epa.govt.nz</u>

If a plant species is not included in the Plants Biosecurity Index, but is considered by an importer to be established in New Zealand, the applicant should provide information, including supporting evidence capable of being verified, to EPA.

#### **Guidance:**

If EPA approves an application, MPI will prioritise it alongside other tasks and will undertake a pest risk analysis and develop an import health standard in accordance with the requirements of the Biosecurity Act 1993. Pest risk analyses may be undertaken at the importer's expense. For inquiries regarding pest risk analyses, please contact MPI at the address given below.

The Ministry for Primary Industries can also be contacted for information on permit application procedures and import health standards. Address for the Plant Imports Team:

Ministry for Primary Industries PO Box 2526 34-38 Bowen Street Wellington NEW ZEALAND

Telephone: +64 4 894 5514

E-mail: <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> Website: <u>http://www.mpi.govt.nz</u>

#### Guidance:

#### Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora

The importation of plants and plant products of some plant species is regulated under the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES), of which New Zealand is a signatory. Regulated plant species, where appropriate, must be accompanied by a valid CITES export permit issued by the appropriate management authority in the country of export. Additional information can be obtained at: http://www.cites.org

A CITES import permit, issued by the Department of Conservation, may also be required by New Zealand legislation for specimens of selected species. To confirm whether a specific species requires a CITES import permit, please contact the Department of Conservation (<a href="https://www.doc.govt.nz">https://www.doc.govt.nz</a>).

#### Equivalence

It is expected that the product will meet the conditions of this import health standard in every respect. If the product does not comply with the requirements, an application for equivalence may be submitted to MPI for consideration prior to importation. This must explain the reason(s) why the consignment may be considered of equivalent phytosanitary status to this import health standard, and what proposal is made to achieve an equivalent phytosanitary status.

# 2. IMPORT SPECIFICATION AND ENTRY CONDITIONS

# 2.1 INSPECTION ON ARRIVAL AND MAXIMUM PEST LIMIT

A randomly drawn sample of 600 units, from each homogenous lot in a consignment, shall be inspected on arrival. Where a lot is comprised of less than 600 units, 100% inspection is required.

Infestation by visually detectable quarantine pests on inspection at the border must not exceed the Maximum Pest Limit (MPL) which is currently set at 0.5%. To achieve a 95% level of confidence that the MPL will not be exceeded, no infested units are permitted in a randomly drawn sample of 600 units (i.e. acceptance number = 0).

# 2.2 ENTRY CONDITIONS

All imported nursery stock must comply with the following requirements:

a) **Basic Conditions** that apply to all nursery stock, as indicated in the Plants Biosecurity Index and outlined in Section 2.2.1 and 2.2.2.

AND

b) **Special Conditions** that apply to particular types of nursery stock, as indicated in the Plants Biosecurity Index and outlined in the **Schedule of Special Conditions**.

#### 2.2.1 BASIC CONDITIONS

# 2.2.1.1 Types of Nursery Stock that may be imported

Nursery stock requiring only basic entry conditions may be imported as any of the following types:

- cuttings (dormant and/or non-dormant);
- whole plants (including rooted cuttings);
- dormant bulbs and tubers or;
- tissue culture (see section 2.2.2).

#### 2.2.1.2 Import Permit

An import permit is required unless specified otherwise in section 2.2.2 or a schedule of special conditions.

#### Guidance:

To apply for a permit, complete the Form "Application for permit to import nursery stock or seed for sowing" available from MPI's website:

https://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/dmsdocument/36648-application-for-permit-to-import-nursery-stock-or-seed-for-sowing

The completed form should be sent to PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz.

#### 2.2.1.3 Labelling

Each type of plant in the consignment must be clearly identified with its scientific name (genus and species).

#### 2.2.1.4 Cleanliness

Only inert/synthetic material may be used for the protection, packaging and shipping materials of the nursery stock. Consignments contaminated with soil shall be treated, reshipped or destroyed. The interception of other extraneous matter, where it cannot be readily removed, may result in reshipment or destruction of the consignment.

#### Guidance:

- Coco peat, peat or Sphagnum moss used as packaging material for nursery stock must comply with the requirements of the <u>Fertilisers and Growing Media of Plant Origin import health standard</u> in order to be compliant with the import health standard 155.06.02: Importation of Nursery Stock.
- Please note, "packaging material" should only be used for supporting, protecting or carrying a commodity as defined in the International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures (ISPM) 5: Glossary

# 2.2.1.5 Phytosanitary Certificate

Consignments must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate certifying that the nursery stock has been inspected in the exporting country in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests, and conforms with New Zealand's current import requirements. If visually detectable pests are found which are not listed in the import health standard, the certifying NPPO must establish their regulatory status prior to issuing the certificate. This information is available in MPI's "Biosecurity Organisms Register for Imported Commodities".

If a visually detectable pest is not listed in this register, the certifying NPPO must contact MPI (see section 1.1) to establish the regulatory status of the pest.

# 2.2.1.6 Pesticide treatments for whole plants and cuttings

(a) For whole plants the phytosanitary certificate must have the following additional declaration, unless stated otherwise in the "schedule of special conditions":

"The plants were raised from seed/cuttings in soil-less rooting media in containers maintained out of contact with the soil".

#### OR

"The roots of the plants have been dipped in fenamiphos at 1.6g a.i. per litre of water for 30 minutes".

# (b) All whole plants and cuttings must be treated for insects and mites as follows, unless stated otherwise in the "schedule of special conditions":

#### **Insects**

One of the following three treatments is required:

(1) Methyl bromide:

Apply one of the treatment options from the table below:

CT	Initial	Minimum end	Temperature	Time	Comments
	dose	point dose	(°C)		
74	$48 \text{ g/m}^3$	$28.8 \text{ g/m}^3$	10-15	2 hrs	The treatment must
62	$40 \text{ g/m}^3$	24 g/m <sup>3</sup>	16-20	2 hrs	achieve the CT product,
50	$32 \text{ g/m}^3$	19.2 g/m <sup>3</sup>	21-27	2 hrs	minimum concentration,
37.2	$28 \text{ g/m}^3$	14.4 g/m <sup>3</sup>	28-32	2 hrs	temperature, and time
		_			listed. Used packaging is
					to be dipped or fumigated
					as per FVT9* or
					destroyed

<sup>\*</sup>See the ABTRT for more details

#### **Guidance:**

- While a number of combinations of time and initial concentration may be used to achieve the minimum requirements (CT and minimum final concentration (g/m³)) of the treatment, care must be taken to avoid phytotoxicity. Phytotoxic effects of the treatment may increase when a higher initial concentration at lower temperature and reduced duration is used.
- It is the importers responsibility to choose which 'duration of treatment (time (h))' option will be undertaken.
- The importer undertakes treatments at their own risk (see legal disclaimer in Approved Biosecurity Treatments (ABTRT))

The concentration-time product (CT) utilized for methyl bromide treatment in this standard is the sum of the fumigant concentration readings (g/m³) over time (h). This is in accordance with ISPM 43: Requirements for the use of fumigation as a phytosanitary measure.

#### OR

(2) Hot water treatment/chemical treatment (dormant material only): immersion in hot water at a constant temperature of 24°C for at least 2 hours, followed by immersion in hot water at a constant temperature of at least 45°C for at least 3 hours (period required at the stated temperatures excluding warm-up times). Immersion in chlorpyrifos dip (2.4 g a.i. per litre of dip or as per manufacturer's recommendations) containing a non-ionic surfactant for 2 minutes with agitation. The treatment time must be increased to 5 minutes if bubbles remain present on the plant surface. The dip solution must be used no more than twice or as per manufacturer's recommendations. The chlorpyrifos dip may be incorporated in the hot water treatment.

#### OR

# (3) Chemical treatment:

Apply two active ingredients via spraying or dipping, one organophosphate and one from another different chemical group listed below:

Treatment/ Chemical	Active ingredient (a.i.)	Application Rate (g a.i./L)	Time	Comments
Organophosphate	Acephate	0.75	2-5 mins	Dip/spray at room
	Chlorpyrifos	0.8		temperature. Refer to pesticide label to
	Dimethoate	0.5 to 1.9		check the need for
	Malathion	1.5	]	surfactants, the suitability for
	Pirimiphos-methyl	0.475	]	specific species.
Carbamate	Carbaryl	1.2	]	See <b>Note</b> below.
Diamide	Cyantraniliprole	0.15	]	
Diacylhydrazine	Tebufenozide	0.06	]	
Neonicotinoid	Imidacloprid	0.16	]	
	Thiacloprid	0.16	]	
Synthetic	Deltamethrin	0.025	15 mins	
pyrethroid	Esfenvalerate	0.03		
	Fenvalerate	0.03		
	Lambda- cyhalothrin	0.05		
Spinosyns	Spinosad	0.048	2-5 mins	

**Note:** The above contact and systemic insecticidal dips may be used instead of fumigation, but only if the used packaging material is separately fumigated (FVT8) or destroyed. Plants are to be immersed completely or all surfaces sprayed to runoff. For dipping, the treatment time is normally 2 mins (except those requiring 15 mins) but must be increased to 5 mins if bubbles remain present on the plant surface. The chemicals, if compatible, may be combined as a single treatment. Dip solutions must be used no more than twice or as per manufacturer's recommendations

# Mites (non-diapausing)

Treatment must be completed either offshore prior to export or on arrival in New Zealand at the importer's expense.

- If performed offshore, the exporting country NPPO must endorse the treatments applied in the disinfestation and/or disinfection treatment section of the phytosanitary certificate including active ingredient/s of the chemical/s used, rate of application, mode of application (i.e. dipping or spraying with a surfactant), treatment time (i.e. how long the treatment was applied for) and date of application.
- If performed on arrival (on-shore), plant material must be treated at an MPI approved facility in accordance with <u>Approved Biosecurity Treatments</u> (ABTRT) by an <u>MPI-Approved Treatment Provider</u>.
- A copy of the chemical label must be supplied if different to the table below.

One of the following two treatments is required:

# (1) Methyl bromide:

Apply one of the treatment options from the table below:

CT	Initial dose	Minimum endpoint dose	Temperature (°C)	Time	Comments
120	68 g/m <sup>3</sup>	51 g/m <sup>3</sup>	10-15	2 hrs	The treatment must
100	57 g/m <sup>3</sup>	43 g/m <sup>3</sup>	16-20		achieve the CT product,
85	48 g/m <sup>3</sup>	$36 \text{ g/m}^3$	21-27		minimum
70	40 g/m <sup>3</sup>	$30 \text{ g/m}^3$	28-32		concentration,
120	56 g/m <sup>3</sup>	41 g/m <sup>3</sup>	10-15	2.5 hrs	temperature, and time listed. Used packaging is to be dipped or fumigated as per FVT9* or destroyed
100	48 g/m <sup>3</sup>	$35 \text{ g/m}^3$	16-20		
85	40 g/m <sup>3</sup>	29 g/m <sup>3</sup>	21-27		
70	32 g/m <sup>3</sup>	23 g/m <sup>3</sup>	28-32		
120	48 g/m <sup>3</sup>	$34 \text{ g/m}^3$	10-15	3 hrs	
100	40 g/m <sup>3</sup>	28 g/m <sup>3</sup>	16-20		
85	$34 \text{ g/m}^3$	24 g/m <sup>3</sup>	21-27		
70	28 g/m <sup>3</sup>	20 g/m <sup>3</sup>	28-32		

<sup>\*</sup>See the ABTRT for more details

Note: This treatment can be applied to manage both insects and mites. When this treatment is used to manage mites, Methyl bromide treatment for insects mentioned above is not required.

#### Guidance:

- While a number of combinations of time and initial concentration may be used to achieve the minimum requirements (CT and minimum final concentration (g/m³)) of the treatment, care must be taken to avoid phytotoxicity. Phytotoxic effects of the treatment may increase when a higher initial concentration at lower temperature and reduced duration is used.
- It is the importers responsibility to choose which 'duration of treatment (time (h))' option will be undertaken.

• The importer undertakes treatments at their own risk (see legal disclaimer in Approved Biosecurity Treatments (ABTRT))

The concentration-time product (CT) utilized for methyl bromide treatment in this standard is the sum of the fumigant concentration (g/m³) over time (h). This is in accordance with ISPM 43: Requirements for the use of fumigation as a phytosanitary measure.

#### OR

# (2) Chemical treatment:

Apply one of the following treatments (containing one or two active ingredients) via spraying or dipping:

Treatment/ Chemical	Active ingredient (a.i.)	Application Rate (g a.i./L)	Time	Comments
Acequinocyl		0.15	2-5	Dip/spray at room
Chlorfenapyr		0.087	mins	temperature. Refer to pesticide label
Abamectin + pyrio	daben	0.012 + 0.34		to
Abamectin + spiro	omesifen	0.012 + 0.152		check the need for surfactants, the
Emamectin benzoate + pyridaben		0.002 + 0.34	suitability	*
Emamectin benzoate + spiromesifen		0.002 + 0.152		for specific species
Fenazaquin + pyridaben		0.5 + 0.34		See <b>Note</b> below
Fenazaquin + spir	omesifen	0.5 + 0.152		

**Note**: Chemical treatment may be used instead of fumigation but only if the used packaging material is separately fumigated or destroyed. Treatments may be in the form of spray, or preferably immerse the item in a dip(s) with agitation, according to the following conditions:

- Dipping the treatment time is normally 2 mins but must be increased to 5 mins if bubbles remain present on the plant surface. Dip solutions must be used no more than twice or as per manufacturer's recommendations. All treatments must be carried out in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations using either the recommended label rate or the rates shown in the table above; or
- Spraying all surfaces of the plant must be sprayed to the point of runoff (including the under surfaces of leaves). Packing material (arriving with the plant) must be treated the same as the product or destroyed

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section of the phytosanitary certificate.

## 2.2.1.7 Pesticide treatments for dormant bulbs

These treatments are only required for dormant bulbs if specifically stated in the "schedule of special conditions" or section 2.4:

#### **Insects**

One of the following four treatments is required:

(1) Methyl bromide fumigation: fumigation for 2 hours at atmospheric pressure at one of the following combinations of rate  $(g/m^3)$  and temperature (°C):

Rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> )	Temperature (°C)
48	10 – 15
40	16 – 20
32	21 – 27
28	28 - 32

#### OR

(2) Actellic room fumigation: 10 cc Actellic/10m<sup>3</sup> of room capacity for 12 hours at 20°C or higher. The first treatment should take place within 14 days after harvesting. Repeat the treatment two more times within an interval of 4 weeks.

#### OR

(3) Hot water treatment/chemical treatment: immersion in hot water at a constant temperature of 24°C for 2 hours, followed by immersion in hot water at a constant temperature of 45°C for 3 hours (period required at the stated temperatures excluding warm-up times). Immersion in chlorpyrifos dip (2.4g a.i. per litre of dip) containing a non-ionic surfactant for 2 minutes with agitation. The treatment time must be increased to 5 minutes if bubbles remain present on the bulb surface. The dip solution must be used no more than twice or as per manufacturer's recommendations. The chlorpyrifos dip may be incorporated in the hot water treatment.

#### OR

(4) Chemical treatment: immersion in a dip(s) containing two active ingredients chosen from the table below, one belonging to the organophosphorous chemical group and the other from a different group, with agitation according to the prescribed conditions. The treatment time is normally 2 minutes but must be increased to 5 minutes if bubbles remain present on the bulb surface. The dip solution must be used no more than twice or as per manufacturer's recommendations.

Chemical group	Active ingredient	Time	Notes
Neonicotinoid	Thiacloprid/Imidacloprid (0.16 g per litre of dip)	2-5 mins	Non-ionic surfactant required
Organophosphorous	Diazinon (0.5 g per litre of dip)	2-5 mins	-
Organophosphorous	Pirimiphos-methyl (2.5-3.25 g per litre of dip)	2-5 mins	Non-ionic surfactant required
Phenylpyrazole	Fipronil (40 mg per litre of dip)	2-5 mins	Non-ionic surfactant required

#### Mites

One of the following four treatments is required:

(1) Methyl bromide fumigation: fumigation for 2 hours at atmospheric pressure at one of the following combinations of rate (g/m³) and temperature (°C):

Rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> )	Temperature (°C)
48	10 – 15
40	16 – 20
32	21 – 27
28	28 – 32

#### OR

(2) Actellic room fumigation: 10 cc Actellic/10m<sup>3</sup> of room capacity for 12 hours at 20°C or higher. The first treatment should take place within 14 days after harvesting. Repeat the treatment two more times within an interval of 4 weeks.

#### OR

(3) Hot water treatment: immersion in hot water at a constant temperature of 24°C for 2 hours, followed by immersion in hot water at a constant temperature of 45°C for 3 hours (period required at the stated temperatures excluding warm-up times).

#### OR

(4) Chemical treatment: immersion in a dip(s) with agitation, according to the following conditions. The bulbs must be sprayed/dipped using either Abamectin or two active ingredients belonging to different chemical groups chosen from the table below. The treatment time is normally 2 minutes but must be increased to 5 minutes if bubbles remain present on the bulb surface. Dip solutions must be used no more than twice or as per manufacturer's recommendations. All treatments must be carried out in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations using either the recommended label rate or the rates shown in the table below.

Chemical group	Active ingredient	Dip time	Notes
Avermectin	Abamectin (0.009 g per litre of dip/spray)	2-5 mins	Non-ionic surfactant required for dipping
Organia al la mina	Dicofol	2-5 mins	required for dipping
Organochlorine	210101	Z-3 IIIIIS	
Organophosphorous	Acephate (0.75 g per litre of dip/spray)	2-5 mins	Non-dormant material only
Organophosphorous	Chlorpyrifos (2.4 g per litre of dip/spray)	2-5 mins	Non-ionic surfactant
			required for dipping
Organophosphorous	Dimethoate	2-5 mins	Non-dormant material only
Organophosphorous	Pirimiphos-methyl (0.475 g per litre of	2-5 mins	Non-ionic surfactant
	dip/spray)		required for dipping

#### Nematodes

Both of the following treatments are required:

(1) Methyl bromide fumigation: fumigation for 2 hours at atmospheric pressure at one of the following combinations of rate  $(g/m^3)$  and temperature (°C):

Rate (g/m <sup>3</sup> )	Temperature (°C)
48	10 – 15
40	16 – 20
32	21 – 27
28	28 – 32

#### OR

Hot water treatment: immersion in hot water at a constant temperature of 24°C for 2 hours, followed by immersion in hot water at a constant temperature of 45°C for 4 hours (period required at the stated temperatures excluding warm-up times).

#### **AND**

(2) Chemical treatment: immersion in fenamiphos (1g a.i. per litre of dip) for 1 hour.

# <u>Fungi</u>

Both of the following treatments are required:

(1) Chemical treatment: immersion in a dip containing one of the following active ingredients, with agitation according to the prescribed conditions. The dip solution must be used no more than twice or as per manufacturer's recommendations. All treatments must be carried out in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations using either the recommended label rate or the rates shown in the table below.

Active ingredient	Dip time	Notes
Bromo-chloro-dimethylhydantoin (8.1-16 g per	5 mins	
litre of dip)		
Formaldehyde (0.4%)	2 hours	Dip at room temperature
Peroxyacetic acid (80 ppm)	5 mins	Dip at room temperature
		Wetting agent required
Sodium hypochlorite (10%), pH 6.5-7	5 mins	Dip at room temperature

#### **AND**

(2) Hot water treatment/chemical treatment: immersion in hot water at a constant temperature of 24°C for 2 hours, followed by immersion in hot water at a constant temperature of 45°C for 3 hours (period required at the stated temperatures excluding warm-up times). Immersion in thiabendazole dip (1-1.3g a.i. per litre of dip) containing a wetting agent for 15-30 minutes with agitation. The dip solution must be used no more than twice or as per manufacturer's recommendations. The thiabendazole dip may be incorporated in the hot water treatment;

#### OR

Chemical treatment: immersion in a dip(s) containing two active ingredients belonging to different chemical groups chosen from the table below, with agitation according to the prescribed conditions. The dip solution must be used no more than twice or as per manufacturer's recommendations. All treatments must be carried out in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations using either the recommended label rate or the rates shown in the table below.

Chemical group	Active ingredient	Dip time	Notes
Benzimidazole	Thia bendazole (1-1.3 g per litre of dip)	15-30 mins	Dip at room temperature
			Wetting agent required
Benzimidazole	Thiophanate-methyl (0.75 g per litre of dip)	15-30 mins	Dip at 27-29.5°C
Dimethyldithio- carbamate	Thiram (11.2 g per litre of dip)	-	Dip at room temperature
Imidazole	Prochloraz (0.25 g per litre of dip)	15 mins	Dip at room temperature
Strobilurin	Azoxystrobin (0.95 g per litre of dip)	15 mins	Dip at room temperature

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section of the phytosanitary certificate.

# 2.2.1.8 Measures for *Ceratocystis fimbriata sensu lato* complex (strains not in New Zealand)

Note: The only known strain of *C. fimbriata* present in New Zealand is the *Ipomoea* strain, which is restricted to members of the *Ipomoea* genus.

All species of nursery stock (cuttings, whole plants, dormant bulbs and tubers) of the following genera must meet the requirements for Ceratocystis fimbriata sensu lato complex (strains not in New Zealand) identified in this section:

- Acacia
- Alocasia
- Ananas
- Annona
- Betula
- Carva
- Cassia
- Celtis
- Colocasia
- Corymbia
- Eriobotrya
- Erythrina

- Eucalyptus
- Fagus
- Ficus carica
- Inga
- Juglans
- Mangifera
- Metrosideros
- Metroxylon
- Ostrva
- Passiflora
- Pimenta
- Populus

- Protea
- Punica
- Ouercus
- Schizolobium
- Schotia
- Spathodea
- Styrax
- Syngonium
- Tilia
- Ulmus
- Xanthosoma

# i) For countries recognised by MPI as free from *Ceratocystis fimbriata sensu lato* complex (strains not in New Zealand)

The following Additional Declaration shall be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

"The plants have been sourced from a country free from *Ceratocystis fimbriata sensu lato* complex (strains not in New Zealand)"

Note: Countries where *Ceratocystis fimbriata sensu lato* complex is known to be present:
Australia, Brazil, Canada, China, Colombia, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Ecuador, Fiji, Guatemala, India, Indonesia, Jamaica, Japan, Kenya, Malawi, Malaysia, Mexico, Myanmar, Oman, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Poland, South Africa, Suriname, Taiwan, Tanzania, Thailand, Uganda, United States, Uruguay, Venezuela, Vietnam, Western Samoa, Zambia.

# ii) For countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Ceratocystis fimbriata* sensu lato complex (strains not in New Zealand)

The phytosanitary certificate must have the following additional declaration: "The plants have been sourced from a state/province free from *Ceratocystis fimbriata* sensu lato complex (strains not in New Zealand) or from a Pest Free Place of Production free from *Ceratocystis fimbriata sensu lato* complex (strains not in New Zealand)"

# AND

The plants must be tested for *Ceratocystis fimbriata sensu lato* complex (strains not in New Zealand) during the post entry quarantine period, at an MPI approved diagnostic facility.

# iii) For nursery stock sourced from MPI approved offshore facilities

Specific measures are detailed in the agreement between MPI and the approved facility, or the plants must be tested for the *C. fimbriata sensu lato* complex (strains not in New Zealand) during the post entry quarantine period, at an MPI approved diagnostic facility.

# 2.2.1.9 Measures for *Helicobasidium mompa*

ALL species of nursery stock (whole plants, cuttings and dormant bulbs) from the listed countries must meet the requirements of this section, unless stated otherwise in the "schedule of special conditions".

# A. For nursery stock from the following countries:

Afghanistan	Iraq	Nepal	Sri Lanka
Armenia	Israel	Oman	Syria
Bangladesh	Jordan	Pakistan	Turkey
Bhutan	Kuwait	Philippines	United Arab Emirates
Brunei	Laos	Saudi Arabia	Vietnam
Cambodia	Lebanon	Singapore	Yemen
Iran	Myanmar		

#### For whole plants, cuttings and dormant bulbs:

(i) the phytosanitary certificate must have the following additional declaration: "The nursery stock has been sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Helicobasidium mompa*".

# B. For nursery stock from the following countries:

·		0	
Azerbaijan	Kazakhstan	Russia	Turkmenistan
China	Kyrgyzstan	South Africa	Uganda
Georgia	Malawi	South Korea	Uzbekistan
India	Malaysia	Taiwan	
Indonesia	Mongolia	Tajikistan	
Japan	North Korea	Thailand	

#### a) For dormant bulbs:

(i) the phytosanitary certificate must have the following additional declaration:
"The dormant bulbs have been sourced from a 'pest free area'or 'pest free place of production', free from *Helicobasidium mompa*"

# b) For whole plants and cuttings:

(i) the phytosanitary certificate must have the following additional declaration:
"The nursery stock has been sourced from a 'pest free area" or 'pest free place of production', free from *Helicobasidium mompa*"

#### AND

(ii) the consignment must be treated for the fungus as follows, unless the nursery stock requires Level 3B PEQ as stated in the "Schedule of special entry conditions":

#### Both of the following treatments are required:

(1) Chemical treatment: spray, or preferably immerse in a dip(s) with agitation, using one of the below active ingredients according to the following conditions. For dipping, the treatment

time is 5 minutes. Dip solutions must be used no more than twice or as per manufacturer's recommendations. All treatments must be carried out in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations using either the recommended label rate or the rates shown in the table below.

Active ingredient	Dip time	Notes
Bromo-chloro-dimethylhydantoin (8.1-16 mg per	5 mins	
litre of dip/spray)		
Peroxyacetic acid (80 ppm)	5 mins	Dip at room temperature
		Wetting agent required
Sodium hypochlorite (10%), pH 6.5-7	5 mins	Dip at room temperature

#### **AND**

(2) Hot water treatment/chemical treatment (dormant material only): immersion in hot water at a constant temperature of 24°C for 2 hours, followed by immersion in hot water at a constant temperature of 45°C for 3 hours (period required at the stated temperatures excluding warm-up times). Immersion in thiabendazole dip (1-1.3g a.i. per litre of dip) containing a wetting agent for 15-30 minutes with agitation. The dip solution must be used no more than twice or as per manufacturer's recommendations. The thiabendazole dip may be incorporated in the hot water treatment;

#### OR

Chemical treatment: spray, or preferably immerse in a dip(s) with agitation, according to the following conditions. The plants must be sprayed/dipped using two active ingredients belonging to different chemical groups chosen from the table below. Dip solutions must be used no more than twice or as per manufacturer's recommendations. All treatments must be carried out in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations using either the recommended label rate or the rates shown in the table below.

Chemical group	Active ingredient	Dip time	Notes
Anilinopyrimidine	Pyrimethanil	15 mins	Dip at room
			temperature
Benzimidole	Carbendazim (1 g per litre of dip/spray)	20 mins	
Benzimidole	Thiophanate-methyl	10-15 mins	
Chloronitrile	Chlorothalonil	15 mins	Dip at room
			temperature
Dicarboximide	Iprodione (2 g per litre of dip/spray)	30 mins	
Dimethyldithio-	Thiram (11.2 g per litre of dip)	-	Dip at room
carbamate			temperature
Phenylurea	Pencycuron	15 mins	
Phosphonate	Fosetyl-aluminium	15 mins	Dip at room
•	·		temperature
Strobilurin	Azoxystrobin (0.95 g per litre of dip)	15 mins	Dip at room
			temperature
Triazole	Propiconazole (0.5 g per litre of dip)	5 mins	

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section of the phytosanitary certificate.

# 2.2.1.10 Measures for *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*

# ALL species of whole plants from the listed countries must meet the requirements of this section.

For whole plants (including rooted cuttings) from Brazil, Mexico, United States of America, or Venezuela, the phytosanitary certificate must have the following additional declaration: "The nursery stock has been sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

#### Guidance:

All consignments must meet the basic conditions listed here unless a variation to these conditions is specified in section 3 Schedule of Special Entry Conditions.

# 2.2.1.11 Measures for Phytophthora ramorum

All nursery stock imported under the schedules listed below, as well as the additional listed genera and/or species/cultivars, are potential hosts of Phytophthora ramorum and must meet the requirements specified in this section.

All species imported under the following schedules must meet the requirements for *Phytophthora ramorum* identified in this section:

- Abies
- Acer
- Aesculus
- Arbutus
- Berberis
- Carpinus
- Castanea
- Corylus
- Cotoneaster

- Eucalyptus
- Fagus
- Fagus sylvatica
- Fuchsia
- Gaultheria
- Kalmia
- *Lithocarpus densiflorus*
- Olea
- Photinia

- Populus
- Pseudotsuga
- Quercus
- Rhododendron
- Rubus
- Salix
- Ulmus
- Viburnum

All the following genera/species/cultivars must meet the requirements for *Phytophthora* ramorum identified in this section:

- Alnus
- Annona
- Betula
- Buddleja
- Camellia
- Camellia sinensis
- Celtis
- Cercis
- Ceratonia
- Chamaecyparis
- Chimaphila
- Choisya
- Cistus
- Clematis

- Empetrum
- Erica
- Garrya
- Gevuina
- Grevillea
- Hedera
- Hydrangea
- Ilex
- Larix
- Liriodendron
- Loropetalum
- Mahonia
- Manglietia
- Nerium

- Ribes
- Robinia
- Rosa cultivar Pink Meidiland
- Rosa cultivar Pink Sevillana
- Rosa cultivar Royal Bonica
- Rosa gymnocarpa
- Rosa rugosa
- Rosa sempervirens
- Sambucus
- Tilia
- Tsuga

• Cornus

• Picea

Veronica spicata

CorylopsisDistylium

Pistacia

Zenobia

# Guidance:

*Vaccinium* species are identified as hosts and have specific measures under the *Vaccinium* Schedule of Special Entry Conditions to manage the risk.

# i) For countries recognised by MPI as free of *Phytophthora ramorum*

The following Additional Declaration shall be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

"The plants have been sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Phytophthora ramorum*"

Note: The following countries are presently recognised by MPI as free of *Phytophthora ramorum*:

Australia, Israel, Japan, and South Africa.

# ii) For countries with MPI approved programs (see below)

The following Additional Declaration shall be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

"The plants have been sourced from a NZ MPI approved 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora ramorum*"

Note: No countries presently have MPI approved 'pest free place of production' programmes for *Phytophthora ramorum*.

Countries wishing to export *Phytophthora ramorum* host material to New Zealand under option ii are required to develop a *Phytophthora ramorum* 'pest free place of production' program and present it to MPI for evaluation. Prior to accepting a program, MPI Plant Imports will evaluate whether they meet the criteria below:

- systems to establish and maintain pest freedom;
- systems to establish and maintain an appropriate buffer zone (as defined by ISPM 10);
- verification that pest freedom has been attained or maintained. This must include laboratory testing of propagative material, water, soil or other growing media, and other material coming into contact with propagative material; and
- product identity, consignment integrity and phytosanitary security.

#### iii) For nursery stock sourced from MPI approved offshore facilities

Specific measures are detailed in the agreement between MPI and the approved facility.

#### 2.2.1.12 Measures for Xylella fastidiosa

The following measures only apply to nursery stock (whole plants, cuttings and dormant bulbs) identified within the schedule of special conditions as hosts of Xylella fastidiosa.

#### Guidance:

1. All consignments of *Xylella fastidiosa* host whole plants, cuttings, and dormant bulbs must meet the conditions listed here unless a variation to these conditions is specified in section 3 "Schedule of special entry conditions".

# i) For countries recognised by MPI as free from Xylella fastidiosa

All phytosanitary certificates must be endorsed with the following additional declaration:

"The plants in this consignment have only been grown in, and exported from, the country of origin [insert country name], which is free from Xylella fastidiosa"

# ii) For countries not recognised by MPI as free from Xylella fastidiosa

'1. Additional declaration' AND '2. Pre-determined testing in post entry quarantine' must be met for nursery stock imported under this option.

#### 1. Additional declaration:

All phytosanitary certificates must be endorsed with the following additional declaration:

"The plants in this consignment have only been grown in, and exported from, a 'pest free area' [insert area name] or 'pest free place of production' [insert place name], which is free from Xylella fastidiosa"

# 2. Pre-determined testing in post entry quarantine:

**PEQ:** Level 2 (unless a higher level of PEQ is required in the schedule of special conditions)

#### Minimum period: 6 months

The plants must be tested for *Xylella fastidiosa* during the PEQ period, at an MPI approved diagnostic facility, as described below:

- The minimum PEQ period will be 6 months, as this is the time required to complete growing inspections and testing for *Xylella fastidiosa*. For example:
  - For schedules which identify a minimum period of 3 months, the minimum PEQ period will be extended to 6 months.
  - For schedules with a minimum period longer than 6 months, the longer period will apply.
- Samples must be collected and tested at the end of the summer (or 'summer-like') period;
  - The unit for testing is defined in section 2.3.2.1 "Pre-determined testing".
  - Plants shall be sampled from at least four positions; including a minimum of two young, fully expanded leaves at the top of the stem and two older leaves from a midway position.
  - The samples must be tested by PCR for *Xylella fastidiosa*.
  - All samples must test negative.

#### iii) For nursery stock sourced from MPI approved offshore facilities

Specific measures are detailed in the agreement between MPI and the approved facility.

#### Guidance:

The following countries are not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*:

- All countries in Europe (except the UK)
- The Americas and the Caribbean (all countries)
- Asia: Taiwan
- Near East: Iran, Iraq, and Lebanon

The full list of countries which are not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* can be viewed on the website: <a href="https://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/dmsdocument/15655">https://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/dmsdocument/15655</a>

#### 2.2.1.13 Measures for *Phellinus noxius*

The following measures only apply to whole plants including rooted cuttings (not dormant bulbs or unrooted cuttings), identified within the schedule of special conditions as hosts of Phellinus noxius

# i) For countries recognised by MPI as free from *Phellinus noxius*

The following Additional Declaration must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

"The plants have been sourced from a country free from *Phellinus noxius*"

# ii) For countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Phellinus noxius*

One of the following additional declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

a) "The plants were raised from seed/cuttings in soil-less rooting media in containers maintained out of contact with the soil"

#### OR, for areas approved by MPI

b) "The plants have been sourced from a 'pest free area', [insert area name], free from Phellinus noxius".

#### Guidance:

Countries where *Phellinus noxius* is known to be present:

- Africa: Angola, Benin, Burkina, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Cote d'Ivoire Democratic Republic of Congo, Faso, Gabon, Ghana, Kenya, Liberia, Nigeria, Sierra Leone, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda
- Asia: Andaman Islands, China, Islands of China, East Indies, India, Indonesia, Islands of Japan, Malay Peninsula, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nicobar Islands, Pakistan, Philippines, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Taiwan, Vietnam
- Central America & Caribbean: Brazil, Costa Rica, Cuba
- Oceania: American Samoa, Australia (NSW, Queensland), Fiji, Mariana Islands, New Guinea, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Vanuatu

#### 2.2.1.14 Post-Entry Quarantine

Following arrival in New Zealand all nursery stock, unless specified in the schedules of special entry conditions, must undergo a period of post entry quarantine (PEQ) in order to check for the presence of regulated pests and/or diseases.

PEQ will be carried out in a transitional facility registered in accordance with the Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants. The nursery stock must be actively growing throughout the quarantine period. The quarantine period:

- will be a minimum of 3 months for species with a nursery stock import specification of 'L2 (Basic)' as indicated in the Plants Biosecurity Index (PBI); or
- will be the minimum period stated in the schedule of special entry conditions.

The quarantine period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests and diseases are detected, or testing or treatments are required.

The MPI Inspector has full authority to determine when the plant material may receive biosecurity clearance.

#### Guidance:

A list of MPI-aapproved post entry quarantine facilities for public use is available on MPI's website: <a href="http://www.mpi.govt.nz/news-and-resources/registers-and-lists/post-entry/">http://www.mpi.govt.nz/news-and-resources/registers-and-lists/post-entry/</a>

# 2.2.2 ENTRY CONDITIONS FOR TISSUE CULTURE

# 2.2.2.1 Labelling

Cultures must be clearly identified with their scientific name (genus and species).

#### 2.2.2.2 Cleanliness & Tissue Culture Media

Cultures imported in growing media must have been grown in the vessel in which they are imported. The vessel (rigid container, bag or pottle) must be pest proof and transparent. The tissue culture medium must not contain fungicides or antibiotics. Plants in tissue culture must be produced in a facility under conditions that prevent contamination with regulated pests.

# 2.2.2.3 Phytosanitary Certificate

Cultures must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate, certifying that the tissue culture has been inspected in the exporting country according to appropriate procedures and conforms with New Zealand's current entry conditions.

For **plantlets recently removed from** *in-vitro* **tissue culture**, the following additional declaration must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

"These plantlets were removed from the original culture container(s) in which they were grown, not more than 48 hours before export, and have not been in contact with any other growing media".

# 2.2.2.4 Import Permit

An import permit is required when the schedule of special conditions states that:

- An import permit is a required document; or
- The cultures require a period of growth in post entry quarantine; or
- The cultures must meet the requirements of section 2.2.2.5 "Measures for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture" part ii (requiring PEQ and pre-determined testing).

## 2.2.2.5 Measures for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture

The following measures only apply to nursery stock (tissue cultures) identified within the schedule of special conditions as hosts of Xylella fastidiosa.

#### Guidance:

All consignments of *Xylella fastidiosa* host tissue culture must meet the conditions listed here unless a variation to these conditions is specified in section 3 "Schedule of special entry conditions".

# i) For countries recognised by MPI as free from Xylella fastidiosa

OPTION 1: Both the tissue cultures AND the mother plants have only been grown in the country of origin, AND this can be certified by the exporting NPPO. All phytosanitary certificates must be endorsed with the following additional declaration:

"The tissue cultures/plants in-vitro in this consignment, and the plants they were derived from, have only been grown in the country of origin, [insert country name], which is free from *Xylella fastidiosa*".

**Note:** PEQ is not required for tissue cultures imported under this option, unless PEQ is a requirement of the schedule of special entry conditions.

# OPTION 2: The country of origin of the mother plants is <u>not</u> the same as the country of origin of the tissue cultures.

The tissue cultures must meet the requirements for tissue cultures from all other countries.

# ii) For countries not recognised by MPI as free from Xylella fastidiosa

'1. Additional declaration' AND '2. Pre-determined testing in post entry quarantine' must be met for tissue cultures imported under this option.

#### 1. Additional declaration:

All phytosanitary certificates must be endorsed with the following additional declaration:

"The tissue cultures/plants in-vitro in this consignment, and the plants they were derived from, have only been grown in a 'pest free area' [insert area name] or 'pest free place of production' [insert place name], which is free from *Xylella fastidiosa*".

# 2. Pre-determined testing in post entry quarantine:

**PEQ:** Level 2 (unless a higher level of PEQ is required in the schedule of special conditions)

**Minimum period:** 6 months (in the PEQ greenhouse)

The plants must be tested for *Xylella fastidiosa* during the PEQ period, at an MPI approved diagnostic facility, as described below:

- The minimum PEQ period will be 6 months, as this is the time required to complete growing season inspections and testing for *Xylella fastidiosa*. For example:
  - For schedules which identify a minimum period of 3 months, the minimum PEQ period will be extended to 6 months.
  - For schedules with a minimum period longer than 6 months, the longer period will apply.
- Samples must be collected and tested at the end of the summer (or 'summer-like') period:
  - The unit for testing is defined in section 2.3.2.1 "Pre-determined testing".
  - Plants shall be sampled from at least four positions; including a minimum of two young, fully expanded leaves at the top of the stem and two older leaves from a midway position.
  - The samples must be tested by PCR for *Xylella fastidiosa*.
  - All samples must test negative.

# iii) For nursery stock sourced from MPI approved offshore facilities

Specific measures are detailed in the agreement between MPI and the approved facility.

#### Guidance:

The following countries are not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*:

- All countries in Europe (except the UK)
- The Americas and the Caribbean (all countries)
- Asia: Taiwan
- Near East: Iran, Iraq, and Lebanon

The full list of countries which are not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* can be viewed on the website: https://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/dmsdocument/15655

# 2.2.2.6 Post-Entry Quarantine for tissue cultures

Tissue cultures only require a period of post entry quarantine in order to check for the presence of regulated pests and/or diseases when the schedule of special conditions states:

- The cultures require a period of growth in post entry quarantine; AND/OR
- The cultures must meet the requirements of section 2.2.2.5 "Measures for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture" **and** will be imported under section 2.2.2.5 part ii (requiring PEQ and pre-determined testing).

Post entry quarantine will be carried out in a transitional facility registered in accordance with the Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants. The tissue cultures must be actively growing throughout the quarantine period. The quarantine period:

- Will be the minimum period stated in the schedule of special entry conditions, which may be extended if pre-determined testing is required; AND
- May be extended if material is slow growing, pests and diseases are detected, testing or treatments required.

Tissue cultures must be deflasked into a PEQ greenhouse for the completion of growing season inspections and testing, unless the schedule of special conditions states that they must be held in a PEO Tissue culture laboratory:

- For tissue cultures that must be held in a PEQ tissue culture laboratory for the duration of the PEQ period, the quarantine period will begin when the plants arrive at the PEQ facility and are held under the conditions specified in the schedule of special conditions (e.g. temperature requirements). Sub-culturing during the PEQ period must <u>not</u> occur.
- For tissue cultures that must be grown in a PEQ greenhouse, the quarantine period will begin when the plants are deflasked in the greenhouse. Prior to deflasking tissue cultures into the PEQ greenhouse, individual imported tissue culture plantlets may be sub-cultured to enable multiplication of tissue-cultured plant material during the PEQ period, as described below:
  - At least one sub-culture must be developed to the stage where it can be deflasked and transferred to the glasshouse for the completion of growing season inspections and testing. In cases where only one culture is obtained from the first round of sub-culturing, a culture for deflasking must be taken during the first appropriate multiplication. Traceability must be maintained to the individual imported tissue culture plantlet.
  - Other subcultures derived from the same individual imported tissue culture plantlet may be kept in culture at a PEQ tissue culture laboratory, and may be multiplied further during the PEQ period. The level of PEQ tissue culture laboratory must be the same (or higher) as that required for the greenhouse plants; however, a Level 3 tissue culture laboratory is suitable for species which require either a Level 3A or 3B PEQ greenhouse. Provided traceability to the individual

imported tissue culture plantlet (and greenhouse plant) is maintained, this progeny may also be given biosecurity clearance.

The MPI Inspector has full authority to determine when the plant material may receive biosecurity clearance.

#### 2.2.3 IMPORTATION OF POLLEN

The schedule of special conditions must list pollen as an approved commodity type for importation to occur under this section

An import permit must be obtained from MPI prior to import. Prior to issuing the permit to import, MPI will assess, on a case by case basis, the requirements that must be met to import the pollen. All import requirements will be detailed on the permit to import.

#### 2.2.4 IMPORTATION OF NEW ORGANISMS

Proposals for the deliberate introduction of new organisms as defined by the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 should be referred to the Environmental Protection Authority (see section 1.5).

#### 2.3 COMPLIANCE PROCEDURES

The nursery stock will be inspected using a randomly selected minimum 600 unit sample, to ensure that it complies with the entry conditions.

#### Guidance:

- 1. On arrival in New Zealand all documentation associated with the importation will be inspected by an inspector to ensure compliance.
- 2. Visual inspection of tissue culture upon arrival in New Zealand will determine if the tissue culture shows any signs of contamination (e.g. cloudy agar, fungal spores or bacterial growth). If contamination is observed the importer will be given the option of reshipment or destruction of the consignment.
- 3. If organisms are detected that cannot be identified, they will be treated as regulated organisms. If the number of units infested with quarantine pests exceeds the acceptance number, the nursery stock will be treated, reshipped or destroyed as directed by the inspector, at the expense of the importer.

#### 2.3.1 VALIDATION OF OVERSEAS MEASURES

For all imported nursery stock, MPI reserves the right to validate all measures that are undertaken overseas. This includes measures undertaken by national plant protection organisations, MPI-approved offshore facilities.

#### 2.3.2 TREATMENT AND TESTING OF THE CONSIGNMENT

All pesticide treatments must be carried out in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations, including labelling of the treated plant commodity with the name of the active ingredient used and any handling requirements.

Upon arrival and following inspection at the border, if any required treatment(s) or testing of the consignment has not been completed within the prescribed period, these measures may be

completed in New Zealand where such services are available, and by prior arrangement with MPI.

All testing and treatment in New Zealand must be completed in MPI-approved facilities, approved to the Facility Standard 155.04.03: Standard for Transitional Facilities for the Identification of Organisms. Treatment requirement: Treatment supplier requirements.

## 2.3.2.1 Pre-determined testing

The schedule of special entry conditions identifies when pre-determined testing is required for plant material being held in post entry quarantine. For material which requires pre-determined testing, the unit for testing is defined as follows:

The unit for testing is an individual imported plantlet (imported *in vitro*), cutting or whole plant. Each plantlet, cutting or whole plant must be labelled individually and tested separately, with the following exceptions:

## Polymerase chain reaction (PCR)

Samples taken from up to five plants being grown in post entry quarantine can be combined to form a single composite sample for pre-determined testing by PCR, provided that the plants are derived from:

- (i) a single imported plantlet or cutting; or
- (ii) multiple plantlets or cuttings derived from the same offshore mother plant; or
- (iii)different mother plants of the same species.

## Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA)

Samples taken from up to five plants being grown in post entry quarantine can be combined to form a single composite sample for pre-determined testing by ELISA, provided that the plants are derived from:

- (i) a single imported plantlet or cutting; or
- (ii) multiple plantlets or cuttings derived from the same mother plant, where the phytosanitary certificate is endorsed with an additional declaration certifying that the plantlets/cuttings have been derived from the same mother plant.

## 2.3.3 BIOSECURITY CLEARANCE

A biosecurity clearance, under section 26 of the Biosecurity Act 1993, may be given when the nursery stock meets the requirements of this standard. There are other restrictions in section 27 and 28 of the Biosecurity Act 1993 on the giving of biosecurity clearances i.e. compliance with an import health standard or import permit does not guarantee biosecurity clearance will be given. As per Section 27 of the Biosecurity Act 1993, biosecurity clearance will not be given if an inspector considers that the nursery stock is infected, or is showing signs of being infected, with organisms that may be unwanted organisms, or the inspector considers there has been a change in circumstances, or in the state of knowledge, that makes it unwise to give biosecurity clearance.

For nursery stock imported under an import permit, should there be a change in circumstances or the state of knowledge, the import permit will be amended to identify the requirements that must be met before the consignment is eligible for biosecurity clearance. This may include, but is not limited to, a change in the pest host status of the nursery stock, a change in the distribution or virulence of a pest, or the availability of a new or improved test method.

## 2.4 NEW ZEALAND NURSERY STOCK RETURNING FROM OVERSEAS

All returning product of New Zealand origin will be regarded as offshore nursery stock and must meet the requirements of the import health standard or be reshipped or destroyed, except under the following circumstances:

## (i) Nursery stock "unopened" offshore

Product in its original pest-proof container with the original seals intact is permitted entry subject to a product reconciliation check on arrival to verify that it is New Zealand produce.

## (ii) Nursery stock "opened" offshore

Nursery stock inspected offshore, and rejected for any reason, is permitted entry subject to the following:

- (a) verification that the nursery stock was either returned to its original pest-proof container and resealed immediately after inspection or stored in pest-proof facilities prior to reexport; and
- (b) the consignment was reshipped back to New Zealand by the first available means; and
- (c) inspection, clearance and reconciliation of the consignment on arrival in New Zealand as per section 2 of this standard; and
- (d) treatment with a generic insecticide and miticide as per sections 2.2.1.6 (whole plants and cuttings) or 2.2.1.7 (dormant bulbs) of this standard.

## 3. SCHEDULE OF SPECIAL ENTRY CONDITIONS

## 3.1 SPECIAL ENTRY CONDITIONS

Plant genera listed in these schedules have entry requirements that differ in some way from the **Basic Conditions** (Section 2.2.1 and 2.2.2). Differences may involve:

- special isolation requirements; or
- special treatment requirements; or
- minimum quarantine period; or
- a requirement for a specified Level of PEQ (e.g. L1, L2, L3, L3A, L3B); or
- special phytosanitary certificate additional declarations.

All consignments must meet the **Basic Conditions** in Section 2.2.1 and 2.2.2 unless a variation to these conditions is specified in the schedule.

## 3.2 APPROVAL OF OFFSHORE PLANT QUARANTINE FACILITIES

Nursery stock normally subject to post-entry quarantine may be imported from MPI-approved (registered) facilities overseas under predetermined conditions, with a reduced PEQ requirement following arrival in New Zealand. Overseas facilities must be approved by MPI according to the Administrative Standard: Standard for Offshore Facilities Holding and Testing Plants for Planting. A list of MPI-approved offshore facilities is available on MPI's website: http://mpi.govt.nz/news-and-resources/resources/registers-and-lists/offshore/

## 3.3 AMENDMENTS TO THE PLANTS BIOSECURITY INDEX

#### **Guidance:**

The <u>Plants Biosecurity Index</u> will be updated with plant species assessed by the EPA as being either "not new organisms" or approved for entry into New Zealand. The Plants Biosecurity Index will be continuously updated on MPI's website.

The information provided within the Plants Biosecurity Index website is only intended to be general information to the public. It is not intended to take the place of, or to represent, the written law of New Zealand or other official guidelines or requirements. Website users are advised to contact MPI to confirm import status.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Abies*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests:** Bursaphelenchus spp., Lophodermium spp., Phytophthora capsici, Phytophthora ramorum, Uredinales

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 6 months

a. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2, but subject to examination at a transitional facility for the identification of organisms approved to facility standard 155.04.03, at the importers expense, prior to release to the importer.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Acacia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests:** Ceratocystis fimbriata, Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus, Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora capsici, Phytophthora palmivora, Phytophthora ramorum, Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum, Tomato brown rugose fruit virus, Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8) **Note**: Only applies to the following genera: *Acacia* and *Passiflora*
- b. Conditions for *Phytophthora capsici*

Note: Only applies to the following genus: Portulaca

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- c. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora*

Note: Only applies to the following genus: Rosmarinus

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- d. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11) **Note:** Only applies to the following species: *Veronica spicata*
- e. Conditions for *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum* **Note:** Only applies to members of the following genus: *Pelargonium*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants were sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

**Note:** For phytosanitary certificates from Costa Rica, the following additional declaration can be accepted: "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested by PCR and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

f. Conditions for Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid

Note: Only applies to the following species: Vinca minor

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* is not known to occur".

## OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid*".

#### OR

- iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Vinca minor*".
- g. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- h. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13) **Note:** Only applies to the following species: *Artemisia capillaris*, *Artemisia princeps*, *Duranta repens*, *Nerium oleander*, **and** applies to all members of the *Acacia* genus
- i. Conditions for *Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus*Note: Only applies to members of the following genus: *Portulaca*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', free from Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved PCR methodology and found free from *Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus*".

j. Conditions for *Tomato brown rugose fruit virus* 

Note: Only applies to members of the following genera: Malva, Portulaca

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', free from *Tomato brown rugose fruit virus*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved PCR methodology and found free from *Tomato brown rugose fruit virus*".

## **B. For Cuttings PEO:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8)

Note: Only applies to the following genera: *Acacia* and *Passiflora* 

b. Conditions for *Phytophthora capsici* 

**Note:** Only applies to the following genus: *Portulaca* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- c. Conditions for Phytophthora palmivora

Note: Only applies to the following genus: Rosmarinus

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- d. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11) **Note:** Only applies to the following species: *Veronica spicata*

e. Conditions for Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum

Note: Only applies to members of the following genus: Pelargonium

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants were sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

**Note:** For phytosanitary certificates from Costa Rica, the following additional declaration can be accepted: "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested by PCR and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

f. Conditions for Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid

Note: Only applies to the following species: Vinca minor

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid*".

#### OR

- iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Vinca minor*".
- g. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- h. Conditions for *Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus*Note: Only applies to members of the following genus: *Portulaça*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', free from Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus".

#### OR

- ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved PCR methodology and found free from *Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus*".
- i. Conditions for *Tomato brown rugose fruit virus*Note: Only applies to members of the following genera: *Malva, Portulaca*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', free from *Tomato brown rugose fruit virus*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved PCR methodology and found free from *Tomato brown rugose fruit virus*".

#### C. For Tissue Culture

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum

Note: Only applies to members of the following genus: Pelargonium

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants were sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

**Note:** For phytosanitary certificates from Costa Rica, the following additional declaration can be accepted: "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested by PCR and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

b. Conditions for Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid

Note: Only applies to the following species: Vinca minor

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid*".

#### OR

iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Vinca minor*".

**Guidance for importers:** Tissue culture imported under this option must be imported into a <u>level 2 PEQ greenhouse for a minimum period of 3 months</u> to undergo testing for the presence of *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* during the quarantine period.

- c. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers**: There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.
- d. Conditions for *Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus*Note: Only applies to members of the following genus: *Portulaca*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate: iii) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', free from Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus".

### OR

- iv) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved PCR methodology and found free from *Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus*".
- e. Conditions for *Tomato brown rugose fruit virus*Note: Only applies to members of the following genera: *Malva, Portulaca*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate: iii) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', free from *Tomato brown rugose fruit virus*".

#### OR

iv) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved PCR methodology and found free from *Tomato brown rugose fruit virus*".

#### D. For Whole Plants, Cuttings or Tissue cultures imported into a level 3A PEO facility

**Note:** Only applies to members of the following genera: *Malva, Pelargonium, Portulaca* **Guidance for importers:** This option is for importers that have been unsuccessful at securing a PFA or PFPP declaration for *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum* for imports of *Pelargonium* species, for importers that have been unsuccessful at securing a PFA or PFPP declaration for *Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus* for imports of *Portulaca* species, or for importers that have been unsuccessful at securing a PFA or PFPP declaration for *Tomato brown rugose fruit virus* for imports of *Malva* or *Portulaca* species.

## As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

**PEQ:** Level 3A

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum
   Note: Only applies to members of the following genus: Pelargonium

   Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Pelargonium"
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.1.12 or 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 3A PEO greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.
- c. Conditions for Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus
   Note: Only applies to members of the following genus: Portulaca

   Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Portulaca"
- d. Conditions for Tomato brown rugose fruit virus
   Note: Only applies to members of the following genus: Malva, Portulaca
   Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Malva and Portulaca"

# Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Malva*, *Pelargonium*, *Portulaca*, and *Vinca minor*

ORGANISM	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	Comments		
Bacteria				
Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum	Growing season inspection in PEQ for symptom expression <b>AND</b> plating on selective media <b>OR</b> PCR	Applies to <i>Pelargonium</i> whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a level 3A PEQ facility		
Xylella fastidiosa	Refer to section 2.2.1.12 "Measures for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> "	Applies to whole plants and cuttings only. Testing requirements for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> are identified in section 2.2.1.12.		
	Refer to section 2.2.2.5 "Measures for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> on tissue culture"	Applies to tissue culture only. Testing requirements for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> are identified in section 2.2.2.5.		
Viroids				
Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus	PCR based methods	Applies to <i>Portulaca</i> whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a level 3A PEQ facility		
Tomato brown rugose fruit virus	PCR based methods	Applies to <i>Malva</i> and <i>Portulaca</i> whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a level 3A PEQ facility		
Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid	PCR based methods	Only applies to <i>Vinca minor</i> whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a level 2 PEQ facility		

**Guidance for importers:** Testing in PEQ for the presence of *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* is only necessary when an importer has been unable to secure one of the alternative declarations.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Acer*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests:** Cryphonectria parasitica, Phytophthora palmivora, Phytophthora ramorum, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Cuttings and Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for Phytophthora palmivora

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

## OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- b. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11), and
- c. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12), and **Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- d. Conditions for *Cryphonectria parasitica*Additional Declaration: "*Cryphonectria parasitica* is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_

  [the country or state where the plants/cuttings were produced]".

## OR

**PEQ:** Level 3B

**Minimum Period:** 6 months

a. Conditions for Xylella fastidiosa (section 2.2.1.12)

## **B.** For Tissue Culture

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEO greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Acrocomia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

Approved Countries: Australia, Hawaii, mainland United States of America

Quarantine Pests: Cadang-cadang, Ceratocystis fimbriata, Lethal yellowing, Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora palmivora, Xylella fastidiosa

**Entry Conditions: Basic;** with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants and Cuttings

PEQ: Level 2

**Minimum Period**: 3 months

Height Limit: Plants must not exceed 1.5m in height

- a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8) **Note**: Only applies to members of the *Metroxylon* genus
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Phoenix* genus

Guidance for importers: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

c. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13)

**Note:** Only applies to the following species: *Areca catechu*, *Areca triandra*, *Chrysalidocarpus lutescens*, *Coco nucifera*, *Elaeis guineensis*, *Roystonea regia* 

d. Conditions for Phytophthora palmiyora

**Note:** Only applies to the following genera: Archontophoenix, Areca, Bactris, Borassus, Chamaedorea, Chrysalidocarpus, Cocos, Elaeis, Howea, Livistona, Rhopalostylis, Sabal, Syagrus, Trachycarpus and Washingtonia

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

**OR** 

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- e. Conditions for Cadang cadang and lethal yellowing

  Additional Declaration: "Cadang cadang and lethal yellowing are not known to occur in

  [the country or state where the plants were grown]".

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

## As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Phoenix* genus **Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for tissue cultures sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- b. Conditions for Cadang cadang and lethal yellowing

  Additional Declaration: "Cadang cadang and lethal yellowing are not known to occur in

  [the country or state where the plants were grown]".

## Actinidia

**Note:** The guidance below only applies to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Actinidia*".

## Guidance:

Actinidia nursery stock (plants for planting) is no longer eligible for import under this schedule. Import requirements for Actinidia plants for planting are now set out in: Import Health Standard: Actinidia Plants for Planting, available on the plant imports website at: <a href="https://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/importing/plants/nursery-stock/">https://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/importing/plants/nursery-stock/</a>

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Aesculus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests:** Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora palmivora, Phytophthora ramorum, Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora* **Note:** Only applies to the following genus: *Syringa* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- b. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- c. Conditions for *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid*Note: Only applies to the following species: *Pittosporum tobira*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* is not known to occur".

OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid*".

#### OR

- iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Pittosporum tobira*".
- d. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- e. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13)

Note: Only applies to the following species: Fraxinus griffithii and Rhus succedanea

## **B.** For Cuttings

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora* **Note:** Only applies to the following genus: *Syringa* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- b. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- e. Conditions for *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* **Note:** Only applies to the following species: *Pittosporum tobira*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* is not known to occur".

#### ΩR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid*".

#### OR

- iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Pittosporum tobira*".
- d. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be 6 months for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*

#### C. For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

#### **PLUS**

a. Conditions for *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid*Note: Only applies to the following species: *Pittosporum tobira* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid*".

#### OR

iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Pittosporum tobira*".

Guidance for importers: Tissue culture imported under this option must be imported into a <u>level 2</u> <u>PEO greenhouse for a minimum period of 3 months</u> to undergo testing for the presence of *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* during the quarantine period.

b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEO greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

## Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Pittosporum tobira

ORGANISM	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	Comments
Bacteria		
Xylella fastidiosa	Refer to section 2.2.1.12 "Measures for Xylella fastidiosa"	Applies to whole plants, cuttings only. Testing requirements for <i>Xylella</i> fastidiosa are identified in section 2.2.1.12
	Refer to section 2.2.2.5 "Measures for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> on tissue culture"	Applies to tissue culture only. Testing requirements for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> are identified in section 2.2.2.5
Viroids		
Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid	PCR based method	Applies to whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a level 2 PEQ facility

Guidance for importers: Testing in PEQ for the presence of *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* is only necessary when an importer has been unable to secure one of the alternative declarations.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Allium*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## 1. Type of Allium nursery stock approved for entry into New Zealand

Dormant bulbs

Plants in tissue culture

#### 2. Pests of Allium

Refer to the pest list.

### 3. Entry conditions for:

## 3.1 Allium dormant bulbs from any country

## (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

Import permit: an import permit is required.

## (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

The *Allium* dormant bulbs have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area' (country freedom), free from regulated nematodes and fungi OR treated for regulated nematodes and fungi as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.

#### AND

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.

#### AND

- sourced from a 'pest free area' (country freedom) free from the organisms listed below:

## • Phytoplasmas:

Aster yellows phytoplasma, Garlic decline phytoplasma, and Onion yellows phytoplasma.

#### • Viruses:

Garlic dwarf virus, Garlic mite-borne latent virus, Garlic virus X, Onion mite-borne latent virus, Shallot yellow stripe virus, Sint-Jan's onion latent virus and Tobacco rattle virus.

#### • Bacteria:

Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. Chrysanthemi, Burkholderia cepacia, Pseudomonas xanthochlora, and Xylella fastidiosa.

#### AND

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

## (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section and by endorsing the following additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The Allium dormant bulbs in this consignment have been sourced:

- from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated nematodes and fungi [if applicable].

#### **AND**

- from a 'pest free area' (country freedom), free from regulated phytoplasmas (Aster yellows phytoplasma, Garlic decline phytoplasma and Onion yellows phytoplasma), viruses (Garlic dwarf virus, Garlic mite-borne latent virus, Garlic virus X, Onion mite-borne latent virus, Shallot yellow stripe virus, Sint-Jan's onion latent virus and Tobacco rattle virus), and bacteria (Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. Chrysanthemi, Burkholderia cepacia and Pseudomonas xanthochlora)."

#### **AND**

- One of the following Additional Declarations for *Phytophthora capsici* and *P. palmivora*:
  - i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici* and *P. palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici* and *P. palmivora*".

#### OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici* and *P. palmivora*".

#### **AND**

- Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

## (iv) *Post-entry quarantine*

## **PEQ**: Level 2

**Quarantine Period**: This is the time required to complete inspections and/or testing to detect regulated pests. Six months is an indicative minimum quarantine period. The quarantine period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

## (v) Assessment of Equivalent Phytosanitary Status

Where the pre-export phytosanitary requirements (part ii) can not be met, a request for assessment of equivalent phytosanitary status can be made to MPI.

## 3.2 Allium plants in tissue culture from any country

## (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

**Import permit:** an import permit is required.

#### (ii) Special tissue culture media requirements

The tissue culture media must not contain charcoal.

## (iii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

The Allium plants in tissue culture have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area' (country freedom) free from the organisms listed below:

## • Bacteria:

Xvlella fastidiosa

Guidance for importers: The minimum quarantine period will be 6 months for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from Xylella fastidiosa.

## • Phytoplasmas:

Aster yellows phytoplasma, Garlic decline phytoplasma and Onion yellows phytoplasma.

#### • Viruses:

Garlic dwarf virus, Garlic mite-borne latent virus, Garlic virus X, Onion mite-borne latent virus, Shallot vellow stripe virus, Sint-Jan's onion latent virus and Tobacco rattle virus

## (iv) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by providing the following additional declaration to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The Allium tissue cultures in this consignment have been sourced from a 'pest free area' (country freedom), free from regulated bacteria (*Xylella fastidiosa*), phytoplasmas (Aster yellows phytoplasma, Garlic decline phytoplasma and Onion yellows phytoplasma) and viruses (Garlic dwarf virus, Garlic mite-borne latent virus, Garlic virus X, Onion mite-borne latent virus, Shallot yellow stripe virus, Sint-Jan's onion latent virus and Tobacco rattle virus)."

## (v) Post-entry quarantine

Post-entry quarantine is not required, provided that the pre-export phytosanitary requirements are completed, and the phytosanitary certificate is endorsed with the required additional declaration (part iv).

## (vi) Assessment of Equivalent Phytosanitary Status

Where the pre-export phytosanitary requirements (part iii) can not be met, a request for assessment of equivalent phytosanitary status can be made to MPI.

## Pest List for Allium

## **REGULATED PESTS (actionable)**

Insect

Insecta

Coleoptera

Curculionidae

Brachycerus muricatus weevil
Brachycerus undatus weevil

Ceutorhynchus jakovlevi onion weevil

Nitidulidae

Carpophilus obsoletus dried fruit beetle

**Diptera** 

Anthomyiidae

Delia antiqua onion maggot
Delia florilega onion fly

Heleomyzidae

Suillia lurida garlic fly

Suillia univittata -

Syrphidae

Eumerus amoenus onion bulb fly

Lepidoptera Cossidae

Dyspessa ulula garlic moth

Yponomeutidae

Acrolepia alliella -

Acrolepia sapporensis allium leafminer

Acrolepiopsis assectella leek moth

Thysanoptera Thripidae

Thrips tabaci [vector] onion thrips

Mite Arachnida

> Acarina Acaridae

> > Rhizoglyphus setosus bulb mite

Eriophyidae

Aceria tulipae [vector] wheat curl mite

Nematode Adenophorea

Dorylaimida Longidoridae

Paralongidorus maximus

Trichodoridae

Paratrichodorus alliusstubby root nematodeParatrichodorus minor [vector]stubby root nematodeParatrichodorus teresstubby root nematode

Secernentea Tylenchida

Aphelenchoididae

Aphelenchoides besseyi rice white-tip nematode

Aphelenchoides parietinus -

Belonolaimidae

Belonolaimus gracilis sting nematode

Hoplolaimidae

Helicotylenchus indicussprial nematodeHelicotylenchus microlobusspiral nematodeHelicotylenchus multicinctusspiral nematode

Hoplolaimus seinhorsti lance nematode Rotylenchulus reniformis reniform nematode

Meloidogynidae

Meloidogyne arenaria peanut root knot nematode

Meloidogyne chitwoodi root knot nematode

**Tylenchidae** 

Ditylenchus dipsaci [strains not in New Zealand] stem and bulb nematode

Fungus Ascomycota

Dothideales

Mycosphaerellaceae

Mycosphaerella allii-cepae (anamorph Cladosporium leaf blotch

allii-cepae)

Basidiomycota: Basidiomycetes

Agaricales

Tricholomataceae

Armillaria mellea (anamorph Rhizomorpha armillaria root rot

subcorticalis)

Basidiomycota: Teliomycetes

**Uredinales** 

Melampsoraceae

Melampsora allii-fragilis rust

Pucciniaceae

Puccinia asparagi asparagus rust

**Basidiomycota: Ustomycetes** 

Ustilaginales Tilletiaceae

Urocystis colchici leaf smut

Oomycota

Peronosporales Peronosporaceae

Phytophthora capsici fruit rot of peppers

Phytophthora palmivora black rot

mitosporic fungi (Coelomycetes)

Sphaeropsidales Sphaerioidaceae

Phyllosticta allii leaf blight

Septoria viridi-tingens --

**Bacterium** 

Enterobacteriaceae

Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. chrysanthemi bacterial soft rot

Pseudomonadaceae

Burkholderia cepacia sour skin

Pseudomonas xanthochlora -

Xanthomonadaceae

Xylella fastidiosa Bacterial lea f scorch

Virus

Garlic dwarf virus Garlic mite-borne latent virus Garlic virus X Onion mite-borne latent virus Shallot yellow stripe virus -

Sint-Jan's onion latent virus
Tobacco rattle virus [strains not in New Zealand]

Phytoplasma

Aster yellows phytoplasma Garlic decline phytoplasma Onion yellows phytoplasma -

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Alstroemeria*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America.

Quarantine Pests: Broad bean wilt virus 2, Frankliniella occidentalis, Liriomyza spp.

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants

**PEQ:** Level 2

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

a. Conditions for *Frankliniella occidentalis* and *Liriomyza* spp.

<u>Additional Declaration</u>: "The plants have been inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of *Frankliniella occidentalis* and *Liriomyza* spp."

## B. For Dormant Bulbs OPTION 1:

No import permit is required

PEO: None

- a. Additional Declaration
  - i) For bulbs produced under an MPI-approved Dutch bulb propagation scheme: "In addition to inspection of the dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the imported bulbs meet the requirements of the NAKtuinbouw Elite (Class SEE or EE) or Select (Class A or E) [choose one] bulb certification scheme."

## OR

ii) For bulbs NOT produced under an MPI-approved bulb propagation scheme: "In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."

## OPTION 2: PEO: Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

#### C. For Tissue Cultures

**Approved Countries:** Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, India, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America.

## As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS**

a. Conditions for Broad bean wilt virus 2

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in tissue culture in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Broad bean wilt virus 2* is not known to occur."

## OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants in tissue culture in this consignment derive from plants that were tested by [PCR OR ELISA] and found free from *Broad bean wilt virus 2*."

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Ananas*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## Imports of Ananas comosus whole plants and cuttings are suspended.

Phytosanitary measures need to be reviewed before *Ananas comosus* whole plants and cuttings can be imported. Click here to learn how to request a review.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Ceratocystis fimbriata, Dickeya zeae, Fusarium verticilliodes, Pantoea ananatis, Phytophthora cinnamomi (strains not in New Zealand), Phytophthora megakarya, Phytophthora palmivora

**Entry Conditions: Basic;** with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

## a. Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the exporting country must accompany all *Ananas* nursery stock exported into New Zealand.

**Import permit:** an import permit is required

## b. Phytosanitary requirements

The Ananas plants in tissue culture must be:

- i) Inspected by the exporting NPPO in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.
- ii) AND, either

#### Option 1 – Offshore mother plant testing

• derived from mother plants tested and found to be free of *Dickeya zeae*, Fusarium verticilliodes, Pantoea ananatis, Phytophthora cinnamomi, and Phytophthora megakarya

**AND** 

• held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

OR

## Option 2 – Onshore testing of plants in Post-entry Quarantine (PEQ)

• tested and found free from *Dickeya zeae*, *Fusarium verticilliodes*, *Pantoea ananatis*, *Phytophthora cinnamomi*, and *Phytophthora megakarya* while in post-entry quarantine in New Zealand. Refer to the subsection entitled "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Ananas*".

## c. Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section; and by providing the following additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate if mother plant testing is done offshore prior to export:

i) The *Ananas* plants in tissue culture have been derived from mother plants tested and found to be free of *Dickeya zeae*, *Fusarium verticilliodes*, *Pantoea ananatis*, *Phytophthora cinnamomi*, and *Phytophthora megakarya*.

### d. Post-entry quarantine

All *Ananas* tissue cultures must be imported into post entry quarantine in a Level 2 quarantine facility approved to Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants.

## Additional requirements at a Level 2 quarantine facility

- i) All plants must be inspected for signs and symptoms of pests and diseases at least twice per week throughout the entire quarantine period (including dormancy).
- ii) Irrigation water must be collected and either allowed to evaporate or treated prior to disposal;
- iii) Any debris on the greenhouse floor must be swept up or vacuumed (and disposed of in the normal quarantine waste stream) rather than being hosed into the drain;
- iv) Contingency plans must be developed to identify actions that will be taken to contain the propagules of any bacterial, fungal or oomycete disease organisms in the event of disease symptoms becoming evident during the quarantine period. These plans must be recorded in the facility operating manual.

## Quarantine period and Inspection, Testing and Treatment requirements:

Tissue culture plants must be deflasked into the greenhouse and grown for a minimum of 3 months of active growth. Each plant must produce 5 new leaves after deflasking in postentry quarantine. During this time plants will be inspected, treated, and/or tested for regulated pests as specified in the "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Ananas*" at the expense of the importer. Testing is required in PEQ if mother plant testing is not completed offshore. Three months is an indicative minimum quarantine period which may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

#### Guidance:

It is recommened that a heat mat is used to warm the plant root zone, to ensure plant growth under winter conditions.

## Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Ananas

Samples must be collected and tested after 3 months of active growth. Each new plant must produce 5 new leaves after deflasking. The unit for testing is defined in section 2.3.2.1 "Pre-determined testing".

- Each plant shall be sampled from the following plant parts: including roots, vascular tissue, fully expanded leaves at the top of the stem, and young leaves.
- All samples must have negative test results.

ORGANISM	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	
Bacteria		
Dickeya zeae	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom	
	expression	
	AND	
	PCR <b>or</b> plating on selective media	
Pantoea ananatis	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom	
	expression	
	AND	
	PCR or plating on selective media	
Fungi		
Fusarium verticilliodes	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom	
	expression	
	AND	
	PCR or plating on selective media	
Oomycetes		
Phytophthora cinnamomi	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom	
	expression	
	AND	
	PCR or plating on selective media	
Phytophthora megakarya	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom	
	expression	
	AND	
	PCR or plating on selective media	

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Andromeda*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America.

Quarantine Pests: Chrysomyxa ledi, Microsphaera spp.

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants

**PEO:** Level 2

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

b. Conditions for *Chrysomyxa ledi* and *Microsphaera* spp.

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i)	"Chrysomyxa ledi and Microsphaera spp. are not known to occur in
	[the country or state of where the plants were grown]".

#### OR

ii) "The plants were inspected during the growing season and no *Chrysomyxa ledi* or *Microsphaera* spp. was detected.

#### **AND**

- The plants have been dipped prior to export in propiconazole at the rate of 0.5g a.i. per litre of water."

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Anemone*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America.

**Quarantine Pests**: Uredinales

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for Uredinales

Additional declaration: "Rust diseases of genus Coleosporium and Cronatium are not known to occur on \_\_\_\_\_ [the host species being imported] in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country in which the plants were grown]".

#### **B.** For Dormant Bulbs

#### **OPTION 1:**

No import permit is required

PEQ: None

a. Additional Declaration

"In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."

#### **OPTION 2:**

PEO: Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

#### C. For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Anthurium*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Phytophthora capsici, Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. Whole Plants and Cuttings

**PEQ:** Level 2

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

a. Conditions for *Phytophthora capsici* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- b. Conditions for *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum* **Note:** Only applies to the following genera: *Anthurium*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants were sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*)".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

**Note:** For phytosanitary certificates from Costa Rica, the following additional declaration can be accepted: "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested by PCR and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

c. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

**Note:** Only applies to members of the *Ocimum* genus.

**Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be 6 months for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

#### **B. For Tissue Culture**

## As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS**

a. Conditions for *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum* **Note:** Only applies to the following genera: *Anthurium* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants were sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

#### OR

- ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

  Note: For phytosanitary certificates from Costa Rica, the following additional declaration can be accepted: "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested by PCR and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.2.5)

Note: Only applies to members of the Ocimum genus.

Guidance for importers: The minimum quarantine period will be 6 months for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from Xylella fastidiosa.

## C. For Whole Plants, Cuttings or Tissue cultures imported into a level 3A PEQ facility

Note: Only applies to the following genera: Anthurium

**Guidance for importers:** This option is for importers that have been unsuccessful at securing a PFA or PFPP declaration for *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum* 

**PEO:** Level 3A

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Anthurium*"

## Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Anthurium

ORGANISM	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	Comments
Bacteria		
Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum	Growing season inspection in PEQ for symptom expression AND plating on selective media OR PCR	Applies to <i>Anthurium</i> whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a level 3A PEQ facility

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Anubias*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Leeches, snails, snail eggs, worms

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

**PEO:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Additional Declaration:

"The plants were inspected immediately prior to export and no snails, snail eggs, worms or leeches were detected in a 600 unit sample".

## **Special Conditions:**

i) each aquarium must be clear sided and clearly labelled as follows:

## **QUARANTINE AQUARIUM**

MPI Registration Number: Name of Quarantine Operator:

- ii) the aquarium must be placed in a watertight tray, the bottom of which must contain a dilute solution of copper sulphate (5 parts per million or a small grain of a copper sulphate crystal in a litre of water);
- iii) must be inside a building which can be secured; and
- iv) must be at least 5m away from a non-quarantine aquarium.

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Araucaria*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

**Imports of** *Nephelium lappaceum* are suspended. Phytosanitary measures need to be reviewed before *Nephelium lappaceum* can be imported. Click here to learn how to request a review.

#### Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests:** Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora capsici, Phytophthora palmivora, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13)
- b. Conditions for *Phytophthora capsici* **Note:** Only applies to the following genus: *Piper*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- c. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora*

**Note:** Only applies to the following genera: *Aleurites, Anacardium, Annona, Azadirachta, Bougainvillea, Pachira* and *Piper* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- d. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

Note: Only applies to the following genus: Broussonetia

**Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be 6 months for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

# B. For Cuttings

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Phytophthora capsici* **Note:** Only applies to the following genus: *Piper* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- b. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora*

**Note:** Only applies to the following genera: *Aleurites, Anacardium, Annona, Azadirachta, Bougainvillea, Pachira* and *Piper* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

# OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- c. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

Note: Only applies to the following genus: Broussonetia

**Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be 6 months for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

# C. For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) Note: Only applies to the following genus: Broussonetia Guidance for importers: There will be a minimum quarantine period of 6 months in a Level 2 PEQ

greenhouse, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Arbutus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests:** Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora palmivora, Phytophthora ramorum, Xylella fastidiosa

**Entry Conditions: Basic;** with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

# A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora* **Note:** Only applies to the following genus: *Magnolia* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

# OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- b.Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- c. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Note:** Only applies to the members of the *Arbutus*, *Arctostaphylos*, *Cinnamomum*, *Laurus*, *Magnolia*, *Osmanthus*, and *Pieris* genera

**Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

d. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13) **Note**: Applies to the following species: *Michelia compressa*, *Michelia figo*, *Osmanthus fragrans*, **and** applies to all members of the *Cinnamomum* genus

# **B.** For Cuttings

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora* **Note:** Only applies to the following genus: *Magnolia* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

# OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- b.Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- c. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

**Note:** Only applies to the members of the *Arbutus*, *Arctostaphylos*, *Cinnamomum*, *Laurus*, *Magnolia*, *Osmanthus*, and *Pieris* genera

**Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

# C. For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Note:** Only applies to the members of the *Arbutus, Arctostaphylos, Cinnamomum, Laurus, Magnolia, Osmanthus*, and *Pieris* genera

Guidance for importers: There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Aronia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America.

Quarantine Pests: Gymnosporangium clavipes, Gymnosporangium globosum

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants, Cuttings and Tissue Cultures

# **OPTION 1: PEO:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Additional Declaration "The plants have been dipped in propiconazole at the rate of 0.5g a.i. per litre of water, prior to export".
- b. Conditions for *Gymnosporangium clavipes and Gymnosporangium globosum*<u>Additional Declaration</u>: "*Gymnosporangium clavipes* and *Gymnosporangium globosum*are not known to occur on \_\_\_\_\_ [host species being imported] in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state in which the plants were grown]".

# **OPTION 2: PEO:** Level 3B

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

**Note:** These entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Artocarpus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

Imports of Artocarpus heterophyllus are suspended. Phytosanitary measures need to be reviewed before Artocarpus heterophyllus can be imported. Click here to learn how to request a review.

# Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests**: Phellinus noxius

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

# A. For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Arum*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests:** Virus diseases

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

**PEO:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

B. For Dormant Bulbs from Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America:

#### **OPTION 1:**

No import permit is required

PEQ: None

# a. Additional Declaration

"In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."

# **OPTION 2:**

**PEQ:** Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

C. For Dormant Bulbs from Countries <u>other than</u> Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America:

# **OPTION 1:**

**PEO:** Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Additional Declaration

"The dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:

- derived from a crop which was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures and found to be free of regulated pests.

# **AND**

- treated for regulated insects as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment."

# **OPTION 2: PEO:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

#### D. For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for virus diseases

<u>Additional Declaration</u>: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and found free of virus diseases."

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Asparagus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

Quarantine Pests: Puccinia asparagi, virus diseases, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

**PEQ**: Level 3B **Minimum Period**: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

# As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

**PEQ**: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for tissue cultures sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Aster*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America.

Quarantine Pests: Aster yellows phytoplasma, Uredinales

**Entry Conditions: Basic;** with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 2

**Minimum Period**: 3 months

a. Conditions for Aster yellows phytoplasma

Additional Declaration: "Aster yellows phytoplasma is not known to occur in

[the country or state where the plants were grown]".

# **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for Aster yellows phytoplasma

<u>Additional Declaration</u>: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested or inspected and found free of Aster yellows phytoplasma".

# Beaucarnea

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Beaucarnea*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Cuttings and Whole Plants

**PEO:** Level 2

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

# **B.** For Plants in Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Begonia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Virus diseases

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

**PEO:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

B. For Dormant Bulbs from Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America:

# **OPTION 1:**

No import permit is required

PEQ: None

- a. Additional Declaration
  - i) For bulbs produced under an MPI-approved Dutch bulb propagation scheme: "In addition to inspection of the dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the imported bulbs meet the requirements of the BKD Class 1 bulb certification scheme."

#### OR

ii) For bulbs NOT produced under an MPI-approved bulb propagation scheme: "In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."

# **OPTION 2: PEO:** Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

C. For Dormant Bulbs from Countries <u>other than</u> Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America:

# **OPTION 1:**

PEQ: Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Additional Declaration
  - "The dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:
    - derived from a crop which was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures and found to be free of regulated pests.

# AND

- treated for regulated insects as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment."

# **OPTION 2: PEO:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

#### D. For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for virus diseases

<u>Additional declaration</u>: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and found free of virus diseases."

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Berberis*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

Quarantine Pests: Phytophthora ramorum, Uredinales, Xylella fastidiosa

**Entry Conditions: Basic;** with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants (dormant) or Cuttings (dormant):

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (see Section 2.2.1.11)
- b. Additional Declarations
  - i) "The plants were inspected during the previous growing season and no rust diseases were detected".

#### AND

- ii) "The plants have been dipped in propiconazole at the rate of 0.5g a.i. per litre of water".
- c. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

**Note:** Only applies to members of the *Berberis* genus.

Guidance for importers: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Bidens*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

# A. For Cuttings and Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- b. Additional Declaration

"The plants have been dipped in Furalaxyl at the rate of 0.25g a.i. per litre of water."

# **B. For Tissue Cultures**

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEO greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Bowenia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

Approved Countries: All except Australia and Italy

Quarantine Pests: Demyrsus meleoides

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Cuttings (dormant), including offsets in the form of dormant buds divided from the trunk

PEO: Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

Inspection Requirements: A minimum of 600 plants are to be inspected during each

inspection in post-entry quarantine

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Caladium*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Caladium virus X

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

B. For Dormant Bulbs from Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America:

#### **OPTION 1:**

No import permit is required.

PEQ: None

a. Additional Declaration

"In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."

#### **OPTION 2:**

**PEQ:** Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

C. For Dormant Bulbs from Countries <u>other than</u> Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America:

# **OPTION 1:**

**PEQ:** Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Additional Declaration
  - "The dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:
    - derived from a crop which was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures and found to be free of regulated pests.

# **AND**

- treated for regulated insects as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment."

**OPTION 2: PEQ:** Level 2

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

# **D. For Tissue Cultures**

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for Caladium virus X
 Additional Declaration: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock free of Caladium virus X."

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Calanthe*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests:** Orchid fleck dichorhavirus, Phytophthora capsici, Phytophthora palmivora, Tetranychus kanzawai, Uredinales

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

# A. For Whole Plants

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 1 year

- a. Additional Declaration
  - "The plants have been dipped in propiconazole at the rate of 0.5g a.i. per litre of water, prior to export".
- b. Conditions for Orchid fleck dichorhavirus

**Note:** Only applies to the following genera: Calanthe, Cattleya, Odontoglossum, Oncidium, Phaius, Schomburgkia and Stanhopea.

Growing season inspection in post-entry quarantine for symptom expression.

c. Conditions for Phytophthora capsici

Note: Only applies to the following genus: Vanilla

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

# OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

# d. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora*

Note: Only applies to the following genera: Epidendrum and Vanilla

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

# OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

# OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

# **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Camellia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America.

Quarantine Pests: Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora ramorum, Tetranychus kanzawai

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

# A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 2

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

Note: All visible flower buds are to be removed prior to export.

- a. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- b. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13) **Note:** Only applies to the following species: *Camellia japonica*
- c. Additional Declaration "The plants have been dipped in prochloraz at the rate of 0.5g a.i. per litre of water".

# **B.** For Cuttings

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

Note: All visible flower buds are to be removed prior to export.

- a. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- b. Additional Declaration

"The plants have been dipped in prochloraz at the rate of 0.5g a.i. per litre of water".

# C. For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Camellia sinensis*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

Approved	Afghanistan	Iran	Mongolia	Syria
<b>Countries:</b>	Armenia	Iraq	Myanmar	Taiwan
	Azerbaijan	Israel	Nepal	Tajikistan
	Bangladesh	Japan	North Korea	Thailand
	Bhutan	Jordan	Oman	Turkey
	Brunei	Kazakhstan	Pakistan	Turkmenistan
	Cambodia	Kuwait	Philippines	<b>United Arab Emirates</b>
	China	Kyrgyzstan	Saudi Arabia	Uzbekistan
	Georgia	Laos	Singapore	Vietnam
	India	Lebanon	South Korea	Yemen
	Indonesia	Malaysia	Sri Lanka	

Quarantine Pests: Exobasidium vexans, Phellinus noxius, Phloem necrosis, Phytophthora ramorum, Tetranychus kanzawai

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

# A. For Whole Plants

**PEO**: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- b. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13)

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

# As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

**PEQ**: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Canna*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Virus diseases, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (see section 2.2.1.12)

# B. For Dormant Bulbs from Australia and South Africa

# **OPTION 1:**

No import permit is required

PEQ: None

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (see section 2.2.1.12) **Note:** Only nursery stock sourced from a country recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* can be imported under this option.
- b. Additional Declaration

"In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."

# OPTION 2: PEO: Level 1

**Minimum Period: 3 months** 

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (see section 2.2.1.12) **Note:** Only nursery stock sourced from a country recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* can be imported under this option.

# C. For Dormant Bulbs from Countries other than Australia and South Africa

# OPTION 1: PEO: Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (see section 2.2.1.12) **Note:** Only nursery stock sourced from a country recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* can be imported under this option.
- b. Treatment: treated for regulated insects as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.
- c. Additional Declaration

"The dormant bulbs in this consignment have been derived from a crop which was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures and found to be free of regulated pests."

# **OPTION 2:**

PEQ: Level 2

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (see section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

# **D. For Tissue Cultures from All Countries**

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.
- b. Conditions for virus diseases

"The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and found free of virus diseases."

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Carica*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

**Quarantine Pests**: Papaya mosaic virus, Papaya ringspot virus, Phytophthora capsici, Phytophthora palmivora

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

# **OPTION 1:**

A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Additional Declaration
  - "Papaya mosaic virus and Papaya ringspot virus are not known to occur in [the country or state where the plants were grown]".
- b. Conditions for *Phytophthora capsici*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

# OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- c. Conditions for Phytophthora palmivora

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

# OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

# **B. For Tissue Cultures**

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2 **PLUS** 

a. Additional Declaration

"The cultures have been derived from parent material tested and found free of *Papaya mosaic virus* and *Papaya ringspot virus*."

# **OPTION 2:**

For Whole Plants and Tissue Cultures

**PEQ**: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 3 months

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Carpinus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

Quarantine Pests: Phytophthora ramorum, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

For Whole Plants (dormant) or Cuttings (dormant)

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (see Section 2.2.1.11)
- b. Additional Declaration

"The plants have been dipped in a combination of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert one of the options below], at the rate of 1g a.i. per litre of water, and thiram, at the rate of 1.5g a.i. per litre of water".

**Note:** One of the following fungicides is to be used:

Benomyl Carbendazim Thiophanate methyl

c. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

**Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Carya*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

Approved Countries: Australia, United States of America

**Quarantine Pests**: Ceratocystis fimbriata, Fusicladium effusum, Pecan bunch, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

# A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8) **Note**: Only applies to members of the *Carya* genus
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Note**: Only applies to members of the *Carva* genus
- c. Additional Declaration

"Fusicladium effusum and Pecan bunch are not known to occur in	[the
country or state where the plants were grown]".	

# **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2. PLUS

# As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

**PEQ**: Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Note**: Only applies to members of the *Carya* genus
- b. Additional Declaration

"Fusicladium effusum and	Pecan bunch are not known to	occur in[t	the
country or state where the	plants were grown]".		

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Carya ovata*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Ceratocystis fimbriata, Cryphonectria parasitica, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

# A. For Cuttings (dormant) and Whole Plants (dormant)

# **OPTION 1: PEO:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8) **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Carya* and *Ostrya* genera
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Note:** Only applies to the members of the *Liriodendron* genus **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- c. Additional Declaration

"Cryphonectria parasitica is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state where the plants/cuttings were produced]".

# OPTION 2: PEQ: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8) **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Carya* and *Ostrya* genera
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

  Note: Only applies to the members of the *Liriodendron* genus

# **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5)

  Note: Only applies to members of the *Liriodendron* genus

  Guidance for importers: There will be a minimum quarantine period of 6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse, for tissue cultures from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.
- b. Subject to examination at a transitional facility for the identification of organisms approved to facility standard 155.04.03, at the importers expense, prior to release to the importer.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Castanea*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America.

**Quarantine Pests:** Ceratocystis fagacearum, Conotrachelus carinife, Cryphonectria parasitica, Curculio spp., Dryocosmus kuriphilus, Phytophthora ramorum, Xylella fastidiosa

**Entry Conditions**: **Basic**; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

# A. For Whole Plants (dormant) and Cuttings (dormant)

**PEO**: Level 3B

**Minimum Period**: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- c. Conditions for *Cryphonectria parasitica* and *Ceratocystis fagacearum*One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:
  - i) "Cryphonectria parasitica and Ceratocystis fagacearum are not known to occur in \_\_\_\_[the country/state where the plants were grown]".

OR

ii) "The plants were inspected (or the wood was taken from a tree that was inspected) during the *previous* growing season and no *Cryphonectria parasitica* or *Ceratocystis fagacearum* was detected."

# **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

# As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

PEQ: Level 3B

**Minimum Period**: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.
- b. Conditions for Cryphonectria parasitica and Ceratocystis fagacearum

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "Cryphonectria parasitica and Ceratocystis fagacearum are not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country/state where the plants were grown]".

OR

ii) "The plants were inspected (or the tissue cultures were derived from a tree that was inspected) during the previous growing season and no *Cryphonectria parasitica* or *Ceratocystis fagacearum* was detected."

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Cedrus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Bursaphelenchus spp., Lophodermium spp., Phellinus noxius, Uredinales

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

**PEO**: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 6 months

a. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13)

Note: Only applies to the following species: *Chamaecyparis formosensis* and *Cupressus lusitanica* 

# **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2, but subject to examination at a transitional facility for the identification of organisms approved to facility standard 155.04.03, at the importers expense, prior to release to the importer.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Chrysanthemum*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America.

Quarantine Pests: Potato spindle tuber viroid, Uredinales, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

# A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a.	onditions for Uredinales
	dditional Declaration: "Rust diseases of genus Coleosporium and Cronartium are not
	nown to occur on [the host species being imported] in [the country
	which the plants were grown]".

b. Conditions for Potato spindle tuber viroid

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is not known to occur".

# OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Potato spindle tuber viroid*".

#### OR

- iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Chrysanthemum*".
- c. Conditions for Xylella fastidiosa (section 2.2.1.12)

  Note: Only applies to the members of the Argyranthemum and Chrysanthemum genera

  Guidance for importers: The minimum quarantine period will be 6 months for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from Xylella fastidiosa

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for Potato spindle tuber viroid

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Potato spindle tuber viroid*".

#### OR

iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Chrysanthemum*".

Guidance for importers: Tissue culture imported under this option must be imported into a <u>level 2</u> <u>PEQ greenhouse for a minimum period of 3 months</u> to undergo testing for the presence of *Potato spindle tuber viroid* during the quarantine period.

b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5)

Note: Only applies to the members of the *Argyranthemum* and *Chrysanthemum* genera

Guidance for importers: There will be a minimum quarantine period of 6 months in a Level 2 PEO greenhouse, for tissue cultures from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

# Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Chrysanthemum

ORGANISM	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	Comments
Viroids		
Potato spindle tuber viroid	PCR based methods	Applies to whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a level 2 PEQ facility

Guidance for importers: Testing in PEQ for the presence of *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is only necessary when an importer has been unable to secure one of the alternative declarations.

# Chrysanthemum × morifolium

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Chrysanthemum morifolium*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

**Quarantine Pests:** Frankliniella occidentalis, Liriomyza spp. Potato spindle tuber viroid, virus diseases, Xylella fastidiosa

**Entry Conditions: Basic:** with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- b. Conditions for Frankliniella occidentalis and Liriomyza spp."

  Additional Declaration: "The plants have been inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of Frankliniella occidentalis and Liriomyza spp."
- c. Conditions for Potato spindle tuber viroid
  One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:
  - i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Potato spindle tuber viroid*".

#### OR

iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Chrysanthemum morifolium*".

PEQ greenhouse for a minimum period of 3 months to undergo testing for the presence of *Potato spindle tuber viroid* during the quarantine period.

## **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for virus diseases

Additional Declaration: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and

found free of virus or virus like diseases."

- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEO greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.
- c. Conditions for Potato spindle tuber viroid

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Potato spindle tuber viroid*".

#### OR

iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Chrysanthemum morifolium*". **Guidance for importers:** Tissue culture imported under this option must be imported into a <a href="level2">level 2</a>

PEQ greenhouse for a minimum period of 3 months to undergo testing for the presence of *Potato spindle tuber viroid* during the quarantine period.

# Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Chrysanthemum morifolium*

ORGANISM	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	Comments
Viroids		
Potato spindle tuber viroid	PCR based methods	Applies to whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a level 2 PEQ facility

Guidance for importers: Testing in PEQ for the presence of *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is only necessary when an importer has been unable to secure one of the alternative declarations.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Cichorium*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests:** Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants or Cuttings

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

**Note:** Only applies to the following genera: *Gazania* and *Santolina*.

**Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for Xylella fastidiosa on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5)

**Note:** Only applies to the following genera: *Gazania* and *Santolina*.

Guidance for importers: There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

## Guidance:

Citrus nursery stock (plants for planting) is no longer eligible for import under this schedule.

Import requirements for *Citrus* plants for planting are now set out in: Import Health Standard: *Citrus* Plants for Planting, available on the plant imports website at: <a href="https://www.mpi.govt.nz/import/plants-flowers-seeds-plant-growing-products/nursery-stock/requirement-documents-for-importing-nursery-stock/">https://www.mpi.govt.nz/import/plants-flowers-seeds-plant-growing-products/nursery-stock/requirement-documents-for-importing-nursery-stock/</a>

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Clivia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Virus diseases, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

**PEO:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Agapanthus* genus.

## **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

- a. Conditions for virus diseases

  Additional Declaration: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and found free of virus diseases."
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.2.5)

Note: Only applies to members of the Agapanthus genus.

**Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Convallaria*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Pratylenchus convallariae

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Pratylenchus convallariae*Additional Declaration: "*Pratylenchus convallariae* is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state where the plants were grown]".

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Corylus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

Quarantine Pests: Anisogramma anomala, Monilinia fructigena, Phytophthora ramorum

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

**PEQ**: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)

## **B. For Tissue Cultures**

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

**PEO**: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 3 months

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Cotoneaster*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

Quarantine Pests: Gymnosporangium spp., Phytophthora ramorum, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Cuttings and Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (see section 2.2.1.11)
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (see section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from Xylella fastidiosa
- c. Conditions for Gymnosporangium spp.

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i)	"Gymn	sporangium spp. are not known to occur on[name of plant species
	in	_[the country or state where the plants were produced]".
0	R	

- ii) "The plants were from a crop inspected during the growing season and no rust diseases were detected".
- d. Additional Declaration

"The plants have been dipped in propiconazole at the rate of 0.5g a.i. per litre of water, prior to export".

## **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (see section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers**: There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEO greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Crataegus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America.

**Quarantine Pests**: Gymnosporangium clavipes, Gymnosporangium globosum, Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora capsici

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

# **OPTION 1 PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for Gymnosporangium clavipes and Gymnosporangium globosum
   i) Additional Declaration: "Gymnosporangium clavipes and Gymnosporangium globosum are not known to occur on \_\_\_\_\_ [host species being imported] in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state in which the plants were grown]".
   AND
  - ii) Additional Declaration: "The plants have been dipped in propiconazole at the rate of 0.5g a.i. per litre of water, prior to export".
- b. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13) **Note**: Only applies to members of the *Crataegus* genus
- c. Conditions for *Phytophthora capsici* **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Crataegus* genus

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

## OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

## OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

## **OPTION 2**

**PEQ:** Level 3B

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13) **Note**: Only applies to members of the *Crataegus* genus

## **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2, but subject to examination at a transitional facility for the identification of organisms approved to facility standard 155.04.03, at the importers expense, prior to release to the importer.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Crocosmia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Frankliniella occidentalis, virus diseases

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

B. For Dormant Bulbs from Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America:

#### **OPTION 1:**

No import permit is required

PEO: None

## a. Additional Declaration:

"In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."

# OPTION 2: PEO: Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

C. For Dormant Bulbs from Countries <u>other than</u> Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America:

## **OPTION 1:**

PEQ: Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Additional Declaration:

"The dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:

- derived from a crop which was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures and found to be free of regulated pests.

## **AND**

- treated for regulated insects as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.".

# **OPTION 2:**

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

#### D. For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for virus diseases
 <u>Additional Declaration</u>: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and found free of virus diseases."

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Crocus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Frankliniella occidentalis, virus diseases

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

B. For Dormant Bulbs from Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America:

#### **OPTION 1:**

No import permit is required

PEQ: None

- a. Additional Declaration
  - i) For bulbs produced under an MPI-approved Dutch bulb propagation scheme: "In addition to inspection of the dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the imported bulbs meet the requirements of the BKD Class 1 bulb certification scheme."

OR

ii) For bulbs NOT produced under an MPI-approved bulb propagation scheme: "In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."

#### **OPTION 2:**

PEQ: Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

C. For Dormant Bulbs from Countries <u>other than</u> Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America:

# **OPTION 1:**

**PEQ:** Level 1

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

## a. Additional Declaration

"The dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:

- derived from a crop which was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures and found to be free of regulated pests.

## **AND**

- treated for regulated insects as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment."

## **OPTION 2:**

**PEQ:** Level 2

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

## **D. For Tissue Cultures**

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for virus diseases

Additional Declaration: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and found free of virus diseases."

**Note:** These entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Cycas*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All except Australia, Cayman Islands, China, Costa Rica, Guam, Guatemala, Italy, Puerto Rico, Singapore, Taiwan, Thailand, U.S. Virgin Islands, United States of America (Florida and Hawaii) and Vietnam.

Quarantine Pests: Aulacaspis yasumatsui, Demyrsus meleoides, Phellinus noxius

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

# A. For Cuttings (dormant), including offsets in the form of dormant buds divided from the trunk

PEQ: Level 2

**Minimum Period:** 6 months

**Inspection Requirements:** A minimum of 600 plants are to be inspected during each inspection in post-entry quarantine

a. Conditions for *Aulacaspis yasumatsui*<u>Additional declaration</u>: "The nursery stock has been sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Aulacaspis yasumatsui*"

## **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Dahlia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

**Quarantine Pests**: Phymatotrichopsis omnivora, Phytophthora capsici, Potato spindle tuber viroid, Tetranychus kanzawai, Uredinales

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for Uredinales

  Additional Declaration: "Rust diseases are not known to occur on *Dahlia* in \_\_\_\_\_\_

  [the country in which the plants were grown]".
- b. Conditions for Phytophthora capsici

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- c. Conditions for Potato spindle tuber viroid

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Potato spindle tuber viroid*".

#### OR

iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Dahlia*".

B. For Dormant Bulbs from Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom:

## **OPTION 1:**

No import permit is required

PEO: None

## 1) For bulbs produced under an MPI-approved Dutch bulb propagation scheme

a. Additional Declaration

"In addition to inspection of the dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the imported bulbs meet the requirements of the BKD Class 1 bulb certification scheme."

b. Conditions for Phytophthora capsici

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

## OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- c. Conditions for Potato spindle tuber viroid

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Potato spindle tuber viroid*".

## 2) For bulbs NOT produced under an MPI-approved bulb propagation scheme:

a. Additional Declaration

"In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."

b. Conditions for Phytophthora capsici

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- c. Conditions for Potato spindle tuber viroid

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Potato spindle tuber viroid*".

## **OPTION 2:**

PEQ: Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for Phytophthora capsici

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- b. Conditions for *Potato spindle tuber viroid*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Potato spindle tuber viroid*".

## C. For Dormant Bulbs from the United States of America No import permit is required unless the bulbs require post-entry quarantine PEO: None or Level 2 (see below)

a. Additional Declaration

"In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests".

## b. Conditions for *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The dormant tubers have been sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The dormant bulbs have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

#### AND

- The consignment must be treated for fungi as described in Section 2.2.1.7 "Pesticide treatments for dormant bulbs". If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section of the phytosanitary certificate.

## **AND**

- Post-entry quarantine: Upon arrival in New Zealand the dormant bulbs will require a period of at least 3 months in Level 2 post-entry quarantine
- c. Conditions for Phytophthora capsici

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- d. Conditions for Potato spindle tuber viroid

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is not known to occur".

## OR

- ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Potato spindle tuber viroid*".
- D. For Dormant Bulbs from Countries <u>other than</u> Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America:

**PEQ:** Level 1 or Level 2 (see below)

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Additional Declaration

"The dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:

- derived from a crop which was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures and found to be free of regulated pests.

## AND

- treated for regulated insects as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment."

## b. Conditions for Phymatotrichopsis omnivora

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The dormant tubers have been sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The dormant bulbs have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

#### AND

- The consignment must be treated for fungi as described in Section 2.2.1.7 "Pesticide treatments for dormant bulbs". If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section of the phytosanitary certificate.

#### **AND**

- Post-entry quarantine: Upon arrival in New Zealand the dormant bulbs will require a period of at least 3 months in Level 2 post-entry quarantine

## c. Conditions for *Phytophthora capsici*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

## **OR**

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

## d. Conditions for Potato spindle tuber viroid

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is not known to occur".

## OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Potato spindle tuber viroid*".

## E. For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for Potato spindle tuber viroid

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Potato spindle tuber viroid*".

#### OR

iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Dahlia*".

Guidance for importers: Tissue culture imported under this option must be imported into a <u>level 2</u> <u>PEO greenhouse for a minimum period of 3 months</u> to undergo testing for the presence of *Potato spindle tuber viroid* during the quarantine period.

## b. Conditions for virus diseases

"The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and found free of virus diseases."

## Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Dahlia

ORGANISM	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	Comments
Viroids		
Potato spindle tuber		Applies to whole plants,
viroid		cuttings, and tissue culture
		imported into a level 2 PEQ
		facility

Guidance for importers: Testing in PEQ for the presence of *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is only necessary when an importer has been unable to secure one of the alternative declarations.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Delphinium*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America.

**Quarantine Pests**: Ceratocystis fimbriata, Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora capsici, Phytophthora palmivora, Uredinales, Xylella fastidiosa

**Entry Conditions: Basic;** with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 2

**Minimum Period**: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8) **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Erythrina* genus
- b. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13) **Note**: Applies to the following species: *Barleria cristata* and applies to all members of the *Erythrina* genus
- c. Conditions for *Phytophthora capsici* **Note:** Only applies to the following genus: *Carolinianum*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

## OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

d. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora* 

Note: Only applies to the following genus: Erythrina

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- e. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

**Note:** Only applies to the members of the *Clematis*, *Convolvulus*, *Crepis*, *Erigeron*, *Euryops*, *Geranium*, *Impatiens*, *Phyllanthus*, *Salvia* and *Senecio* genera

**Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

f. Conditions for Uredinales

Additional Declaration: "	Rust diseases of genus Coleosporium and Cron	<i>atium</i> are not
known to occur on	[the host species being imported] in	[the
country in which the plan	nts were grown]".	

## **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (see section 2.2.2.5)

**Note:** Only applies to the members of the *Clematis*, *Convolvulus*, *Crepis*, *Erigeron*, *Euryops*, *Geranium*, *Impatiens*, *Phyllanthus*, *Salvia* and *Senecio* genera

Guidance for importers: There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEO greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Dendrobium*" and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved countries:** All

Quarantine pests: Orchid fleck dichorhavirus, Phytophthora palmivora

Entry conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. Whole plants and cuttings

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum period: 3 months

a. Conditions for Orchid fleck dichorhavirus

Growing season inspection in post-entry quarantine for symptom expression.

b. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora* 

Note: Only applies to members of the genus: Cymbidium

One of the following additional declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*."

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*."

## OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*."

#### **B.** For tissue cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see section 2.2.2

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Dianthus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

**Quarantine Pests**: Frankliniella occidentalis, Liriomyza spp., Phytophthora capsici, Phytophthora palmivora, Uredinales

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for Frankliniella occidentalis and Liriomyza spp.

Additional Declaration: "The plants have been inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of *Frankliniella occidentalis* and *Liriomyza* spp."

- b. Conditions for Uredinales
  - <u>Additional Declaration</u>: "The plants were inspected during the growing season and no rust diseases were found".
- c. Conditions for Phytophthora capsici

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

## OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- d. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

## **B. For Tissue Cultures**

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

## Dianthus caryophyllus

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Dianthus caryophyllus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

**Quarantine Pests**: Frankliniella occidentalis, Liriomyza spp., Phytophthora capsici, Phytophthora palmivora

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below.

## A. For Whole Plants

# **OPTION 1:**

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for Frankliniella occidentalis and Liriomyza spp.

Additional Declaration: "The plants have been inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of *Frankliniella occidentalis* and *Liriomyza* spp."

b. Conditions for *Phytophthora capsici* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

## OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- c. Conditions for Phytophthora palmivora

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

## OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

## **OPTION 2: (For Netherlands only)**

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 4 weeks

- a. Additional Declarations
  - i) "The imported plants meet the requirements of the NAKtuinbouw Elite (Class SEE or EE) [choose one] certification scheme."

## **AND**

- ii) "The plants have been held at  $1.5^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$  for 2 days, then fumigated with methyl bromide at  $14g/\text{m}^3$  for 4 hours at  $15^{\circ}\text{C}$  and packed so that re-infestation with insects cannot occur."
- b. Conditions for Phytophthora capsici

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

## OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- c. Conditions for Phytophthora palmivora

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Diascia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

Quarantine Pests: Potato spindle tuber viroid

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants and Cuttings

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for Potato spindle tuber viroid

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Potato spindle tuber viroid*".

## OR

iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Diascia*".

## **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for Potato spindle tuber viroid

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Potato spindle tuber viroid*".

#### OR

iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Diascia*".

Guidance for importers: Tissue culture imported under this option must be imported into a <u>level 2 PEQ greenhouse for a minimum period of 3 months</u> to undergo testing for the presence of *Potato spindle tuber viroid* during the quarantine period.

# Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Diascia

ORGANISM	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	Comments
Viroids		
Potato spindle tuber viroid	PCR based methods	Applies to whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a level 2 PEQ facility

Guidance for importers: Testing in PEQ for the presence of *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is only necessary when an importer has been unable to secure one of the alternative declarations.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Dioscorea*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Phymatotrichopsis omnivora, Virus diseases

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

**PEO:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

B. For Dormant Bulbs from Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom:

#### **OPTION 1:**

No import permit is required

PEO: None

a. Additional Declaration

"In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."

## **OPTION 2:**

PEO: Level 1

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

C. For Dormant Bulbs from the United States of America No import permit is required unless the bulbs require post-entry quarantine.

**PEQ:** None or Level 2 (see below)

- a. Additional Declarations
  - i) "In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which

the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests".

#### **AND**

ii) "The dormant bulbs have been sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

#### OR

1. "The dormant bulbs have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

## **AND**

2. The consignment must be treated for fungi as described in Section 2.2.1.7 "Pesticide treatments for dormant bulbs". If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section of the phytosanitary certificate.

## **AND**

3. Post-entry quarantine: Upon arrival in New Zealand the dormant bulbs will require a period of at least 3 months in Level 2 post-entry quarantine.

D. For Dormant Bulbs from Countries <u>other than</u> Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America

**PEQ:** Level 1 or Level 2 (see below)

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

- a. Additional Declarations
  - i) "The dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:
    - derived from a crop which was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures and found to be free of regulated pests.
       AND
    - treated for regulated insects as described in section 2.2.1.7 'Pesticide treatments for dormant bulbs' in the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment."
  - ii) "The dormant tubers have been sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

#### OR

1. "The dormant bulbs have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

## **AND**

2. The consignment must be treated for fungi as described in Section 2.2.1.7 "Pesticide treatments for dormant bulbs". If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section of the phytosanitary certificate.

#### AND

3. Post-entry quarantine: Upon arrival in New Zealand the dormant bulbs will require a period of at least 3 months in Level 2 post-entry quarantine.

## **E. For Tissue Cultures**

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditons for virus diseases
 <u>Additional Declaration</u>: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and found free of virus diseases."

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Diospyros*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

**Quarantine Pests**: Cephalosporium diospyri, Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora capsici, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- b. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13)
- c. Conditions for Phytophthora capsici

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

## OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

## **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

**PEQ**: Level 3B

**Minimum Period**: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Dracaena*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests:** Chrysomphalus aonidum, Pantoea ananatis, Phytophthora palmivora, Xyleborus spp. (except Xyleborus compressus, Xyleborus saxeseni, Xyleborus truncatus)

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Cuttings and Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Additional Declarations

"The *Dracaena* cuttings/plants [choose one] in this consignment have been:

i) sourced from a 'pest free area' or 'pest free place of production' [choose one], free from *Xyleborus* spp. (except *Xyleborus compressus*, *Xyleborus truncatus* and *Xyleborus saxeseni*).

#### AND

ii) sourced from a 'pest free area' or 'pest free place of production' [choose one], free from *Chrysomphalus aonidum* 

#### OR

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of *Chrysomphalus aonidum*."
- b. Conditions for Phytophthora palmivora

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

## OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

## **Treatment for dormant cuttings:**

Dormant cuttings must be treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.6 (part B) of the Basic Conditions.

## Treatment for non-dormant cuttings and whole plants:

All *Dracaena* non-dormant cuttings and whole plants must be treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.6 (part B) of the Basic Conditions. Additionally, they must be treated on arrival as per MPI Standard *Approved Biosecurity Treatments* (MPI-ABTRT) ("Treatments for Dracaena whole plants and non-dormant cuttings").

**Inspection Requirements:** A minimum of 600 plants are to be inspected during each growing season inspection in post-entry quarantine.

## Measures for Pantoea ananatis:

The following measures will apply to **all** *Dracaena* species on entry into New Zealand or while in post entry quarantine.

- If plants exhibit any symptoms that may be indicative of infection with *Pantoea* ananatis, samples will be collected and submitted for diagnostic testing.
- If any plants are identified as being infected with *Pantoea ananatis*, the whole consignment must be either reshipped or destroyed, at the expense of the importer.

## **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Epipremnum*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

**Imports of** *Durio zibethinus* **are suspended.** Phytosanitary measures need to be reviewed before *Durio zibethinus* can be imported. Click here to learn how to request a review.

#### **Guidance:**

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests:** Phytophthora capsici, Phytophthora palmivora, Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

**B.** For Whole Plants or Cuttings

**PEQ**: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Phytophthora capsici* 

Note: Only applies to the following genera: Epipremnum, Macadamia and Philodendron

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- b. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate: iv) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

OR

v) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

- vi) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- c. Conditions for Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum

**Note:** Only applies to members of the following genus: *Epipremnum* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants were sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

**Note:** For phytosanitary certificates from Costa Rica, the following additional declaration can be accepted: "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested by PCR and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

d. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

Note: Only applies to members of the Clianthus and Macadamia genera.

**Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

#### C. For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

e. Conditions for Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum

**Note:** Only applies to members of the following genus: *Epipremnum* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants were sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

## OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

**Note:** For phytosanitary certificates from Costa Rica, the following additional declaration can be accepted: "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested by PCR and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

f. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.5)

Note: Only applies to members of the *Clianthus* and *Macadamia* genera.

**Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

## C. For Whole Plants and Cuttings imported into a level 3A PEQ facility

Note: Only applies to members of the following genus: Epipremnum

**Guidance for importers:** This option is for importers that have been unsuccessful at securing a PFA or PFPP declaration for *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*.

**PEQ:** Level 3A

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for Phytophthora capsici

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

v) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

vi) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

- vii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- b. Conditions for *Ralstonia pseduosolanacearum*Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Epipremnum*".

## D. For Tissue cultures imported into a level 3A PEQ facility

**Note:** Only applies to members of the following genus: *Epipremnum* **Guidance for importers:** This option is for importers that have been unsuccessful at securing a PFA or PFPP declaration for *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*.

## As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

**PEO:** Level 3A

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

a. Conditions for *Ralstonia pseduosolanacearum*Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Epipremnum*".

## Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Epipremnum

ORGANISM	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	Comments
Bacteria		
Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum	Growing season inspection in PEQ for symptom expression <b>AND</b> plating on selective media <b>OR</b> PCR	Applies to <i>Epipremnum</i> whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a
	Selective media GN 1 CR	level 3A PEQ facility

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Eriobotrya*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America.

**Quarantine Pests**: Ceratocystis fimbriata, Phellinus noxius, Pseudomonas syringae pv. eriobotryae

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8)
- b. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13) **Note**: Only applies to the following species: *Eriobotrya japonica*
- c. Conditions for *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *eriobotryae*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "Pseudomonas syringae pv. eriobotryae is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_[the country or state where the plants were grown]".

OR

ii) "The plants were from a nursery that has been inspected for the presence of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *eriobotryae* and none has been detected".

## **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Eucalyptus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests:** Ceratocystis fimbriata, Chrysoporthe cubensis, Endothia havanensis, Mycosphaerella parva, Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora ramorum, Puccinia psidii sensu lato (s.l.) complex (including Uredo rangelii), Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8)
- b. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- c. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)
- d. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13)

## **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures – see Section 2.2.2. PLUS

- Conditions for Xylella fastidiosa on tissue culture (see section 2.2.2.5)

  Guidance for importers: There will be a minimum quarantine period of 6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse, for tissue cultures from countries not recognized by MPI as free from Xylella fastidiosa.

  Guidance for importers: Tissue cultures which are imported under Option 2 of the conditions for Puccinia psidii s.l. complex, AND require PEQ under section 2.2.2.5, must complete the PEQ requirements for Puccinia psidii before being deflasked into the PEQ greenhouse.
- Conditions for *Puccinia psidii* s.l. complex

## **OPTION 1:**

- i) Additional Declaration
  - "Puccinia psidii s.l. complex (including Uredo rangelii) is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_ [the country of origin]".

    OR

- "The tissue cultures in this consignment have been actively growing in the culture container for at least four weeks at temperatures between 15-23°C (59-73.4°F)".
- ii) The tissue cultures are subject to examination at a transitional facility for the identification of organisms approved to facility standard 155.04.03, at the importers expense, prior to release to the importer.

## **OPTION 2:**

As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

PEQ: Level 2 Tissue culture laboratory

Minimum Period: 4 weeks

i) The cultures containers are not to be opened during the quarantine period.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Eugenia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** Australia, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom.

**Quarantine Pests:** *Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora palmivora, Puccinia psidii* sensu lato (s.l.) complex (including *Uredo rangelii*), *Xylella fastidiosa* 

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

# **OPTION 1: PEQ**: Level 2

**Minimum Period**: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (see section 2.2.1.12)
- b. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13) **Note**: Only applies to the following species: *Syzygium samarangense*
- c. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora* **Note:** Only applies to the members of the following genus: *Syzygium*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

## OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- d. Conditions for *Puccinia psidii* s.l. complex

  <u>Additional Declaration</u>: "*Puccinia psidii* s.l. complex (including *Uredo rangelii*) is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country of origin]".

## **OPTION 2:**

PEO: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (see section 2.2.1.12)
- b. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13)

**Note**: Only applies to the following species: Syzygium samarangense

#### **B. For Tissue Cultures**

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (see section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers**: There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

**Guidance for importers**: Tissue cultures which are imported under Option 2 of the conditions for *Puccinia psidii* s.l. complex, AND require PEQ under section 2.2.2.5, must complete the PEQ requirements for *Puccinia psidii* before being deflasked into the PEQ greenhouse.

b. Conditions for Puccinia psidii s.l. complex

#### **OPTION 1:**

- i) Additional Declaration
  - "Puccinia psidii s.l. complex (including Uredo rangelii) is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_[the country of origin]".

    OR
  - "The tissue cultures in this consignment have been actively growing in the culture container for at least four weeks at temperatures between 15-23°C (59-73.4°F)".

## **OPTION 2:**

As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

**PEO**: Level 2 Tissue culture laboratory

Minimum Period: 4 weeks

i) The cultures containers are not to be opened during the quarantine period.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Eupatorium*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom.

Quarantine Pests: Uredinales, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.
- b. Conditions for Uredinales

Additional Declaration:	"Rust diseases of genus <i>Coleosporium</i> and <i>Crona</i>	<i>tium</i> are not
known to occur on	[the host species being imported] in	[the
country in which the pla	ints were grown]".	

## **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2. PLUS

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (see section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers**: There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEO greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Eutrema*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: Japan

**Quarantine Pests**: Ascochyta brassicae, Athalia spp., Eurydema spp., Peronospora alliariae, Septoria wasabiae

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants and Cuttings

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

#### a. Additional Declaration

"Plants have been dipped in captan at the rate of 1.25g a.i. per litre of water within 1 week of export".

## b. Special Condition

On arrival in New Zealand the plants are to be treated, under the supervision of an Inspector, at an MPI-registered transitional facility by dipping in metalaxyl or furalaxyl at the rate of 1.2g a.i. per litre of water.

## **B.** For Tissue cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Fagus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America.

**Quarantine Pests:** Ceratocystis fimbriata, Cronartium quercuum, Phytophthora ramorum, Tortricidae, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic: with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Cuttings (dormant) and Whole Plants (dormant)

## OPTION 1:

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8) **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Fagus* genus
- b. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- c. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Note:** Only applies to the members of the *Fagus* genus
- d. Additional Declaration

"The plants have been dipped in propiconazole at the rate of 0.5g a.i. per litre of water."

## **OPTION 2:**

**PEO:** Level 3B

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8) **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Fagus* genus
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Fagus* genus

## **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (see section 2.2.2.5)

Note: Only applies to the members of the *Fagus* genus

Guidance for importers: There will be a minimum quarantine period of 6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse, for tissue cultures from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

**Note:** These entry conditions only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Fagus sylvatica*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1,2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America.

**Quarantine Pests:** Ceratocystis fimbriata, Cronartium quercuum, Cryphonectria parasitica, Phytophthora ramorum, Tortricidae, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants (dormant) and Cuttings (dormant)

## **OPTION 1: PEO:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8) **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Fagus* genus
- b. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- c. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)
- d. Conditions for Cryphonectria parasitica

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "Cryphonectria parasitica is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state where the plants/cuttings were grown]".

## OR, for cuttings only:

ii) "The tree(s), from which this material was taken, was inspected during the previous growing season and no *Cryphonectria parasitica* was detected".

## OR, for young plants:

iii) "The plants were inspected during the previous growing season and no *Cryphonectria parasitica* was detected".

## e. Additional Declaration

"The plants have been dipped in propiconazole at the rate of 0.5g a.i. per litre of water."

# **OPTION 2: PEQ:** Level 3B

Minimum Period: 6 months

a. Conditions for Ceratocystis fimbriata (section 2.2.1.8)

Note: Only applies to members of the Fagus genus

b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

## **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (see section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers**: There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEO greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.
- b. Subject to examination at a transitional facility for the identification of organisms approved to facility standard 155.04.03, at the importers expense, prior to release to the importer.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Ficus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

**Quarantine Pests**: Ceratocystis fimbriata, Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora capsici, Phytophthora palmivora, Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum, Uredo ficina, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

**Minimum Period**: 3 months

Note: Nursery stock of Ficus microcarpa must be free of flowers and fruit.

- a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8) **Note:** Only applies to the following species: *Ficus carica*
- b. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13)
- c. Conditions for Phytophthora capsici

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

## OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- d. Conditions for Phytophthora palmivora

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmiyora*".

## OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

e. Conditions for Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants were sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

#### OR

- ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

  Note: For phytosanitary certificates from Costa Rica, the following additional declaration can be accepted: 'The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested by PCR and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*'.
- f. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- g. Conditions for Uredo ficina

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "*Uredo ficina* is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state where the plants were grown]".

## OR

ii) "The *Ficus* spp. has been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', free from *Uredo ficina*"

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2. PLUS

## As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants were sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

#### OR

- ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum".
   Note: For phytosanitary certificates from Costa Rica, the following additional declaration can be accepted: 'The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested by PCR and found free from Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum'.
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.2.5)

Guidance for importers: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

c. Conditions for Uredo ficina

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "*Uredo ficina* is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_[the country or state where the plants were grown]".

#### OR

ii) "The *Ficus* spp. has been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', free from *Uredo ficina*".

## C. For Whole Plants and Cuttings imported into a level 3A PEQ facility

Guidance for importers: This option is for importers that have been unsuccessful at securing a PFA or PFPP declaration for *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*.

PEQ: Level 3A

Minimum Period: 3 months

Note: Nursery stock of Ficus microcarpa must be free of flowers and fruit.

a. Conditions for Ceratocystis fimbriata (section 2.2.1.8)

**Note:** Only applies to the following species: *Ficus carica* 

- b. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13)
- c. Conditions for *Phytophthora capsici*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- d. Conditions for Phytophthora palmivora

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- e. Conditions for Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum

Growing season inspection in PEQ for symptom expression AND plating on selective media OR PCR using DNA from the plant stem

f. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) Guidance for importers: The minimum quarantine period will be 6 months for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from Xylella fastidiosa g. Conditions for Uredo ficina One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate: i) "Uredo ficina is not known to occur in [the country or state where the plants were grown]". OR ii) "The Ficus spp. has been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', free from Uredo ficina" D. For Tissue Cultures imported into a level 3A PEO facility Guidance for importers: This option is for importers that have been unsuccessful at securing a PFA or PFPP declaration for Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum. As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required PEO: Level 3A **Minimum Period**: 3 months a. Conditions for Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum b. Growing season inspection in PEQ for symptom expression AND plating on selective media OR PCR using DNA from the plant stem c. Conditions for Xylella fastidiosa (section 2.2.2.5) Guidance for importers: The minimum quarantine period will be 6 months for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from Xylella fastidiosa d. Conditions for Uredo ficina

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "Uredo ficina is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state where the plants were grown]".

#### OR

ii) "The Ficus spp. has been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', free from Uredo ficina".

## Fortunella

## Guidance:

Fortunella nursery stock (plants for planting) is no longer eligible for import under this schedule.

Import requirements for Fortunella plants for planting are now set out in: Import Health Standard: Citrus Plants for Planting, available on the plant imports website at:

https://www.mpi.govt.nz/import/plants-flowers-seeds-plant-growing-products/nursery-stock/requirement-documents-for-importing-nursery-stock/

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Fragaria*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# 1. Type of *Fragaria* nursery stock approved for entry into New Zealand Cuttings (runner tips and stem cuttings only); Plants in tissue culture

*Fragaria* can be imported into Level 2 post entry quarantine from MPI-approved facilities, or into Level 3B post entry quarantine from non-approved facilities.

## 2. Pests of Fragaria

Refer to the pest list.

## 3. Entry conditions for:

# 3.1 Fragaria cuttings and tissue culture from offshore MPI-approved facilities in any country

An offshore approved facility is a facility that has been approved to the Administrative Standard: Standard for Offshore Facilities Holding and Testing Plants for Planting to undertake phytosanitary activities. For *Fragaria*, the approved facility operator must also have an agreement with MPI on the phytosanitary measures to be undertaken for *Fragaria*.

## (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the exporting country must accompany all *Fragaria* nursery stock exported to New Zealand. **Import permit:** an import permit is required.

## (ii) *Phytosanitary requirements*

Before a phytosanitary certificate is to be issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by MPI have been undertaken.

The Fragaria cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### AND

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.6 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to shipment [cuttings only].

#### AND

- held and tested for/classified free from specified regulated pests as required in the agreement between MPI and the [name of the MPI-approved facility].

#### **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following inspection and testing at the approved facility, and certification.

## (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section and by providing the following additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The Fragaria cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been:

- held and tested for/classified free from specified regulated pests as required in the agreement between MPI and the [name of the MPI-approved facility].

#### **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure infestation/reinfestation does not occur following inspection and testing at the approved facility, and certification."

## (iv) Post-entry quarantine

**PEQ**: All *Fragaria* nursery stock must be imported under permit into post-entry quarantine in a Level 2 greenhouse facility approved to the Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants.

Quarantine Period and Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements: The nursery stock will be grown for a minimum period of 6 months in post-entry quarantine and will be inspected, treated and/or audit-tested for regulated pests, at the expense of the importer. These periods are indicative minimum quarantine periods and may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

## 3.2 Fragaria cuttings and tissue culture from non-approved facilities in any country

## (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the exporting country must accompany all *Fragaria* nursery stock exported to New Zealand. **Import permit:** an import permit is required.

## (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is to be issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by MPI have been undertaken.

The Fragaria cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

## **AND**

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.6 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to shipment [cuttings only].

## **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

## (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section. No additional declarations are required.

## (iv) Post-entry quarantine

**PEQ**: All *Fragaria* nursery stock must be imported under permit into post-entry quarantine in a Level 3B greenhouse facility approved to the Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants.

Quarantine Period and Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements: The nursery stock will be grown for a minimum period of 16 months in post-entry quarantine and will be inspected, treated and/or audit-tested for regulated pests, at the expense of the importer. Sixteen months is an indicative minimum quarantine period and this period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

## Pest List for Fragaria

## **REGULATED PESTS (actionable)**

Insect

Insecta

Coleoptera

Attelabidae

Rhynchites germanicus

Bruchidae

Zabrotes arenarius

Cantharidae

Chauliognathus lugubris

Carabidae

Calathus fuscipes

Harpalus affinis

Harpalus rufipes

Nebria brevicollis

Pterostichus cupreus

Pterostichus madidus

Pterostichus melanarius

Chrysomelidae

Altica caerulescens

Chaetocnema concinna

Colaspis flavida

Galeruca tanaceti

Galerucella grisescens

Galerucella tenella

Haltica corrusca

Haltica pagana

Paria fragariae

Systena frontalis

Curculionidae

Anthonomus rubi

Anthonomus signatus

Apirocalus spp.

Barypeithes pellucidus

Cleonus kirbvi

Conotrachelus nenuphar

Donus salviae

Dyslobus decoratus

Dyslobus ursinus

Dyslobus wilcoxi

Geoderces spp.

Haplidia etrusca

Hypera brunneipennis

Myllocerus undecimpustulatus

Nemocestes fragariae

Nemocestes incomptus

Nemocestes longulus

Nemocestes sordidus

Orthorhinus aethops

Otiorhynchus armatus

Otiorhynchus clavipes

Otiorhynchus cribricollis

Otiorhynchus meridionalis

Otiorhynchus rotundatus

Otiorhynchus rugifrons

Otiorhynchus singularis

strawberry rhynchites

strawberry weevil

soldier beetle

ground beetle

strawberry seed beetle

strawberry seed beetle

common black ground beetle

strawberry ground beetle

strawberry ground beetle

strawberry ground beetle

leaf beetle

leaf feeding beetle

grape colaspis

strawberry leaf beetle

strawberry leaf beetle

strawberry leaf beetle

fles beetle

flea beetle

strawberry rootworm

flea beetle

strawberry blossom weevil

strawberry bud weevil

weevils

strawberry weevil

radish weevil

plum weevil

strawberry weevil

decorated strawberry root weevil

western strawberry root weevil Lacomb strawberry root weevil

root weevil

root weevil

Egyptian alfalfa weevil

grey weevil

strawberry root weevil

woods weevil

strawberry root weevil

strawberry root weevil

weevil

strawberry root weevil red-legged weevil

cribrate weevil

strawberry root weevil strawberry root weevil

strawberry root weevil

strawberry root weevil

Panscopus torpidus
Peritelopsis globiventris
Plinthodes taeniatus
Polydrusus cervinus
Polydrusus sericeus
Rhadinosomus lacordairei

Rhinaria perdix Rhynchites germanicus Sciaphilus asperatus Sciopithes obscurus Sitona hispidulus

Strophomorphus porcellus Thricolepis inornata Trigonoscuta pilosa

Tyloderma fragariae

Elateridae

Agriotes spp. (species not in New Zealand)

Nitidulidae

Carpophilus fumatus Glischrochilus hortensis Lobiopa insularis Stelidota spp. Stelidota geminata

Scarabaeidae

Anoplognathus porosus

Cetonia spp.

Cyclocephala borealis

Hoplia spp.
Lepidiota frenchi
Melolontha melolontha
Metanastes vulgivagus
Phyllopertha horticola
Phyllophaga decimlineata
Phyllophaga perversa

Popillia japonica Repsimus aeneus Rhopaea magnicornis

Serica spp.

Sericesthis geminata Sericesthis nigrolineata

Scolvtidae

Poecilips cardamomi

Silphidae

Heterosilpha aenescens

Collembola Sminthuridae

Bourletiella arvalis dorsobscura Sminthurus multidentatus

Diptera

Agromyzidae

Agromyza fragariae Agromyza spiraeae

Tipulidae
Tipula spp

Hemiptera Anthocoridae

Orius laevigatus

Lygaeidae

Euander lacertosus Nysius clevelandensis root weevil grey weevil root weevil weevil

green leaf weevil thin strawberry weevil strawberry weevil strawberry rhynchites strawberry root weevil obscure root weevil

root weevil weevil root weevil root weevil

strawberry crown borer

click beetles

sap beetle sap beetle strawberry borer sap beetles

strawberry sap beetle

Christmas beetle

chafers

northern masked chafer

white grubs
French's cane grub
cockchafer
black beetle
garden chafer
ten-lined June beetle

western ten-lined June beetle

Japanese beetle white grub

large pasture scarab white grubs priunose scarab

dusky pasture scarab

bark beetle

carrion beetle

garden springtail garden springtail

garden springtali

strawberry leafminer rose leafminer

leatherjackets

plant bug

lygaeid bug grey cluster bug Nysius spp.

Nysius vinitor

Miridae

Calocoris hobartensis Lygocoris pabulinus Lygus elisus

Lygus hesperus Lygus lineolaris Lygus rugulipennis

Plagiognathus arbustorum Plagiognathus chrysanthemi

Scolopostethus spp.

Pentatomidae

Acrosternum hilare Dolycoris baccarum

Pyrrhocoridae

Dindymus versicolor

Homoptera Alevrodidae

> Aleyrodes lonicerae Trialeurodes fernaldi

Trialeurodes packardi Trialeurodes ruborum

**Aphididae** 

Acyrthosiphon malvae rogersii Amphorophora agathonica

Aphis fabae Aphis forbesi

Aphis gossypii [vector] Aphis rubifolii

Aulacorthum solani [vector] Chaetosiphon jacobi Chaetosiphon minus

Chaetosiphon tetrarhodum [vector]

Chaetosiphon thomasi
Fimbriaphis fimbriata
Fimbriaphis wakibae
Macrosiphum pelargonii
Macrosiphum rosae [vector]
Myzaphis rosarum [vector]
Myzus ascalonicus [vector]
Myzus ornatus [vector]
Myzus persicae [vector]

Rhodobium porosum

Aphrophoridae Aphrophora alni

Aphrophora permutata

Cercopidae

Cercopis vulnerata Emelyanoviana mollicula Evacanthus interruptus Philaenus leucophthalmus

Cicadellidae

Aphrodes bicinctus Apogonalia grossa Coelidia olitoria Edwardsiana spp. Empoasca fabae Erythroneura elegantula

Euscelis spp.

bugs

Rutherglen bug

capsid

common green capsid pale legume bug tarnished plant bug tarnished plant bug tarnished plant bug

stink bug stink bug plant bugs

green stink bug stink bug

harlequin bug

strawberry whitefly

whitefly

strawberry whitefly

whitefly

strawberry aphid strawberry aphid bean aphid

strawberry root aphid cotton aphid raspberry aphid foxglove aphid strawberry aphid

strawberry aphid
lesser strawberry aphid
strawberry aphid
strawberry aphid
rose aphid
rose aphid
rose aphid
rose aphid
rose aphid
lesser rose aphid

shallot aphid ornate aphid green peach aphid

aphid

spittlebug

rhubarb spittlebug

red and black froghopper

spittlebug spittlebug spittlebug

strawberry leafhopper

lea fhopper lea fhopper lea fhoppers potato lea fhopper western grape lea fhopper

leafhoppers

Macrosteles spp. Scaphytopius acutus Zygina schneideri

Pseudococcidae

Chorizococcus arecae Dysmicoccus brevipes Planococcus citri Rhizoecus kondonis

mealybug pineapple mealybug citrus mealybug Kondo mealybug

leafhoppers leafhopper

leafhopper

Hymenoptera Tenthredinidae

> Allantus calceatus Allantus cinctus Cladius pectinicornis

Lepidoptera Gelechiidae

> Aristotelia fragariae Compsolechia fragariella

Geometridae Ascotis selenaria

Henialidae Hepialus lupulinus

Noctuidae

Agrotis spp. (species not in New Zealand)

Agrotis munda Agrotis segetum

Amphipoea interoceanica Helicoverpa punctigera Helicoverpa zea

Hydraecia interoceanica

Noctua pronuba Orthosia hibisci Peridroma saucia Phlogophora meticulosa Spodoptera exigua Spodoptera sunia Xestia c-nigrum

Psychidae

Hyalarcta huebneri

Pyralidae

Loxostege spp. Udea rubigalis

Sesiidae

Synanthedon bibionipennis

Tortricidae

Acleris comariana Ancylis comptana Ancylis fragariae Argyrotaenia citrana Cacoecimorpha pronubana Choristoneura lafauryana Choristoneura rosaceana Claremontia confusa

Clepsis busckana Clepsis spectrana Cnephasia asseclana

Cnephasia longana

Cnephasia stephensiana

Compsolechia fragariella Cryptoptila immersana

Epiphyas spp.

sawfly

curled rose sawfly antler sawfly

strawberry crown miner western strawberry lea froller

mugwort looper

swift moth

cutworms brown cutworm turnip moth

strawberry cutworm oriental tobacco budworm

bollworm noctuid moth

large yellow underwing speckled green fruitworm pearly underwing moth angleshades moth lesser armyworm cluster caterpillar spotted cutworm

leaf case moth

pyralid moths celery leaftier

strawberry crown moth

strawberry tortrix moth strawberry lea froller strawberry lea froller orange tortrix carnation leafroller strawberry lea froller oblique-banded leafroller

lea froller

cyclamen leafroller straw coloured tortrix

lea froller

omnivorous leaftier

lea ftier

western strawberry leafroller

ivy leafroller lea frollers

Lozotaenia forsteranalea frollerOlethreutes lacunanafruit tree tortrixOlethreutes olivaceanafruit tree tortrixPandemis dumetanafruit tree tortrixPlatynota stultanaomnivorous lea frollerPtycholoma peritanagarden tortrixSparganothis sulfureanablueberry lea froller

Orthoptera Acrididae

Phaulacridium vittatum wingless grasshopper

Gryllotalpidae

Gryllotalpa africana African mole cricket

Gryllotalpa gryllotalpa mole cricket

Scapteriscus acletus southern mole cricket Scapteriscus vicinus tawny mole cricket

Pyrgomorphidae

Atractomorpha crenaticeps grasshopper

Thysanoptera Thripidae

Scirtothrips dorsalis chilli thrips

Scolothrips sexmaculatus

Thrips atratus carnation thrips
Thrips major rose thrips

Mites

Arachnida Acarina

Diptilomiopidae

Diptacus fragarifoliae false spider mite

Tetranychidae

Tetranychus kanzawaikanzawaii miteTetranychus lobustusstrawberry spider miteTetranychus neocalendonicusMexican spider miteTetranychus pacificusPacific spider mite

Nematodes Adenophorea Dorylaimida

Longidoridae

Longidorus elongatus [vector] -

Longidorus sylphusneedle nematodeParalongidorus maximusneedle nematodeXiphinema americanum [Vector]dagger nematodeXiphinema chambersidagger nematodeXiphinema diversicaudatum [vector]dagger nematode

Secernentea Tylenchida

Aphelenchoididae

Aphelenchoides besseyi rice white-tip nematode

Belonolaimidae

Belonolaimus gracilis sting nematode

Criconematidae

Criconemoides curvatumring nematodeCriconemoides lobatumring nematode

Dolichodoridae

Tylenchorhynchus claytoni tobacco stunt nematode

Heteroderidae

Heterodera spp. cyst nematode

Hoplolaimidae

Hoplolaimus spp. crown-headed lance nematode

spiral nematode Helicotylenchus microlobus Rotylenchulus buxophilus reniform nematode Rotylenchulus goodeyi reniform nematode Scutellonema brachyurus spiral nematode

Paratylenchidae

Paratylenchus macrophallus pin nematode

Pratylenchidae

Pratylenchus brachyurus root lesion nematode Pratylenchus coffeae coffee root lesion nematode Pratylenchus loosi root lesion nematode Pratylenchus scribneri Scribner's root lesion nematode Pratylenchus zeae corn root lesion nematode

Radopholus similis burrowing nematode

Myriapod Diplopoda Polvdesmida Xvstodesmidae

> millipede Pleuroloma flavipes

**Molluscs** Gastropoda

Stylommatophora

Helicidae

Trichia striolata strawberry snail

**Fungi** 

Ascomycota **Dothideales** 

Mycosphaerellaceae

Mycosphaerella louisianae purple leaf spot

**Eurotiales** 

Trichocomaceae

Byssochlamys fulva byssochlamys rot

**Hypocreales** Hypocreaceae

> Schizoparme straminea (anamorph Coniella schizoparme fruit rot

castaneicola)

Leotiales Leotiaceae

Discohainesia oenotherae (anamorph Hainesia lythri) leaf spot

Basidiomycota: Basidiomycetes

Agaricales

**Tricholomataceae** 

armillaria root rot Armillaria bulbosa armillaria root rot Armillaria mellea (anamorph Rhizomorpha

subcorticalis)

Armillaria tabescens armillaria root rot

Ceratobasidiales Ceratobasidiaceae

> Ceratobasidium anceps (anamorph Sclerotium leaf rot

deciduum)

Rhizoctonia fragariae black root rot

Chytridiomycota Chytridiales **Olpidiaceae** 

> Olpidium brassicae [vector] Black root

**Basidiomycota: Teliomycetes** 

**Uredinales** Pucciniaceae Phragmidium mexicana

Phragmidium potentiallae leaf rust

Chytridiomycota Chytridiales Synchytriaceae

Synchytrium fragariae root gall

Mitosporic Fungi (Agonomycetes)

Agonomycetales

Unknown Agonomycetales

Rhizoctonia fragariae fruit and root rot

Mitosporic Fungi (Coelomycetes)

Sphaeropsidales Leptostromataceae

Kabatia fragariae leaf spot

Sphaerioidaceae

Coniella fragariae flower spot

Phyllosticta fragaricola phyllosticta lea f spot

Rhabdospora fragariaeleaf spotSeptoria fragariaeseptoria spotSeptoria fragariaecolaseptoria spotStagonospora fragariaestagonospora

**Unknown Coelomycetes** 

**Unknown Coelomycetes** 

Colletotrichum spp. (species not in New Zealand)

Glomerella cingulata (anamorph Colletotrichum strawberry anthracnose

gloeosporioides)

Marssonina canadensisleaf scorchMarssonina pakistanicaleaf scorchMarssonina potentillaeleaf scorchPestalotia longisetulaleaf spot

Pilidiella quercola schizoparme fruit rot

Mitosporic Fungi (Hyphomycetes)

Hyphomycetales Dematiaceae

Cercospora fragariae leaf spot

Cercospora vexans cercospora leaf spot

Idriella lunata root rot

Moniliaceae

Ramularia fragariae ramularia leaf spot Verticillium albo-atrum [severe strain] progressive wilt

Tuberculariales
Tuberculariaceae

Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. fragariae stub wilt

Oomycota

Peronosporales Peronosporaceae

Peronospora fragariae downy mildew Phytophthora capsici fruit rot of peppers

Pythiales Pythiaceae

Pythium debaryanum root rot
Pythium dissotocum root rot
Pythium hypogynum root rot

Pythium perniciosum root and stem rot

Pythium sylvaticum root rot

Zygomycota: Zygomycetes

Mucorales Mucoraceae

Mucor recurvus mucor rot

Rhizopus spp.

#### **Bacteria**

-\_

Erwinia pyrifoliae
Ralstonia solanacearum (Race 2)
Strawberry marginal chlorosis ['Candidatus phlomobacter fragariae']
Strawberry rickettsia yellows
Xanthomonas arboricola pv. fragariae
Xanthomonas fragariae
Xylella fastidiosa\*

moko disease

bacterial leaf blight angular leaf spot Pierce's disease

#### Viruses

-

Fragaria chiloensis latent virus [strains not in New Zealand]
Raspberry ringspot virus [strains not in New Zealand] Strawberry chlorotic fleck virus Strawberry latent ringspot virus [strains not in New Zealand]
Strawberry mild yellow edge-associated virus Strawberry pallidosis associated virus Strawberry pseudo mild yellow edge virus Strawberry vein banding virus Tobacco necrosis virus [strains not in New Zealand] Tobacco streak virus [strains not in New Zealand]
Tomato bushy stunt virus Tomato ringspot virus -

## Phytoplasmas

-

Aster yellows phytoplasma
Clover phyllody phytoplasma
Clover proliferation phytoplasma
Clover yellow edge phytoplasma
Stolbur phytoplasma
STRAWB1 phytoplasma
STRAWB2 phytoplasma
STRAWB2 phytoplasma
Strawberry green petal phytoplasma
Strawberry lea fy fruit phytoplasma
Strawberry multicipita phytoplasma
Strawberry multiplier phytoplasma
Strawberry phylloid fruit phytoplasma
Strawberry yellows phytoplasma

## Diseases of unknown aetiology

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Strawberry lethal decline disease

## Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Fragaria

ORGANISM TYPES	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	
Mites	Visual inspection AND approved miticide treatments as described in	
	section 2.2.1.6 of the basic conditions of the Import Health Standard Nursery Stock from All countries. [cuttings only] or binocular microscope inspection in PEQ [plants in vitro only]	
Nematodes	Growing season inspection in PEQ for symptoms of foliar nematodes	
Fungi	All cuttings must be dipped in 1% sodium hypochlorite for 2 minutes upon arrival in the post entry quarantine facility.  Growing season inspection in PEQ for symptom expression	
Oomycetes	All cuttings must be dipped in 1% sodium hypochlorite for 2 minutes upon arrival in the post entry quarantine facility.  Growing season inspection in PEQ for symptom expression	
Bacteria (and diseases caused by	All cuttings must be dipped in 1% sodium hypochlorite for 2 minutes	
bacteria-like organisms)	upon arrival in the post entry quarantine facility.	
Erwinia pyrifoliae	Growing season inspection for symptom expression AND PCR	
Ralstonia solanacearum (Race 2)	Growing season inspection for symptom expression.	
Strawberry marginal chlorosis ('Candidatus phlomobacter fragariae')	Growing season inspection for symptom expression AND PCR	
Strawberry rickettsia yellows	Growing season inspection for symptom expression	
Xanthomonas arboricola pv. fragariae	Growing season inspection for symptom expression AND PCR	
Xanthomonas fragariae	Growing season inspection for symptom expression AND PCR	
Xylella fastidiosa	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression AND PCR	
Viruses		
Fragaria chiloensis latent virus	PCR	
[strains not in New Zealand]		
Raspberryringspot virus [strains not in New Zealand]		
Strawberry chlorotic fleck virus	PCR	
Strawberry latent ringspot virus [strains not in New Zealand]	ELISA or PCR	
Strawberry mild yellow edge- associated virus	PCR	
Strawberry pallidosis associated virus		
Strawberry pseudo mild yellow edge virus		
Strawberry vein banding virus	PCR	
Tobacconecrosis virus [strains not in New Zealand]	ELISA or PCR	
Tobacco streak virus [strains not in New Zealand]	PCR	
Tomato bushy stunt virus	PCR	
Tomato ringspot virus	ELISA or PCR	
Phytoplasmas Growing season inspection AND nested PCR or real time PCR		
Diseases of unknown aetiology		
Strawberry lethal decline disease	Growing season inspection for symptom expression	

## **Notes:**

1. The unit for testing is defined in section 2.3.2.1.

- 2. Plants *in vitro*: all tissue culture plantlets must go through a period of dormancy before virus testing to increase the virus titre. Plantlets must also be potted up and grown in a greenhouse approved to facility standard PEQ.STD Post Entry Quarantine for Plants and only material from the greenhouse is to be selected for testing.
- 3. Virus testing is to be conducted on new spring growth.
- 4. Growing season is defined as an extended period of plant growth that includes environmental conditions equivalent to spring (longer wetter days and colder temperatures), summer (longer dryer days and warm temperatures), and autumn (shorter wetter days and warm but cooling temperatures).
- 5. Phytoplasma and bacteria testing is to be conducted at the end of the summer growth period. Plants must be sampled from at least two positions on the apical crown region.
- 6. Enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) tests. All ELISA tests must be validated using both positive and negative controls prior to use in quarantine testing. Positive, negative, and buffer controls must be used in all tests.
- 7. Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) tests. All PCR tests must be validated using positive controls prior to use in quarantine testing. Positive and no template controls must be used in all tests. Positive internal control primers and a negative plant control should also be used in PCR tests.
- 8. Inspection of the *Fragaria* plants by the operator of the PEQ facility for signs of pest and disease must be at least twice per week during periods of active growth.
- 9. Other internationally recognised testing methods may be accepted by MPI with prior notification.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Freesia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Virus diseases

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

B. For Dormant Bulbs from Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America:

## **OPTION 1:**

No import permit is required

PEQ: None

- a. Additional Declaration
  - i) For bulbs produced under an MPI-approved Dutch bulb propagation scheme: "In addition to inspection of the dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the imported bulbs meet the requirements of the NAKtuinbouw Elite (Class SEE or EE) or Select (Class A or E) [choose one] bulb certification scheme."

OR

ii) For bulbs NOT produced under an MPI-approved bulb propagation scheme: "In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."

**OPTION 2: PEO:** Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

C. For Dormant Bulbs from Countries <u>other than</u> Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America:

**OPTION 1: PEQ:** Level 1

## Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Additional Declaration
  - "The dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:
  - derived from a crop which was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures and found to be free of regulated pests.

## **AND**

- treated for regulated insects as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment."

# **OPTION 2: PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

## **D. For Tissue Cultures**

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

## **PLUS**

a. Conditions for virus diseases

Additional Declaration: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and found free of virus diseases."

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Fuchsia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

Quarantine Pests: Aculops fuchsiae (Fuchsia Gall Mite), Phytophthora ramorum, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants or Cuttings

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- c. Conditions for Aculops fuchsiae

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "Aculops fuchsiae is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state where the plants were grown]".

OR

ii) "The plants have been dipped in Carbaryl at the rate of 0.5g a.i. per litre of water".

## **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (see section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers**: There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEO greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Gaultheria*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America.

Quarantine Pests: Chrysomyxa ledi, Microsphaera spp, Phytophthora ramorum

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Chrysomyxa ledi* and *Microsphaera* spp.

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "Chrysomyxa ledi and Microsphaera spp. are not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_[the country or state of where the plants were grown]".

#### OR

- ii) "The plants were inspected during the growing season and no *Chrysomyxa ledi* or *Microsphaera* spp. was detected".
- b. Additional Declaration
  - "The plants have been dipped prior to export in propiconazole at the rate of 0.5g a.i. per litre of water."
- c. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Gentiana*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: Japan

Quarantine Pests: Cronartium flaccidum, Tetranychus kanzawai

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

**Minimum Period**: 3 months

a. Additional Declaration

"The plants have been dipped in oxycarboxin at 1.5g a.i. per litre of water, prior to export".

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Gerbera*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests**: Frankliniella occidentalis, Liriomyza spp., Phytophthora capsici, Phytophthora palmivora.

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

**PEQ**: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for Frankliniella occidentalis and Liriomyza spp.

Additional Declaration: "The plants have been inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of *Frankliniella occidentalis* and *Liriomyza* spp."

b. Conditions for Phytophthora capsici

Note: Only applies to the following genus: Gypsophila

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

# OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

# OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- c. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora* **Note:** Only applies to the following genus: *Gerbera*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

# **B.** For Tissue Cultures

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Gladiolus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Puccinia gladioli

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

**PEQ**: Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

a. Conditions for Puccinia gladioli

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "Puccinia gladioli is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state where the plants were grown]".

#### OR

ii) "The plants were inspected during the growing season and *Puccinia gladioli* was not detected".

B. For Dormant Bulbs (Corms) from Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America

# **OPTION 1:**

No import permit is required

PEQ: None

Cleanliness: Bulbs (corms) must be free of leafy coverings.

- a. Additional Declaration
  - i) For bulbs produced under an MPI-approved Dutch bulb propagation scheme: "In addition to inspection of the dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the imported bulbs meet the requirements of the BKD Class 1 bulb certification scheme."

OR

ii) For bulbs NOT produced under an MPI-approved bulb propagation scheme: "In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."

# OPTION 2: PEO: Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

Cleanliness: Bulbs (corms) must be free of leafy coverings.

C. For Dormant Bulbs from Countries <u>other than</u> Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America:

# **OPTION 1: PEQ:** Level 1

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

Cleanliness: Bulbs (corms) must be free of leafy coverings.

# a. Additional Declaration

"The dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:

- derived from a crop which was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures and found to be free of regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- treated for regulated insects as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment."

# **OPTION 2:**

PEQ: Level 2

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

Cleanliness: Bulbs (corms) must be free of leafy coverings.

# **D. For Tissue Cultures**

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under Glycyrrhiza", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

Quarantine Pests: Uromyces spp.

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Uromyces* spp.

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "*Uromyces* spp. are not known to occur on *Glycyrrhiza* in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state where the plants were grown]".

#### OR

ii) "The plants were inspected during the growing season and no *Uromyces* spp. were detected".

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Helianthus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

**Quarantine Pests**: Alternaria helianthi, Phymatotrichopsis omnivora, Plasmopara halstedii, Pseudomonas spp., Septoria helianthi, Uredinales, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

# For Dormant Tubers Only:

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- b. Conditions for *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*

#### **OPTION 1:**

i) <u>Additional Declaration</u>: "The dormant bulbs have been sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

# **OPTION 2:**

i) <u>Additional Declaration</u>: "The dormant bulbs have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

#### AND

ii) the consignment must be treated for fungi as described in section 2.2.1.7 "Pesticide treatments for dormant bulbs". If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section of the phytosanitary certificate.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Hippeastrum*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# 1. Type of Hippeastrum nursery stock approved for entry into New Zealand

Dormant bulbs

Plants in tissue culture

# 2. Pests of Hippeastrum

Refer to the pest list.

# 3. Entry conditions for:

# 3.1 Hippeastrum dormant bulbs from any country

#### (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

Import permit: an import permit is required.

# (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

The *Hippeastrum* dormant bulbs have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated nematodes and fungi OR treated for regulated nematodes and fungi as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated bacteria.

#### **AND**

- treated for regulated mites as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.

#### **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification

# (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section, and by providing the following additional declaration to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The Hippeastrum dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated nematodes and fungi [if applicable].

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated bacteria and phytoplasmas."

# (iv) Post-entry quarantine

PEQ: Level 1

**Quarantine Period**: This is the time required to complete inspections and/or testing to detect regulated pests. Three months is an indicative minimum quarantine period. The quarantine period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

# 3.2 Hippeastrum dormant bulbs from the Netherlands

### (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

**Import permit:** no import permit is required.

# (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

The *Hippeastrum* dormant bulbs have been:

- produced in accordance with the requirements of the BKD Class 1 bulb certification scheme and inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pest.

#### **AND**

- The bulbs are free from  $Armillaria\ mellea$  and  $Pratylenchus\ scribneri.$ 

#### AND

- Sourced from a pest free production site for *Hippeastrum* free from regulated nematodes and fungi and held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

#### (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section, and by providing the following additional declaration to the phytosanitary certificate:

- "The Hippeastrum dormant bulbs have been produced in accordance with the requirements of the BKD Class 1 bulb certification scheme and inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pest.

#### AND

- The bulbs are free from *Armillaria mellea* and *Pratylenchus scribneri*. **AND** 

- Sourced from a pest free production site for *Hippeastrum* free from regulated nematodes and fungi and held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification."

#### (iv) Post-entry quarantine

Post-entry quarantine is not required provided that the above measures have been completed.

# 3.3 Hippeastrum plants in tissue culture from any country

# (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

Import permit: no import permit is required.

# (ii) Special tissue culture media requirements

The tissue culture media must not contain charcoal.

# (iii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

The *Hippeastrum* plants in tissue culture have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### AND

- derived from parent stock inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### (iv) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by providing the following additional declaration to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The *Hippeastrum* plants in tissue culture have been derived from parent stock inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests".

#### (iv) Post-entry quarantine

Post-entry quarantine is not required provided that the above measures have been completed overseas. Alternatively, the inspection and testing may be completed in post-entry quarantine upon arrival in New Zealand according to the following conditions:

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

**Import permit:** an import permit is required.

**PEO**: Level 3B

**Quarantine Period**: This is the time required to complete inspections and/or testing to detect regulated pests. Three months is an indicative minimum quarantine period. The quarantine period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required

# Pest List for Hippeastrum

# **REGULATED PESTS (actionable)**

Mite

Arachnida

Acarina

Tarsonemidae

Steneotarsonemus laticeps bulb scale mite

Nematode Secernentea Tylenchida

**Pratylenchidae** 

Pratylenchus coffeae coffee root lesion nematode
Pratylenchus scribneri Scribneri's root lesion nematode

**Fungus** 

Basidiomycota: Basidiomycetes

Agaricales

Tricholomataceae

Armillaria mellea (anamorph Rhizomorpha

subcorticalis)

armillaria root rot

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under 'Hoya", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Hoya undetermined tobamoviruses

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

# A. For Cuttings and Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Hoya* undetermined tobamoviruses
Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to 'Inspection, Testing and Treatment
Requirements for *Hoya*'

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2. PLUS

#### As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

**PEQ:** Level 2 greenhouse **Minimum Period:** 3 months

a. Conditions for *Hoya* undetermined tobamoviruses
Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to 'Inspection, Testing and Treatment
Requirements for *Hoya*'

# Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Hoya

ORGANISM	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	Comments
Viruses		
Hoya	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	Applies to whole plants,
undetermined	symptom expression AND RT-PCR	cuttings and tissue culture
tobamoviruses		plants

#### Notes:

- 1. All *Hoya* plants within a consignment will need to be tested for *Hoya* undetermined tobamoviruses.
- 2. Samples for the screening of *Hoya* undetermined tobamoviruses should be taken as close to the end of the PEQ period as practically possible.
- 3. Screening for *Hoya* undetermined to bamoviruses can be done on unbulked material or bulked samples of up to five plants.
- 4. If a single positive sample is detected within a consignment, the whole consignment must be either reshipped or destroyed at the expense of the importer.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Hydrangea*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

Quarantine Pests: Phellinus noxius, Tetranychus kanzawai, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

**PEO**: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- b. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13) **Note**: Only applies to the following species: *Hydrangea chinensis* and *Morus alba*

# **B.** For Cuttings

**PEQ**: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

#### C. For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (see section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers**: There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEO greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Ipomoea batatas*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

Quarantine pests: Helicobasidium mompa, Streptomyces ipomoea, virus diseases, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 3B

**Minimum Period**: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

# **B. For Tissue Cultures**

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

# As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

PEO: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Iris*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# 1. Type of Iris nursery stock approved for entry into New Zealand

Whole plants

Dormant bulbs

Plants in tissue culture

#### 2. Pests of Iris

Refer to the pest list.

## 3. Entry conditions for:

# 3.1 Iris whole plants and dormant bulbs from any country

#### (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

Import permit: an import permit is required.

# (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

The *Iris* dormant bulbs or whole plants have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

# AND

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated nematodes and fungi OR treated for regulated nematodes and fungi as described in section or section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated bacteria and viruses.

#### AND

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.6 [whole plants] or section 2.2.1.7 [dormant bulbs] of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.

#### **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

# (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection

Treatment" section, and by providing the following additional declaration to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The Iris dormant bulbs or whole plants [choose one] in this consignment have been:

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated nematodes and fungi [if applicable].

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'Pest free area', 'Pest free place of production' or 'Pest free production site', free from regulated bacteria and viruses."

## (iv) Post-entry quarantine

# Whole plants and dormant bulbs

PEQ: Level 1

**Quarantine Period**: This is the time required to complete inspections and/or testing to detect regulated pests. Three months is an indicative minimum quarantine period. The quarantine period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required. Cut flowers may receive biosecurity clearance while the imported plants remain in post-entry quarantine following inspection of the parent plants and with prior approval from an MPI Inspector.

# 3.2 Iris whole plants and dormant bulbs from the Netherlands

# (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

**Import permit:** no import permit is required.

# (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

The *Iris* dormant bulbs or whole plants have been:

- produced in accordance with the requirements of the Bloembollenkeuringsdienst (BKD) Class 1 bulb certification scheme.

#### **AND**

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated nematodes and fungi OR treated for regulated nematodes and fungi as described in section or section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated bacteria and viruses.

#### AND

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.6 [whole plants] or section 2.2.1.7 [dormant bulbs] of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.

#### **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

# (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section, and by providing the following additional declaration to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The *Iris* dormant bulbs or whole plants [choose one] in this consignment have been:

- produced in accordance with the requirements of the BKD Class 1 bulb certification scheme.

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated nematodes and fungi [if applicable].

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated bacteria and viruses."

#### (iv) Post-entry quarantine

Post-entry quarantine is not required provided that the above measures have been completed.

# 3.3 Iris plants in tissue culture from any country

## (i) <u>Documentation</u>

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

**Import permit:** no import permit is required.

# (ii) Special tissue culture media requirements

The tissue culture media must not contain charcoal.

# (iii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

The *Iris* plants in tissue culture have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### AND

- derived from parent stock inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- derived from parent stock tested using molecular/ serological methods [choose ONE option] and found free of *Tobacco rattle virus*.

# (iv) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by providing the following additional declaration to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The *Iris* plants in tissue culture have been derived from parent stock:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests

#### **AND**

- tested using molecular/ serological methods [choose ONE option] and found free of *Tobacco rattle virus*."

# (iv) Post-entry quarantine

Post-entry quarantine is not required provided that the above measures have been completed overseas. Alternatively, the inspection and testing may be completed in post-entry quarantine upon arrival in New Zealand according to the following conditions:

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

Import permit: an import permit is required.

**PEQ**: Level 3B

**Quarantine Period**: This is the time required to complete inspections and/or testing to detect regulated pests. Three months is an indicative minimum quarantine period. The quarantine period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

# Pest List for Iris

# **REGULATED PESTS (actionable)**

Insect

Insecta

Coleoptera

Scarabaeidae

Popillia japonica Japanese beetle

Homoptera

Pseudococcidae

Aleyrodes spiraeoides [whole plants only] -

Pseudococcidae

Phenacoccus avenae -Phenacoccus emansor -

Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi [whole plants only] Jack Beardsley mealybug

Rhizoecus palestineae root mealybug

Lepidoptera Hepialidae

Hepialus humulighost swift mothHepialus lupulinusswift moth

Noctuidae

Hydraecia micacea potato stem borer

Macronoctua onusta iris borer

Thysanoptera Thripidae

Frankliniella iridis iris thrips

Mite

Arachnida Acarina

Tarsonemidae

Steneotarsonemus laticeps bulb scale mite

Nematode Secernentea

Tylenchida

Criconematidae

Hemicycliophora typica sheath nematode

Dolichodoridae

Tylenchorhynchus gaudialis -

Hoplolaimidae

Rotylenchus goodeyi spiral nematode

Meloidogynidae

Meloidogyne arenaria peanut root knot nematode

Meloidogyne ichinohei -

**Fungus** 

Ascomycota Dothideales

Leptosphaeriaceae

Trematosphaeria heterospora -

Leotiales

Sclerotiniaceae

Botryotinia convoluta (a namorph Botrytis convallariae) stem rot Botryotinia polyblastis (a namorph Botrytis polyblastis) fire disea se Sclerotinia bulborum black slime

Basidiomycota: Basidiomycetes

Agaricales

Tricholomataceae

Armillaria mellea (anamorph Rhizomorpha armillaria root rot

subcorticalis)

Lachnocladiales

Lachnocladiaceae

Scytinostroma eurasiaticogalactinum white root rot

**Phallales** 

Hysterangiaceae

Hysterangium boudieri -

mitosporic fungi (Agonomycetes)

Agonomycetales

unknown Agonomycetales

Rhizoctonia tuliparum basal rot Sclerotium rolfsii var. delphinii sclerotium rot

**Bacterium** 

Pseudomonadaceae

Burkholderia gladioli pv. gladioli bacterial rot

Virus

Broad bean wilt virus Iris fulva mosaic virus Iris germanica leaf stripe virus Japanese iris necrotic ring virus Tobacco rattle virus [strains not in New Zealand] -

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Juglans*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America.

**Quarantine Pests**: Ceratocystis fimbriata, Erwinia nigrifluens, Erwinia quercina pv. rubrifaciens, Gnomonia leptostyla, Walnut blackline, Walnut bunch/brooming disease, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

**PEO**: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8) **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Juglans* genus
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

#### **B. For Tissue Cultures**

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

# As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

PEQ: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 6 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.2.5) **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Juglans* genus

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Juniperas*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Bursaphelenchus spp., Lophodermium spp., Uredinales, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

For Whole Plants PEQ: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 6 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Note:** Only applies to the members of the *Juniperus* genus

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Kalmia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America.

Quarantine Pests: Chrysomyxa ledi, Microsphaera spp., Phytophthora ramorum

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Cuttings and Whole Plants from Australia (these commodities may not be imported from other countries)

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Additional Declaration
  - "The plants have been dipped prior to export in propiconazole at the rate of 0.5g a.i. per litre of water."
- b. Conditions for *Chrysomyxa ledi* and *Microsphaera* spp.

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "Chrysomyxa ledi and Microsphaera spp. are not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_[the country or state of where the plants were grown]".

# OR

- ii) "The plants were inspected during the growing season and no *Chrysomyxa ledi* or *Microsphaera* spp. was detected".
- c. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)

#### **B. For Tissue Cultures:**

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Liatris*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America.

Quarantine Pests: Phymatotrichopsis omnivora, Uredinales

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

# A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for Uredinales

Additional Declaration: "Rust diseases of genus Coleosporium and Cronatium are not known to occur on \_\_\_\_\_ [the host species being imported] in \_\_\_\_ [the country in which the plants were grown]".

B. For Dormant Bulbs from Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom:

#### **OPTION 1:**

No import permit is required

PEO: None

a. Additional Declaration

"In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."

# **OPTION 2: PEO:** Level 1

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

# C. For Dormant Bulbs from the United States of America

No import permit is required unless the bulbs require post-entry quarantine.

**PEQ:** None or Level 2 (see below)

#### a. Additional Declarations

"In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests".

# b. Conditions for *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The dormant tubers have been sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The dormant bulbs have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

#### AND

- the consignment must be treated for fungi as described in Section 2.2.1.7 "Pesticide treatments for dormant bulbs". If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section of the phytosanitary certificate.

# AND

- Post-entry quarantine: Upon arrival in New Zealand the dormant bulbs will require a period of at least 3 months in Level 2 post-entry quarantine.

# **D. For Tissue Cultures**

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Lilium*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# 1. Type of Lilium nursery stock approved for entry into New Zealand

Dormant bulbs

Plants in tissue culture

#### 2. Pests of Lilium

Refer to the pest list.

#### 3. Entry conditions for:

#### 3.1 Lilium dormant bulbs from the Netherlands

#### (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

**Import permit:** no import permit is required.

# (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

#### The *Lilium* dormant bulbs have been:

- produced in accordance with the requirements of the Bloembollenkeuringsdienst (BKD) Class 1 bulb certification scheme.

#### **AND**

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated nematodes and fungi OR treated for regulated nematodes and fungi as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated bacteria and viruses.

#### **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

# (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section, and by providing the following additional declaration to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The *Lilium* dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:

- produced in accordance with the requirements of the BKD Class 1 bulb certification scheme.

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated nematodes and fungi [if applicable].

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated bacteria and viruses."

# **AND**

One of the following Additional Declarations for *Phytophthora capsici*:

- "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

OR

- "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

- "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

# (iv) Post-entry quarantine

Post-entry quarantine is not required provided that the above measures have been completed.

# 3.2 Lilium dormant bulbs from any country other than the Netherlands

# (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

Import permit: an import permit is required.

# (ii) *Phytosanitary requirements*

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

#### The *Lilium* dormant bulbs have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### AND

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated nematodes and fungi OR treated for regulated nematodes and fungi as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated bacteria and viruses.

#### AND

**AND** 

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

# (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section, and by providing the following additional declaration to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The Lilium dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated nematodes and fungi [if applicable].

#### AND

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated bacteria and viruses."

#### **AND**

One of the following Additional Declarations for *Phytophthora capsici*:

- "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

- "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

- "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

# (iv) Post-entry quarantine

# PEQ: Level 1

Quarantine Period: This is the time required to complete inspections and/or testing to detect regulated pests. Three months is an indicative minimum quarantine period. The quarantine period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required. Cut flowers may receive biosecurity clearance while the imported plants remain in post-entry quarantine following inspection of the parent plants (including inspection for bulbils) and with prior approval from an MPI Inspector.

# 3.3 Lilium plants in tissue culture from any country

#### (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

**Import permit:** no import permit is required.

#### (ii) Special tissue culture media requirements

The tissue culture media must not contain charcoal.

# (iii) *Phytosanitary requirements*

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

The *Lilium* plants in tissue culture have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

**AND** 

- derived from parent stock inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

- derived from parent stock tested using molecular/ serological methods [choose ONE option] and found free of *Apple stem grooving virus* and *Tobacco rattle virus*.

# (iv) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by providing the following additional declaration to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The *Lilium* plants in tissue culture have been derived from parent stock:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests

**AND** 

- tested using molecular/ serological methods [choose ONE option] and found free of *Apple stem grooving virus* and *Tobacco rattle virus*."

# (iv) Post-entry quarantine

Post-entry quarantine is not required provided that the above measures have been completed overseas. Alternatively, the inspection and testing may be completed in post-entry quarantine upon arrival in New Zealand according to the following conditions:

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

**Import permit:** an import permit is required.

PEO: Level 3B

**Quarantine Period**: This is the time required to complete inspections and/or testing to detect regulated pests. Three months is an indicative minimum quarantine period. The quarantine period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

# **Pest List for Lilium**

# **REGULATED PESTS (actionable)**

REGULATED TESTS (actionable)	
Insect	
Insecta	
Collembola	
Entomobryidae	
Entomobrya multifasciata	Springtail
Lepidoptera	
Yponomeutidae	
Acrolepiopsis lilivora	-
Mite	
Arachnida	
Acarina	
Acaridae	
Schwiebea cuncta	-
Schwiebea taiwanensis	-
Tenuipalpidae	
Brevipalpus lilium	false spider mite
Nematode	
Adenophorea	
Dorylaimida	
Longidoridae	1 , 1
Xiphinema insigne Trichodoridae	dagger nematode
Paratrichodorus spp. (except P. lobatus, P. minor, P.	-
pachydermus, P. porosus) Trichodorus spp. (except T. christiei, T. cottieri, T.	
porosus, T. primitivus)	-
Secernentea	
Tylenchida	
Meloidogynidae	
Meloidogynespp. (except M. ardenensis, M. hapla, M.	_
incognita, M. javanica, M. naasi)	
Pratylenchidae	
Pratylenchus brachyurus	root lesion nematode
Fungus	
Ascomycota	
Dothideales	
Mycosphaerellaceae	
Didymellina intermedia	black rot
Mycosphaerella martagonis	black blotch
Basidiomycota: Basidiomycetes	
Agaricales	
Tricholomataceae	
Armillaria mellea (anamorph Rhizomorpha	armillaria root rot
subcorticalis)	
Auriculariales	
Auriculariaceae	• 1 4
Helicobasidium mompa	violet root rot
Basidiomycota: Teliomycetes	
Uredinales	
Pucciniaceae	

Puccinia sporoboli (anamorph Aecidium lilii) Uromyces aecidiiformis

Rust rust fungi

Uromyces holwayi mitosporic fungi (Agonomycetes) Agonomycetales unknown Agonomycetales Rhizoctonia tuliparum basalrot Sclerotium rolfsii var. delphinii sclerotium rot Sclerotium wakkeri Blackleg mitosporic fungi (Coelomycetes) Sphaeropsidales Sphaerioidaceae Macrophoma lilii black root rot Phyllosticta liliicola black rot unknown Coelomycetes unknown Coelomycetes Colletotrichum lilii mitosporic fungi (Hyphomycetes) **Hyphomycetales** Moniliaceae Botrytis hyacinthi hyacinth blight Ramularia vallisumbrosae white mould Oomycota **Peronosporales** Peronosporaceae Phytophthora capsici Fruit rot of peppers **Tuberculariales Tuberculariaceae** Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. lilii basalrot unknown Hyphomycetes unknown Hyphomycetes Aureobasidium microstictum **Bacterium** Enterobacteriaceae Erwinia lilii Virus Apple stem grooving virus [strains not in New Zealand] -Lily rosette virus

Tobacco rattle virus [strains not in New Zealand]

Tomato ringspot virus

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Litchi*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

Approved Countries: Australia

Quarantine Pests: Aceria litchii, Phellinus noxius, Xyloryctidae (Lepidoptera)

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13)
- b. Conditions for *Aceria litchii* and members of the Xyloryctidae family <u>Additional Declaration</u>: "The plants were grown on a nursery that has been inspected for the presence of *Aceria litchii* and members of the Xyloryctidae family and none were found".

# **B.** For Tissue Cultures

# Lithocarpus densiflorus

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Lithocarpus densiflorus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America.

Quarantine Pests: Ceratocystis fagacearum, Cronartium quercuum, Phytophthora ramorum, Tortricidae

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants (dormant) and Cuttings (dormant)

# **OPTION 1: PEO:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

a. Conditions for Ceratocystis fagacearum

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "Ceratocystis fagacearum is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state where the plants/cuttings were grown]".

# OR, for cuttings:

ii) "The tree(s), from which this material was taken, was inspected during the previous growing season and no *Ceratocystis fagacearum* was detected".

#### OR, for young plants:

- iii) "The plants were inspected during the previous growing season and no *Ceratocystis fagacearum* was detected".
- b. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- c. Additional Declaration

"The plants have been dipped in propiconazole at the rate of 0.5g a.i. per litre of water".

# **OPTION 2: PEQ:** Level 3B

Minimum Period: 6 months

# **B. For Tissue Cultures**

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2, but subject to examination at a transitional facility for the identification of organisms approved to facility standard 155.04.03, at the importers expense, prior to release to the importer.

# Lophophora williamsii

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Lophophora williamsii*, and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

**Import permit:** an import permit is required. Before applying for an import permit, the importer must obtain written approval to import from:

Director General of Health Ministry of Health PO Box 5013 Wellington

Attention: Advisor, Controlled Drug Licensing

Telephone: 04 496 2438

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Malus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## 1. Type of Malus nursery stock approved for entry into New Zealand

Cuttings (dormant); plants in tissue culture

*Malus* can be imported into Level 2 or Level 3A post entry quarantine from MPI-approved facilities, or into Level 3B post entry quarantine from non-approved facilities.

#### 2. Pests of Malus

Refer to the pest list.

## 3. Entry conditions for:

## 3.1 *Malus* cuttings and tissue culture from offshore MPI-approved facilities in any country

An offshore approved facility is a facility that has been approved to the Administrative Standard: Standard for Offshore Facilities Holding and Testing Plants for Planting to undertake phytosanitary activities. For *Malus*, the approved facility operator must also have an agreement with MPI on the phytosanitary measures to be undertaken for *Malus*. Refer to the "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Malus*".

## (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the exporting country must accompany all *Malus* nursery stock exported to New Zealand. **Import permit:** an import permit is required.

#### (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the NPPO of the exporting country must be satisfied that the following activities required by MPI have been undertaken.

The *Malus* cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### AND

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.6 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to shipment [cuttings only].

## AND

- held and tested for/classified free from specified regulated pests as required in the agreement between MPI and the [name of the MPI-approved facility].

#### AND

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following inspection and testing at the approved facility, and certification.

#### (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section [cuttings only] and by providing the following additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The Malus cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been:

- held and tested for/classified free from specified regulated pests as required in the agreement between MPI and the [name of the MPI-approved facility].
   AND
- held in a manner to ensure infestation/reinfestation does not occur following inspection and testing at the approved facility, and certification."

## (iv) Post-entry quarantine

**PEQ**: All *Malus* nursery stock must be imported under permit into post-entry quarantine in a Level 2 or Level 3A greenhouse facility approved to the Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants.

# **Quarantine Period and Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements**: The nursery stock will be grown:

(a) for a minimum period of six months (of active continuous growth) in a Level 2 post-entry quarantine greenhouse, following a minimum period of two growing seasons in an offshore MPI-approved facility. Plants will be inspected, treated and/or audit-tested for regulated pests, at the expense of the importer.

#### OR

(b) for a minimum period of 12 months of active growth (including at least one period of six months of active continuous growth) in a Level 3A post-entry quarantine greenhouse, following a minimum period of one growing season in an offshore MPI-approved facility. Plants will be inspected, treated and/or audit-tested for regulated pests, at the expense of the importer.

## Special requirements for plants imported into a Level 3A quarantine facility:

- Plants must be irrigated using a method which prevents water coming into contact with plant foliage (such as drip irrigation). Overhead irrigation must not be used.
- Contingency plans must be developed to identify actions that will be taken to contain the propagules of any fungal or oomycete disease organisms in the event of disease symptoms becoming evident during the quarantine period. These plans must be recorded in the facility operating manual.

For tissue cultures, the post-entry quarantine period begins when tissue cultures are deflasked into the PEQ greenhouse. The total quarantine period in New Zealand is an indicative minimum quarantine period and this period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

#### Guidance:

The import permit will identify the length of the quarantine period and level of post-entry quarantine for plants imported from an offshore MPI-approved facility. This will depend on how long plants are held at the offshore facility before they are exported to New Zealand, as follows:

- If plants are held at the offshore facility for a minimum of two growing seasons prior to export, the minimum quarantine requirements will be six months active continuous growth in a Level 2 post-entry quarantine facility.
- If plants are held at the offshore facility for a minimum of one growing season prior to export, the minimum quarantine requirements will be 12 months active growth (including at least one period of six months active continuous growth) in a Level 3A post-entry quarantine facility.

## 3.2 Malus cuttings and tissue culture from non-approved facilities in any country

## (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the exporting country must accompany all *Malus* nursery stock exported to New Zealand. **Import permit:** an import permit is required.

## (ii) *Phytosanitary requirements*

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the NPPO of the exporting country must be satisfied that the following activities required by MPI have been undertaken.

The *Malus* cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.6 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to shipment [cuttings only].

## **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

## (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section [cuttings only]. No additional declarations are required.

## (iv) *Post-entry quarantine*

**PEQ**: All *Malus* nursery stock must be imported under permit into post-entry quarantine in a Level 3B greenhouse facility approved to the Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants.

Quarantine Period and Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements: The nursery stock will be grown for a minimum period of 24 months in a post-entry quarantine greenhouse. For tissue cultures, the quarantine period begins when tissue cultures are deflasked into the PEQ greenhouse. During this time, imported material will be inspected, treated and/or tested for regulated pests as specified in the "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Malus*", at the expense of the importer. These times are indicative minimum quarantine periods and may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

## **Pest List for Malus**

Insecta  Coleoptera Attelabidae Rhynchites caeruleus Bostrichidae Amphicerus bicaudatus Apate monachus Buprestidae Agrilus mali Agrilus spp. Chrysobothris femorata Chrysobothris mali Chrysobothris spp. Sphenoptera lafertei Cerambycidae Aeolesthes sarta Apriona germarii Apriona japonica Batocera rufomaculata Phryneta spinator Curculionidae Anthonomus piri Eremnus atratus Apple twig cutter	Insect	
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		apple Halliminer

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Pyralidae
Euzophera semifuneralis

Ostrinia nubilalis

Cryptophasa melanostigma

fruit tree borer

American plum borer European corn borer

Sesiidae

Thamnosphecia pyri apple bark borer Synanthedon scitula pecan tree borer

Mite

Arachnida

Acarina

Eriophyidae

Aculops maluseriophyid miteEriophyes maliWillamette spider mitePhyllocoptes malieriophyid miteCenopalpus chitraliensisbryobia miteCenopalpus haqiibanana mite

Cenopalpus orakiensis Bailey's apple rust mite

Cenopalpus pulcher flat scarlet mite

Tenuipalpidae

Brevipalpus liliumfalse spider miteBrevipalpus obovatusprivet miteTenuipalpus taonicusPacific miteRhinotergum schestovicimite

Tetranychidae

Eotetranychus carpini false spider mite Eotetranychus uncatus Lewis spider mite Eotetranychus willamettei hazel mite Oligonychus gossypii tetranychid mite Oligonychus newcomeri spider mite Oligonychus yothersi avocado red mite Tetranychus canadensis four spotted spider mite Tetranychus kanzawai Kanzawa spider mite Tetranychus mcdanieli McDaniel spider mite Tetranychus schoenei Schoenei spider mite Amphitetranychus viennensis hawthorn spider mite

Tydeidae

Tydeus spp. tydeid mites

**Fungus** 

Ascomycota: Ascomycetes

Diaporthales Valsaceae

Diaporthe tanakae (anamorph Phomopsis tanakae) pear canker
Leucostoma auerswaldii leucostoma canker

**Diatrypales** 

Diatrypaceae

Eutypella sorbi stem disease

**Dothideales** 

Mycosphaerellaceae

Mycosphaerella pyri (anamorph Septoria pyricola) leaf fleck of pear

Mycosphaerella tulasnei rot

Schizothyriaceae

Schizothyrium perexiguum greasy blotch

**Erysiphales** 

Erysiphaceae

Pleochaeta mali powdery mildew

Heotiales

Dermateaceae

Diplocarpon mali black spot
Pezicula perennans perennial canker

Sclerotiniaceae

Grovesinia pyramidalis (anamorph Cristulariella moricola) target spot Monilinia laxa f. sp. mali brown rot

Monilinia mali monilinia lea f blight
Monilinia fructigena (anamorph Monilia fructigena) European brown rot

Rhytismatales Cryptomycetaceae Phacidiopycnis rot Potebniamyces pyri (anamorph Phacidiopycnis piri) **Sordariales** Chaetomiaceae Chaetomium spp. fruit rot **Taphrinales Taphrinaceae** . Taphrina bullata leaf blister **Xylariales** Xylariaceae Biscogniauxia marginata nailhead canker Daldinia vernicosa wood rot black root rot Xvlaria mali Ascomycota: Saccharomycetes **Saccharomycetales** Endomycetaceae Endomycopsis mali rot Basidiomycota: Basidiomycetes Agaricales Coprinaceae Coprinus psychromorbidus coprinus rot Tricholomataceae armillaria root rot Armillaria mellea armillaria root rot Armillaria ostovae Armillaria tabescens armillaria root rot Ceratobasidiales Ceratobasidiaceae thread blight Ceratobasidium stevensii Ganodermatales Ganodermataceae Ganoderma lucidum wood rot Hymenochaetales Hymenochaetaceae Phellinus pomaceus white heart rot Lachnocladiales Lachnocladiaceae Scytinostroma galactinum white root rot **Polyporales** Corticiaceae Corticium koleroga thread blight Cyphellaceae Maireina marginata wood decay Meripilaceae Phlebia radiata wood decay Trametes ochracea wood decay **Poriales** Coriolaceae Ceriporia spissa wood rot Coriolopsis gallica white rot wood decay Fomes fomentarius brown cubical rot Fomitopsis pinicola Laetiporus sulphureus (anamorph Sporotrichum versisporum) brown cubical rot Lenzites betulina wood decay Oxyporus latemarginatus wood decay Oxyporus similis wood decay **Stereales** Atheliaceae Butlerelfia eustacei storage rot

neck rot

Sclerotinia spp.

Sistotremataceae

Phymatotrichopsis omnivorum Texas root rot

**Basidiomycota: Urediniomycetes** 

**Uredinales** 

Pucciniaceae

Gymnosporangium clavipes quince rust

Gymnosporangium cornutum rust

Gymnosporangium fuscum European pear rust Gymnosporangium globosum American hawthorn rust

Gymnosporangium hemisphaericum

Gymnosporangium libocedri Pacific Coast pear rust Gymnosporangium nelsonii Rocky Mountain pear rust

Gymnosporangium nidus-avis

Gymnosporangium nootkatense vellow cypress rust

Gymnosporangium shiraianum rust

Gymnosporangium spp. cedar apple rust

Gymnosporangium tremelloides common juniper gall rust Gymnosporangium yamadae Japanese apple rust Gymnosporangium juniperi-virginianae cedar apple rust

**Unknown Uredinales** 

Roestelia fenzeliana rust Roestelia levis rust

**Basidiomycota: Ustomycetes** 

**Platygloeales** 

Platygloeaceae

Helicobasidium mompa violet root rot

Mitosporic Fungi (Coelomycetes)

**Sphaeropsidales Sphaerioidaceae** 

bark disease Cytospora schulzeri Dothiorella mali fruit rot Phomopsis truncicola blight Phyllosticta solitaria apple blotch Phyllosticta spp. leaf spot Pyrenochaeta mali fruit rot

Sphaeropsis pyriputrescens Sphaeropsis rot

Mitosporic Fungi (Hyphomycetes)

Hyphomycetales Dematiaceae

Alternaria mali

alternaria blotch

Alternaria spp.

Helminthosporium papulosum black pox mouldy core Cladosporium spp. Epicoccum spp. mouldy core

Stemphylium spp.

*Ulocladium* spp. cladosporium rot

Moniliaceae

coloured moulds Aspergillus spp.

Botrvtis mali fruit rot Cephalosporium carpogenum fruit rot

Cephalosporium spp.

Penicillium spp. rot

Ramularia macrospora bellflower leaf spot verticillium wilt Verticillium spp.

**Tuberculariales** 

Tuberculariaceae

Fusarium spp.

**Unknown Hyphomycetes** 

Oidium spp. powdery mildew Oomycota: Oomycete Peronosporales

Peronosporaceae

Phytophthora capsici Phytophthora palmivora fruit rot of peppers

black rot

**Bacterium** 

**Schizomycetes** 

Pseudomonadales

Pseudomonadaceae

Pseudomonas syringae pv. papulans

blister spot

Virus

Cherry rasp leaf virus Tomato bushy stunt virus Tomato ringspot virus

Viroid

Apple dimple fruit viroid Apple fruit crinkle viroid Apple scar skin viroid

Phytoplasma

'Candidatus Phytoplasma asteris' 'Candidatus Phytoplasma mali'

Apple sessile leaf phytoplasma Apple proliferation phytoplasma

Disease of unknown aetiology

Apple blister bark agent Apple brown ringspot agent Apple bumpy fruit agent Apple bunchy top agent

Apple dead spur agent

Apple decline

Apple freckle scurf agent

Apple green dimple and ring blotch agent Apple junction necrotic pitting agent

Apple McIntosh depression agent

Apple marrow leaf agent

Apple Newton wrinkle agent Apple pustule canker agent

Apple red ring agent

Apple rosette agent

Apple rough skin agent

Apple russet wart agent

Apple star crack agent

Apple transmissible internal bark necrosis agent

Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Malus

ORGANISM TYPES	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS
Mites	Visual inspection <b>AND</b> approved miticide treatments as described in the section 2.2.1.6 of the Basic conditions [cuttings only] <b>or</b> binocular microscope inspection in PEQ [plants in tissue culture only]
Fungi	All cuttings must be dipped in 1% sodium hypochlorite for 2 minutes upon arrival in the post entry quarantine facility.  Growing season inspection in PEQ for symptom expression
Oomycetes	All cuttings must be dipped in 1% sodium hypochlorite for 2 minutes upon arrival in the post entry quarantine facility.  Growing season inspection in PEQ for symptom expression
Bacteria	
Pseudomonas syringae pv. papulans	All cuttings must be dipped in 1% sodium hypochlorite for 2 minutes upon arrival in the post entry quarantine facility.  Growing season inspection for symptom expression AND PCR
Viruses	
Cherry rasp leaf virus	PCR
Tomato bushy stunt virus	PCR
Tomato ringspot virus	ELISA or PCR
Viroids	•
Apple dimple fruit viroid	PCR
Apple fruit crinkle viroid	PCR
Apple scar skin viroid	PCR
Phytoplasmas	
'Candidatus Phytoplasma asteris' (Apple sessile leaf phytoplasma)	Nested PCR or real time PCR using universal phytoplasma primers
<i>'Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma mali'	Nested PCR or real time PCR using universal phytoplasma primers
(Apple proliferation phytoplasma)	
Diseases of unknown aetiology	
Apple blister bark agent	Growing season inspection
Apple brown ringspot agent	Growing season inspection
Apple bumpy fruit agent Apple bunchy top agent	Growing season inspection Growing season inspection
Apple dead spur agent	Growing season inspection  Growing season inspection
Apple decline	Growing season inspection  Growing season inspection
Apple decline Apple freckle scurf agent	Growing season inspection  Growing season inspection
Apple green dimple and ring blotch agent	Growing season inspection
Apple junction necrotic pitting agent	Growing season inspection
Apple McIntosh depression agent	Growing season inspection
Apple narrow leaf agent	Growing season inspection
Apple Newton wrinkle agent	Growing season inspection
Apple pustule canker agent	Growing season inspection
Apple red ring a gent	Growing season inspection
Apple rosette agent	Growing season inspection
Apple rough skin agent	Growing season inspection
Apple russet wart agent	Growing season inspection
Apple star crack agent	Growing season inspection
Apple transmissible internal bark necrosis age	nt Growing season inspection

#### **Notes:**

1. 'Pest free area' or 'pest free place of production' endorsements for regulated viruses, viroids, phytoplasmas, and diseases of unknown actiology must be assessed by MPI prior to permit issue. The

- exporting NPPO must endorse additional declarations on the phytosanitary certificate, to be considered equivalent to testing in post entry quarantine.
- 2. The <u>unit for testing</u> is definied in section 2.3.2.1.
- 3. **Tissue culture plantlets** must be deflasked and grown in a post entry quarantine greenhouse, only material from the greenhouse is to be selected for testing.
- 4. Growing season is defined as an extended period of plant growth that includes environmental conditions equivalent to spring (longer wetter days and colder temperatures), summer (longer dryer days and warm temperatures), and autumn (shorter wetter days and warm but cooling temperatures).
- 5. Virus testing is to be conducted on new spring growth.
- 6. Phytoplasma and bacteria testing is to be conducted at the end of the summer growth period.
- 7. **Testing protocols** for tests completed in New Zealand are described in the Malus (Apple) Post-Entry Quarantine Testing Manual, which can be viewed on the website: http://www.mpi.govt.nz/protection-and-response/laboratories/plant-health-and-environment-laboratory/publications/
- 8. Inspection of the Malus plants by the operator of the PEQ facility for signs of pest and disease must be at least twice per week for the first three months of active growth, and during spring and autumn. All other times of active growth (summer), plants should be inspected once per week. A record of inspections carried out by the Operator is to be kept and made available to the MPI Inspector on request.
- 9. Other internationally recognised testing methods may be accepted by MPI with prior notification.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Mangifera*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

**Imports of** *Mangifera indica* are suspended. Phytosanitary measures need to be reviewed before *Mangifera indica* can be imported. Click here to learn how to request a review.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

Approved Countries: Australia, India, Mexico, Pakistan, Philippines

**Quarantine Pests**: Ceratocystis fimbriata, Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora palmivora, Xanthomonas campestris pv. mangiferae-indicae, and Xylella fastidiosa.

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

**PEQ**: Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for Ceratocystis fimbriata (section 2.2.1.8)
- b. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13)

Note: Only applies to the following species: Mangifera indica

c. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

## OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- d. Conditions for Xanthomonas campestris pv. mangiferae-indicae

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate: i) "Xanthomonas campestris pv. mangiferae-indicae is not known to occur in [the country or state where the plants were grown]". OR ii) "The plants were inspected during the growing season and no Xanthomonas campestris pv. mangiferae-indicae was detected". e. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) Guidance for importers: The minimum quarantine period will be 6 months for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from Xylella fastidiosa **B.** For Tissue Cultures As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required PEO: Level 2 Minimum Period: 6 months a. Conditions for Xanthomonas campestris pv. mangiferae-indicae One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate: i) "Xanthomonas campestris pv. mangiferae-indicae is not known to occur in [the country or state where the plants were grown]".  $\mathbf{OR}$ ii) "The plants were inspected during the growing season and no Xanthomonas campestris pv. mangiferae-indicae was detected".

- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) Guidance for importers: There will be a minimum quarantine period of 6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse, for tissue cultures from countries not recognised by MPI as free from Xylella fastidiosa.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Metrosideros*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

**Imports of** *Plinia cauliflora* **are suspended.** Phytosanitary measures need to be reviewed before *Plinia cauliflora* can be imported. <u>Click here to learn how to request</u> a review.

#### Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

**Quarantine Pests**: Ceratocystis fimbriata, Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora palmivora, Puccinia psidii sensu lato (s.l.) complex (including Uredo rangelii), Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

## **OPTION 1: PEQ**: Level 2

**Minimum Period**: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8)

  Note: Only applies to members of the *Metrosideros* and *Pimenta* genera
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Callistemon*, *Leptospermum*, *Metrosideros*, *Myrtus* and *Psidium* genera
- c. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13) **Note:** Only applies to the following species: *Melaleuca leucadendra*
- d. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora* **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Psidium* genus

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- e. Conditions for *Puccinia psidii* s.l. complex (including *Uredo rangelii*)

  <u>Additional Declaration</u>: "*Puccinia psidii* s.l. complex (including *Uredo rangelii*) is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_\_ [the country of origin]".

## **OPTION 2:**

PEQ: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8) **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Metrosideros* and *Pimenta* genera
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Note:** Only applies to members of the Callistemon, Leptospermum, Metrosideros, Myrtus and Psidium genera

#### **B. For Tissue Cultures**

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2.

### **PLUS**

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (see section 2.2.2.5) **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Callistemon, Leptospermum, Metrosideros, Myrtus* and *Psidium* genera
- b. Conditions for *Puccinia psidii* s.l. complex (including *Uredo rangelii*)

#### **OPTION 1:**

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "Puccinia psidii s.l. complex (including Uredo rangelii) is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country of origin]".

#### UK

ii) "The tissue cultures in this consignment have been actively growing in the culture container for at least four weeks at temperatures between 15-23°C (59-73.4°F)".

#### **OPTION 2:**

## As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

**PEQ**: Level 2 Tissue culture laboratory

Minimum Period: 4 weeks

- The cultures containers are not to be opened during the quarantine period. **Guidance for importers**: Tissue cultures imported under this option must complete the PEQ requirements for *Puccinia psidii* before being deflasked into the PEQ greenhouse.

## Miscanthus x giganteus

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Miscanthus x giganteus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

- 1. Approved Countries: United Kingdom and United States of America
- 2. **Type of material permitted entry:** Plants *in-vitro*
- 3. **Pests of Miscanthus x giganteus** Refer to the enclosed pest list.

## 4. Entry conditions:

#### (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the exporting country must accompany all *Miscanthus* x *giganteus* nursery stock exported to New Zealand.

**Import permit:** an import permit is required.

#### (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

The full botanical name of *Miscanthus* x *giganteus* must be identified upon the phytosanitary certificate.

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the NPPO of the exporting country must be satisfied that the following activities required by MPI have been undertaken.

The *Miscanthus x giganteus* plants in tissue culture have been:

- derived from mother plants which were not expressing symptoms of infection by regulated pests prior to the excision of the in-vitro plantlets.

## **AND**

- derived from explant material which has been surface sterilised in a solution of 0.5% sodium hypochlorite and sterile water, or MPI approved alternative treatment.

#### AND

- propagated in culture media which is clear.

#### **AND**

- prepared by asexual reproduction (clonal techniques) under sterile conditions.

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

**AND** 

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

## (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section. The following additional declarations must be identified on the phytosanitary certificate.

"The Miscanthus x giganteus plants in-vitro in this consignment have been:

- derived from mother plants sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from *Leifsonia xyli* subsp. *xyli*, Miscanthus streak virus, and Sugarcane mosaic virus
   AND
- derived from mother plants sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from *Ustilago scitaminea* **OR** derived from explants that have been subjected to two consecutive hot water treatments at a minimum temperature of 50°C for 3 hours per treatment **OR** two consecutive hot water treatments at a minimum temperature of 52°C for 1 hour per treatment"

## (iv) Inspection, Testing and Treatment of the consignment

Where an additional declaration cannot be attested to on the phytosanitary certificate by the NPPO, testing of material shall be completed in post-entry quarantine upon arrival in New Zealand as specified within the testing and treatment requirements in this schedule.

## (v) Post-entry quarantine

PEQ: Level 2

**Quarantine Period**: A minimum post entry quarantine period of 60 days of active continuous growth, within environmental conditions comprising a minimum average daily temperature of 20°C, and 8 hour light period shall be required to complete inspections and/or testing for pests as specified within the enclosed Regulated Pest List.

The quarantine period may be extended if material is slow growing, environmental requirements are not met, pests are detected, or additional treatments/tests are required. Subculturing is not to be undertaken during the PEQ period without prior approval from MPI. The costs of all inspections, tests and treatments while the *Miscanthus* x *giganteus* plant material is in PEQ shall be borne by the importer.

## (vi) Conditions for Xylella fastidiosa on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5)

Guidance for importers: There will be a minimum quarantine period of 6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse, for plant material from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

## Regulated Pest List for Miscanthus x giganteus:

#### **Bacteria**

Acidovorax avenae ssp. avenae Leifsonia xyli subsp. Xyli Xylella fastidiosa Bacterial leaf blight Sugarcane ratoon stunting disease

Bacterial leaf scorch

### Fungi

Acremonium sp.
Colletotrichum sp.
Diaporthe sp.
Diplodia sp.
Drechslera gigantean

Drechslera gigantean
Fusarium miscanthi
Fusarium pallidoroseum
Glomerella sp.

Glomerella tucumanensis
Helminthosporium sp.
Leptosphaeria sp.
Magnaporthe salvinii
Mycosphaerella recutita
Mycosphaerella striatiformans

Nigrospora sp.
Passalora koepkei
Peronosclerospora sp.
Phlyctema sp.

Phlyctema sp.
Phoma sp.
Phomopsis sp.
Phyllachora sp.

Puccinia melanocephala Ramularia sp.

Rhizoctonia sp. Stagonospora sp. Thanatephorus cucumeris

Ustilago scitaminea Verticillium sp. Black bundle disease

Leaf spot Canker Blight Eyespot Rot Rot Leaf spot Leaf spot Eyespot Canker Stem rot Leaf bligh

Leaf blight Leaf spot Stalk rot Yellow spot Downy mildew Canker

Canker
Blight
Blight
Leaf spot
Sugarcane rust
Anthracnose
Root rot
Scorch
Blight

Sugarcane smut Verticillium wilt

## Mites

Schizotetranychus celarius

Bamboo mite

#### Viruses

Miscanthus streak virus Sugarcane mosaic virus

## Treatment and Testing Requirements during post entry quarantine:

#### Guidance:

Treatment and testing requirements identified within this table are required to be undertaken when official assurances specified in this schedule cannot be provided by the exporting country's NPPO.

ORGANISM TYPES	MPI ACCEPTED MEASURES
Fungi	<u> </u>
Ustilago scitaminea	PCR/BIO-PCR, <b>OR</b> two consecutive hot water treatments at a minimum temperature of 50°C for 3 hours per treatment <b>OR</b> two consecutive hot water treatments at a minimum temperature of 52°C for 1 hour per treatment.
Bacteria	
Leifsonia xyli subsp. xyli	PCR/BIO-PCR, <b>OR</b> fluorescent-antibody staining of sap extracts, concentrated on membrane filters by filtration with observation by epifluorescence microscopy.
Xylella fastidiosa	PCR
Viruses	
Miscanthus streak virus	PCR
Sugarcane mosaic virus	PCR or ELISA

#### Notes

- 1. Unit for testing: The unit for testing is defined in section 2.3.2.1.
- 2. Sample size for testing: Sample size required for testing will be determined by MPI based on the specific test to be undertaken.
- 3. Enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) tests: All ELISA tests must be validated using positive controls prior to use in quarantine testing. Positive, negative, and buffer controls must be used in all tests unless indicated otherwise by MPI.
- 4. Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) tests: All PCR tests must be validated using positive controls prior to use in quarantine testing. Positive and no template controls must be used in all tests. Internal control primers and a negative plant control shall be used in PCR tests unless indicated otherwise by MPI.
- 5. Inspection: The operator of the PEQ facility must inspect the plants for signs of pest and disease at least twice per week during periods of active growth.
- 6. Other internationally recognised testing methods: May be accepted by MPI with prior notification.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Musa*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

**This schedule is suspended**. Phytosanitary measures need to be reviewed before this schedule can be used. Click here to learn how to request a review.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests**: Bunchy top virus, Cosmopolites sordidus, Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. cubense, Mycosphaerella fijiensis, Pseudomonas solanacearum, Radopholus similis

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 3 months

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2, but subject to examination at a transitional facility for the identification of organisms approved to facility standard 155.04.03, at the importers expense, prior to release to the importer.

#### PLUS

## As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

a. Conditions for Bunchy top virus
 <u>Additional Declaration</u>: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and found free of Bunchy top virus".

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Nandina*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests:** Alternanthera mosaic virus, Phellinus noxius, Plantago asiatica mosaic virus (synonym Nandina mosaic virus), Xylella fastidiosa

**Entry Conditions: Basic:** with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- b. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13)
- c. Conditions for *Alternanthera mosaic virus* and *Plantago asiatica mosaic virus*Additional Declaration: "Alternanthera mosaic virus and Plantago asiatica mosaic virus are not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state where the plants were grown]".

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

## As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

**PEO:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- b. Conditions for *Alternanthera mosaic virus* and *Plantago asiatica mosaic virus*Additional Declaration: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and found free of *Alternanthera mosaic virus* and *Plantago asiatica mosaic virus*".

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Narcissus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests:** Frankliniella occidentalis, Hepialus lupulinus, Lilioceris lilii, Pratylenchus scribneri, Ramularia vallisumbrosae, Sclerotinia polyblastis, Steneotarsonemus laticeps, virus diseases.

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

B. For Dormant Bulbs from Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America:

## **OPTION 1:**

No import permit is required

PEQ: None

- a. Additional Declaration
  - i) For bulbs produced under an MPI-approved Dutch bulb propagation scheme: "In addition to inspection of the dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the imported bulbs meet the requirements of the BKD Class 1 bulb certification scheme."

    OR
  - ii) For bulbs NOT produced under an MPI-approved bulb propagation scheme: "In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."

OPTION 2: PEO: Level 1

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

C. For Dormant Bulbs from Countries <u>other than</u> Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America:

## **OPTION 1:**

PEQ: Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Additional Declarations
  - "The dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:
  - i) derived from a crop which was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures and found to be free of regulated pests.

## AND

ii) treated for regulated insects as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment."

## **OPTION 2:**

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

#### D. For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

**PLUS** 

a. Conditions for virus diseases

<u>Additional Declaration</u>: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and found free of virus diseases."

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Olea*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## Type of Olea nursery stock approved for entry into New Zealand

Cuttings (dormant); Plants in tissue culture

#### Pests of Olea

Refer to the pest list.

## **Entry conditions for:**

## 3.1 Olea cuttings and tissue culture from any country

#### (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the exporting country must accompany all *Olea* nursery stock exported to New Zealand. **Import permit:** an import permit is required.

## (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the NPPO of the exporting country must be satisfied that the following activities required by MPI have been undertaken.

The *Olea* cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

### **AND**

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.6 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to shipment [cuttings only].

#### **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

## (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section [cuttings only]

## (iv) Special tissue culture media requirements

The tissue culture media must not contain charcoal.

## (v) Post-entry quarantine

**PEQ**: All *Olea* nursery stock must be imported under permit into post-entry quarantine in a Level 3B greenhouse facility approved to the Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants.

Quarantine Period and Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements: The nursery stock will be grown for a minimum period of 12 months in post-entry quarantine and will be inspected, treated and/or tested for regulated pests as specified in the "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Olea*", at the expense of the importer. Twelve months is an indicative minimum quarantine period and this period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

## Pest List for Olea

REGULATED PESTS (actionable)		
Insect		
Insecta		
Insecta		
Coccidae		
Saissetia privigna	black scale	
Coleoptera		
Attelabidae		
Rhynchites cribripennis	twig cutter	
Buprestidae	-	
Anthaxia ariadna	wood-boring beetle	
Scolytidae	_	
Hylesinus fraxini	bark beetle	
Hylesinus oleiperda	bark beetle	
Hylesinus toranio	bark beetle	
Phloeotribus oleae	bark beetle	
Phloeotribus scarabaeiodes	bark beetle	
Xylosandrus compactus	black twig borer	
Diptera		
Cecidomyiidae		
Thomasiniana sp.	olive bark midge	
Asterolecaniidae		
Pollinia pollini	globe shaped olive scale	
Coccidae		
Ceroplastes rusci	fig wax scale	
Lichtensia viburni	scale	
Metaceronema japonica	scale insect	
Diaspididae		
Aonidomytilus espinosai	scale	
Hemiberlesia palmae	palm scale	
Leucaspis riccae	scale	
Lindingaspis ferrisi	scale	
Parlatoria oleae	olive scale	
Pseudaulacaspis pentagona	white peach scale	
Selenaspidus articulatus	West Indian red scale	
Lepidoptera		
Pyralidae		
Euzophera pinguis	bark borer	
Mite		
Arachnida		
Acarina		
Eriophyidae		
Aceria cretica	mite	
Aceria oleae	olive mite	
4 1 1 1	1. 4	

Aculops benakii olive yellow spot mite Aculus olearius olive mite

Aculus oleariusolive miteDitrymacus athiasellusolive miteEriophyes oleaeolive bud miteEriophyes oliviolive mite

Oxycenus maxwelliolive leaf and flower miteOxycenus niloticusolive leaf and flower miteOxycenus noloticusolive leaf and flower mite

Tegonotus hassani olive rust mite

Tenuipalpidae

Brevipalpus chalkidicus false spider mite

Brevipalpus macedonicusfalse spider miteBrevipalpus oleaefalse spider miteBrevipalpus oleariusfalse spider miteBrevipalpus olivicolafalse spider miteRaoiella macfarlaneifalse spider miteTenuipalpus caudatusfalse spider mite

Tetranychidae

Eotetranychus lewisi big beaked plum mite

**Fungus** 

Ascomycota

**Dothideales** 

Capnodiaceae

Capnodium elaeophilum sooty mould

Elsinoaceae

Elsinoe oleae olive scab

**Unknown Dothideales** 

Massariella oleaebark cankerMassariella zambettakianacankerZukalia purpureablack mildew

Xylariales Xylariaceae

Xylaria sicula root rot

Basidiomycota Agaricales

Agaricaceae

Armillaria mellea (anamorph Rhizomorpha subcorticalis) armillaria root rot

Boletales Paxillaceae

Omphalotus olearius wood rot

Ganodermatales Ganodermataceae

Ganoderma lucidum (anamorph Polyporus lucidus) wood rot

Hymenochaetales Hymenochaetaceae

Phellinus igniarius wood rot

Oomycota

Peronosporales

Peronosporaceae

Phytophthora palmivora Coconut budrot

Phytophthora ramorum Sudden oak death disease

**Poriales** 

Coriolaceae

Fomes fomentarius Fomes fulvus Fomes salicinus Fomes torulosus

Fomes torulosus wood rot Fomes yucatonensis wood rot

Polyporaceae

Polyporus biennis wood rot Polyporus oleae wood rot

**Stereales** 

Sistotremataceae

Trechispora brinkmanii (anamorph Phymatotrichopsis Texas root rot

omnivorum)

Mitosporic Fungi (Coelomycetes)

Sphaeropsidales Sphaerioidaceae

Camarosporium dalmatica brown spot canker

Macrophoma dalmatica fruit rot Phoma incompta stem blight Phyllosticta oleae phyllosticta leaf spot Septoria obesa leaf spot Septoria oleae leaf spot Septoria oleagina leaf spot Septoria serpentaria leaf spot Sphaeropsis dalmatica stem gall Sphaeropsis oleae stem gall **Unknown Coelomycetes Unknown Coelomycetes** Cylindrosporium olivae leaf spot Bacterium Pseudomonadaceae twig blight Pseudomonas syringae pv. garcae Xylella fastidiosa Virus Cherry leaf roll virus [strains not in New Zealand] Olive latent 1 virus Olive latent 2 virus Olive latent ringspot virus Olive leaf yellowing-associated virus Strawberry latent ringspot virus [strains not in New Zealand] **Phytoplasma** Olive witches' broom phytoplasma Disease of unknown aetiology Infectious yellows Leaf malformation Olive sickle leaf disease Olive yellow mosaic disease Olive yellow mottling and decline Partial paralysis

## Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Olea

ORGANISM TYPES	MPI ACCEPTED METHODS (See notes below)
Mites	Visual inspection AND approved miticide treatments (Refer to section
	2.2.1.6 of the basic conditions) [cuttings only] <b>or</b> binocular microscope
	inspection in PEQ [plants in tissue culture only].
Fungi	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression.
Oomycete	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression.
Bacteria	
Pseudomonas syringae pv. garcae	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression.
Xylella fastidiosa	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression AND
	PCR
Viruses	
Cherry leaf roll virus [strains not	ELISA or PCR
in New Zealand]	
Olive latent 1 virus	PCR
Olive latent 2 virus	PCR
Olive latent ringspot virus	PCR
Olive leaf yellowing-associated	PCR
virus	
Strawberry latent ringspot virus	ELISA or PCR
[strains not in New Zealand]	
Phytoplasmas	Nested PCR or real time PCR using universal phytoplasma primers.
Diseases of unknown aetiology	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression.

#### **Notes:**

- 1. The unit for testing is defined in section 2.3.2.1.
- 2. Enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA); Polymerase chain reaction (PCR).
- 3. Testing must be carried out on *Olea* plants while they are in active growth. For ELISA, plants shall be sampled from at least two positions including a young, fully expanded leaf at the top of the plant and an older leaf from a midway position.
- 4. PCR and ELISA must be validated using positive controls/reference material prior to use in quarantine testing.
- 5. Positive and negative controls must be used in ELISA tests.
- 6. Positive and negative controls (including a blank water control) must be used in PCR. Ideally positive internal controls and a negative plant control should be used. Internal controls in PCR tests are important to avoid the risk of false negatives.
- 7. Inspect Olea plants for signs of pest and disease at least twice per week during periods of active growth and once per week during dormancy.
- 8. With prior notification, MPI will accept other internationally recognised testing methods.

## Paeonia (herbaceous species)

**Note:** These entry conditions only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Paeonia* (herbaceous)".

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America

Quarantine Pests: Cronartium flaccidum, Phymatotrichopsis omnivora

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### For Dormant Tubers:

**PEQ**: Level 1 or Level 2 (see below)

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Cronartium flaccidum*<u>Additional Declaration</u>: "The dormant tubers have been sourced from a 'pest free area' or 'pest free place of production', free from *Cronartium flaccidum*".
- b. Conditions for Phymatotrichopsis omnivora

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The dormant tubers have been sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The dormant bulbs have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

#### AND

- The consignment must be treated for fungi as described in Section 2.2.1.7 "Pesticide treatments for dormant bulbs". If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section of the phytosanitary certificate.

## **AND**

- Post-entry quarantine: Upon arrival in New Zealand the dormant bulbs will require a period of at least 3 months in Level 2 post-entry quarantine.

## Paeonia (tree species)

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Paeonia* (tree species)", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America

Quarantine Pests: Cronartium flaccidum

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 1

**Minimum Period**: 3 months

**Isolation:** open ground - 400m from any *Pinus* tree

- a. Conditions for Cronartium flaccidum
  - i) <u>Aditional Declaration</u>: "Cronartium flaccidum is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state where the plants were grown]".

AND

ii) Aditional Declaration: "The plants have been dipped in propiconazole at the rate of 0.5g a.i. per litre of water".

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

## Papaver somniferum

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Papaver somniferum*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

**Import permit:** an import permit is required. Before applying for an import permit, the importer must obtain written approval to import from:

Director General of Health Ministry of Health PO Box 5013 Wellington

Attention: Advisor, Controlled Drug Licensing

Telephone: 04 496 2438

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Paulownia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

Approved Countries: Australia

**Quarantine Pests**: *Phytophthora palmivora*, Witches broom phytoplasma, and *Xylella fastidiosa* 

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

**Minimum Period**: 3 months

- a. Conditions for Witches broom phytoplasma

  Additional Declaration: "Witches broom phytoplasma is not known to occur in

  [the country or state where the plants were grown]".
- b. Conditions for Phytophthora palmivora

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

## OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- c. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

- a. Conditions for Witches broom phytoplasma

  <u>Additional Declaration</u>: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and found free of Witches broom phytoplasma".
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

## Guidance:

Persea nursery stock (plants for planting) is no longer eligible for import under this schedule.

Import requirements for *Persea americana* plants for planting are now set out in: Import Health Standard: *Persea americana* Plants for Planting, available on the plant imports website at: <a href="https://www.mpi.govt.nz/import/plants-flowers-seeds-plant-growing-products/nursery-stock/requirement-documents-for-importing-nursery-stock/">https://www.mpi.govt.nz/import/plants-flowers-seeds-plant-growing-products/nursery-stock/requirement-documents-for-importing-nursery-stock/</a>.

No other species of *Persea* are currently eligible for importation.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Petunia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

**Quarantine Pests**: Phytophthora palmivora, Potato spindle tuber viroid, Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants and Cuttings

Import Permit: An import permit is required

**GM Testing Certificate or Non-GMO Declaration:** A copy of the GM testing certificate or signed non-GMO declaration must be submitted with the import permit application and with the imported whole plants and cuttings upon arrival in New Zealand

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora* **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Petunia* genus

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- b. Conditions for *Potato spindle tuber viroid*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Potato spindle tuber viroid*".

#### OR

iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Petunia*".

c. Conditions for Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid*".

#### OR

iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Petunia*".

### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

GM Testing Certificate or Non-GMO Declaration: A copy of the GM testing certificate or signed non-GMO declaration must be submitted with the imported tissue cultures upon arrival in New Zealand

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

#### **PLUS**

a. Conditions for Potato spindle tuber viroid

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Potato spindle tuber viroid*".

#### OR

iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Petunia*".

Guidance for importers: Tissue culture imported under this option must be imported into a <u>level 2</u> <u>PEO greenhouse for a minimum period of 3 months</u> to undergo testing for the presence of *Potato spindle tuber viroid* during the quarantine period.

b. Conditions for Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid*".

#### OR

iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Petunia*".

Guidance for importers: Tissue culture imported under this option must be imported into a <u>level 2</u> <u>PEO greenhouse for a minimum period of 3 months</u> to undergo testing for the presence of *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* during the quarantine period.

## Requirements for *Petunia* nursery stock:

All varieties of *Petunia* nursery stock imported into New Zealand must meet one of the following requirements:

i. A non-GMO declaration, signed by the importer and exporter, that the *Petunia* nursery stock is free from genetically modified material must be submitted (for a copy of the 'Declaration Form' refer to the end of this schedule).

## OR

ii. A copy of the GM testing certificate that confirms that the variety is not a new organism as defined by the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act 1996) must be submitted. GM testing certificates must meet the following requirements:

Requirements for GM Testing Certificates

- Testing must occur at an MPI-approved or recognised laboratory, in accordance with the standard PIT-GMO-ALGMOT: Approval of Laboratories for Genetically Modified Organism Testing, and the Protocol for Testing for the Presence of Genetically Modified Plant Material.
- The GM testing certificate must include the genus name or species name and a unique identifier (e.g. variety name or lot/line number), which must be reproduced on other import documentation to support traceability.
- Sampling for the purposes of testing must be carried out in accordance with the Protocol for Testing for the Presence of Genetically Modified Plant Material.

#### Guidance:

• The Protocol, and a list of MPI-approved and recognised facilities, are on the website Genetically Modified Plant Material <a href="http://mpi.govt.nz/importing/plants/seeds-for-sowing/genetically-modified-seeds/">http://mpi.govt.nz/importing/plants/seeds-for-sowing/genetically-modified-seeds/</a>

# Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Petunia

ORGANISM	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	Comments
Viroids		
Potato spindle tuber viroid	PCR based methods	Applies to whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a level 2 PEQ facility
Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid	PCR based methods	Applies to whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a level 2 PEQ facility

Guidance for importers: Testing in PEQ for the presence of *Potato spindle tuber viroid* and *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* is only necessary when an importer has been unable to secure one of the alternative declarations.

## **Declaration Form**

## To be completed and signed by the exporter and importer.

As defined by the New Zealand HSNO Act 1996, Genetically modified organism means, unless expressly provided otherwise by regulations, any organism in which any of the genes or any other genetic material (a) have been modified by in vitro techniques; or (b) are inherited or otherwise derived, through any number of replications, from any genes or other genetic material which has been modified by in vitro techniques.

Note that under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act 1996, the import and release of any genetically modified crop without approval from the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) is unlawful.

I, (Exporter's name and address)	
	ne Nursery Stock Import Health Standard (MPI Import Health ttps://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/dmsdocument/1152-Nursery-
Insert species name and lot/line number or unique ide	ntifier as stated on all the other import documentation
was produced neither "from" nor "by" genetically	modified crops.
I undertake to inform immediately the importer and the information that can undermine the accuracy of the	ne Ministry for Primary Industries, MPI, New Zealand of any nis declaration.
Note that MPI may request evidence as to how product in the field, or require and audit as a way to provid	ion, handling and transport of these nursery stock is performed e quality to the production system.
I, (Importer's name and address)	
declare to the best of my knowledge that according to Standard (MPI Import Health Standard: <a href="https://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/dmsdocument/11">https://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/dmsdocument/11</a>	o the requirements set out in the Nursery Stock Import Health 155.02.06: Importation of Nursery Stock - 52-Nursery-Stock-Import-Health-Standard,
Insert species name and lot/line number or unique ide	ntifier as stated on all the other import documentation
was produced neither "from" nor "by" genetically	modified crops.
Signed by <b>Exporter</b> and Company Name (details) and date	Signed by Importer and Company Name (details) and date

Warning: Any person who knowingly makes a statement of information or a declaration that is false or misleading in a material particular may on summary conviction, be sentenced to a term of imprisonment and/or fined not exceeding \$500,000.00.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under Phalaenopsis", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Basella rugose mosaic virus, Capsicum chlorosis virus, Orchid fleck dichorhavirus, Phytophthora palmivora

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

**PEO:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for Orchid fleck dichorhavirus

Growing season inspection in post-entry quarantine for symptom expression.

b. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

## OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for Phytophthora palmivora".

#### OR

iii)"The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for Phytophthora palmivora".

#### B. For Whole Plants in growing media from Taiwan

No import permit is required

PEO: None

**Specific Requirements:** Sections 2.2.1.6 and 2.2.1.9 of the Basic Conditions are not required. Additional Declarations:

- a. Additional Declaration
  - i) "The *Phalaenopsis* spp. whole plants in MPI-approved growing media in this consignment:
    - have been sourced from mother stock that has been tested for, and found free from Capsicum chlorosis virus and Basella rugose mosaic virus, **AND**

- comply with the requirements of the Offshore Assurance Programme (OAP) implemented by New Zealand MPI and Taiwan BAPHIQ,

#### **AND**

- have been inspected and found free from regulated viruses, insects, mites, fungi and bacteria,

#### **AND**

- have been treated with appropriate broad-spectrum insecticide and miticide drench no more than 14 days prior to export to New Zealand."

## b. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### C. For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

## Philodendron

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Philodendron*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Cuttings and Whole Plants

**PEO:** Level 2

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

## **B. For Tissue Cultures**

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Phoenix*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

Approved Countries: Australia, Hawaii, mainland United States of America

**Quarantine Pests**: Cadang-cadang, Fusarium wilt, Lethal yellowing, *Phytophthora palmivora*, *Xylella fastidiosa* 

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants and Cuttings

**PEQ**: Level 2

**Minimum Period**: 3 months

Height Limit: Plants must not exceed 1.5m in height

a. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.
- c. Conditions for Cadang cadang, lethal yellowing and Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. canariensis

  Additional Declaration: "Cadang cadang, lethal yellowing and Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. canariensis are not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state where the plants were grown]".

#### **B.** For Tissue Culture

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

## As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for tissue cultures sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.
- b. Conditions for Cadang cadang and lethal yellowing

Additional Declaration: "Cadang cadang and lethal yellowing are not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state where the plants were grown]".

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Photinia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

Quarantine Pests: Gymnosporangium spp., Phytophthora ramorum, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- c. Conditions for Gymnosporangium spp.

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i)	"Gymnospo	orangium spp. are not known to occur on	[name of plant
	species] in	[the country or state where the plants were	produced]".
$\mathbf{O}$	D		

ii) "The plants were from a crop inspected during the growing season and no rust diseases were detected.

#### **AND**

- The plants have been dipped in propiconazole at the rate of 0.5g a.i. per litre of water, prior to export".

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (see section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers**: There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEO greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under Planera", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

Quarantine Pests: Elm mosaic virus, Elm phloem necrosis, Phellinus noxius

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants PEQ: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13) Note: Only applies to the following species: Zelkova serrata

#### **B. For Tissue Cultures**

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

**PEQ**: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 3 months

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Platanus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Ceratocystis platani, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A: For Cuttings and Whole Plants

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- b. Conditions for *Ceratocystis platani*:

#### OPTION 1: For countries where *Ceratocystis platani* is not known to be present

i) Additional Declaration: "The plants have been sourced from a country free from *Ceratocystis platani*"

## OPTION 2: For countries where *Ceratocystis platani* is known to be present

i) Additional Declaration: "The plants have been sourced from a state/province free from *Ceratocystis platani* or from a 'pest free place of production' free from *Ceratocystis platani*"

**AND** 

ii) The plants must be tested for *Ceratocystis platani* during the post entry quarantine period, at an MPI approved diagnostic facility.

#### **B. For Tissue Cultures**

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (see section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers**: There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Polyscias*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Cuttings and Whole Plants

**PEO:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

## **B. For Tissue Cultures**

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

## **Poncirus**

## Guidance:

Poncirus nursery stock (plants for planting) is no longer eligible for import under this schedule.

Import requirements for *Poncirus* plants for planting are now set out in: Import Health Standard: *Citrus* Plants for Planting, a vailable on the plant imports website at: <a href="https://www.mpi.govt.nz/import/plants-flowers-seeds-plant-growing-products/nursery-stock/requirement-documents-for-importing-nursery-stock/">https://www.mpi.govt.nz/import/plants-flowers-seeds-plant-growing-products/nursery-stock/requirement-documents-for-importing-nursery-stock/</a>

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Populus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America

**Quarantine Pests**: Ceratocystis fimbriata, Marssonina spp., Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora ramorum, Uredinales, virus diseases, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

**PEO**: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8)
- b. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- c. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not recognised</u> by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- d. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13)

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.
- b. Subject to examination at a transitional facility for the identification of organisms approved to facility standard 155.04.03, at the importers expense, prior to release to the importer.

**Note:** The guidance below only applies to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Prunus*".

## Guidance:

Prunus nursery stock (plants for planting) is no longer eligible for import under this schedule.

Import requirements for *Prunus* plants for planting are now set out in: Import Health Standard: *Prunus* Plants for Planting, available on the plant imports website at:

https://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/dmsdocument/39488-Prunus-Plants-for-Planting-Import-Health-Standard

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Pseudotsuga*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests:** Bursaphelenchus spp., Lophodermium spp., Phytophthora ramorum, Uredinales, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

## **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEQ</u> greenhouse, for tissue cultures from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.
- b. Subject to examination at a transitional facility for the identification of organisms approved to facility standard 155.04.03, at the importers expense, prior to release to the importer.

Pyrus

Scientific name	Commodity Sub-class	<b>Date Issued</b>
Pyrus communis	Cuttings (dormant)	12 June 1998

This schedule is suspended. Phytosanitary measures need to be reviewed before the schedule can be used. Click here to learn how to request a review.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Quercus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America.

**Quarantine Pests**: Ceratocystis fagacearum, Ceratocystis fimbriata, Cronartium quercuum, Cryphonectria parasitica, Phytophthora ramorum, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

**PEO**: Level 3B

**Minimum Period**: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Ceratocystis fimbriata* (section 2.2.1.8) **Note:** Only applies to members of the *Quercus* genus
- b. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- c. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*

## **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.
- b. Subject to examination at a transitional facility for the identification of organisms approved to facility standard 155.04.03, at the importers expense, prior to release to the importer.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Ranunculus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard. These conditions do not apply to *Ranunculus arvensis*, *Ranunculus repens* and *Ranunculus sardous*, for which there is currently no import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Phymatotrichopsis omnivora, Virus diseases, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

#### B. For Dormant Bulbs from Australia and South Africa

#### **OPTION 1:**

No import permit is required

PEQ: None

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Note:** Only nursery stock sourced from a country recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* can be imported under this option.

b. Additional Declaration

"In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."

# **OPTION 2:**

**PEQ:** Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Note:** Only nursery stock sourced from a country recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* can be imported under this option

#### C. For Dormant Bulbs from the United States of America

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

#### b. Conditions for virus diseases

Additional Declaration: "In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."

c. Conditions for Phymatotrichopsis omnivora

#### **OPTION 1**

i) <u>Additional Declaration</u>: "The dormant bulbs have been sourced from a 'Pest free area', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

#### **OPTION 2**

i) Additional Declaration: "The dormant bulbs have been sourced from a 'Pest free place of production', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

#### AND

ii) the consignment must be treated for fungi as described in section 2.2.1.7 "Pesticide treatments for dormant bulbs". If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section of the phytosanitary certificate.

## D. For Dormant Bulbs from all other Countries

#### **OPTION 1:**

PEQ: Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Note:** Only nursery stock sourced from a country recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* can be imported under this option.
- b. Conditions for *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*:

<u>Additional Declaration</u>: "The dormant bulbs have been sourced from a 'Pest free area', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*"

- c. Additional Declaration
  - "The dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:
  - derived from a crop which was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures and found to be free of regulated pests;

#### **AND**

- treated for regulated insects as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold storage or shipment".

### **OPTION 2:**

PEO: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

- b. Conditions for *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora* 
  - i) Additional Declaration: "The dormant bulbs have been sourced from a 'Pest free area', free from *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora*".

#### **AND**

ii) the consignment must be treated for fungi as described in section 2.2.1.7 "Pesticide treatments for dormant bulbs". If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section of the phytosanitary certificate.

#### c. Additional Declaration

- "The dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:
- derived from a crop which was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures and found to be free of regulated pests
   AND
- treated for regulated insects as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold storage or shipment".

#### E. For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.
- b. Conditions for virus diseases

Additional Declaration: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and found free of virus diseases."

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Rhododendron*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests:** Microsphaera spp., Ovulinia azalea, Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora ramorum, Uredinales

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- b. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13)

**Note**: Only applies to the following species: *Rhododendron xobtusum* 

- c. Conditions for *Microsphaera* spp. and rust diseases
  - i) Additional Declaration: "Microsphaera spp., and the following rust diseases are not known to occur on Rhododendron spp. in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state where the plants were grown]".

**Note**: Applies to the following rust diseases: Aecidium rhododendri, Aecidium sinorhododendri, Chrysomyxa ledi, Chrysomyxa ledicola, Chrysomyxa dieteli, Chrysomyxa expansa, Chrysomyxa himalensis, Chrysomyxa komarovii, Chrysomyxa piperiana, Chrysomyxa roanensis, Chrysomyxa succinea, Chrysomyxa taghishae, Puccinia rhododendri, Pucciniastrum vaccinii

#### OR

- ii) All visible flower buds are to be removed prior to export;
- On arrival in New Zealand the plant material is to be treated, under the supervision of an Inspector, at an MPI-registered transitional facility by dipping in Benomyl, Carbendazim or Thiophanate methyl [choose one] at a rate of 250mg a.i. per litre.

# **B. For Cuttings PEO:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)

- b. Conditions for Microsphaera spp. and rust diseases
  - i) Additional declaration: "*Microsphaera* spp., and the following rust diseases are not known to occur on *Rhododendron* spp. in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state where the plants were grown]".

**Note**: Applies to the following rust diseases: Aecidium rhododendri, Aecidium sinorhododendri, Chrysomyxa ledi, Chrysomyxa ledicola, Chrysomyxa dieteli, Chrysomyxa expansa, Chrysomyxa himalensis, Chrysomyxa komarovii, Chrysomyxa piperiana, Chrysomyxa roanensis, Chrysomyxa succinea, Chrysomyxa taghishae, Puccinia rhododendri, Pucciniastrum vaccinii

#### OR

- ii) All visible flower buds are to be removed prior to export;
- On arrival in New Zealand the plant material is to be treated, under the supervision of an Inspector, at an MPI-registered transitional facility by dipping in Benomyl, Carbendazim or Thiophanate methyl [choose one] at a rate of 250mg a.i. per litre.

#### C. For Tissue Cultures:

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

Scientific name	Commodity Sub-class	<b>Date Issued</b>
Ribes nigrum	Whole Plants	19 June 1998
Ribes uva-crispa	Whole Plants	19 June 1998

This schedule is suspended. Phytosanitary measures need to be reviewed before the schedule can be used. Click here to learn how to request a review.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Rosa*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## 1. Type of Rosa nursery stock approved for entry into New Zealand

Whole plants, cuttings (non-dormant and dormant cuttings), plants in tissue culture

2. Quarantine pests

Fungi	Phellinus noxius, Pucciniales	
Oomycetes	Phytophthora ramorum	
Bacteria	Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum, Xylella fastidiosa	
Viruses	Blackberry chlorotic ringspot virus, Grapevine Pinot gris virus, Raspberry ringspot virus (strains not in New Zealand), Rose rosette virus	
Phytoplasmas	'Candidatus Phytoplasma asteris', 'Candidatus Phytoplasma aurantifolia', 'Candidatus Phytoplasma mali', 'Candidatus Phytoplasma prunorum', 'Candidatus Phytoplasma rubi'	

**3. Approved Countries**: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom.

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:
  - i) "The [insert plant species] plants were sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

## OR

- ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)
- c. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13)
- d. Conditions for viruses
  - i) Additional Declaration: "[Virus name] is absent/not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [name of country]"

## OR

ii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Rosa*"

e. Conditions for Grapevine Pinot gris virus

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The *Rosa* plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Grapevine Pinot gris virus*".

#### OR

- ii) "The *Rosa* plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Grapevine Pinot gris virus*".
- f. Conditions for phytoplasmas

Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Rosa*".

- g. Conditions for Pucciniales
  - i) Additional Declaration: "The plants have been dipped in propiconazole at the rate of 5g a.i. per 10 litres of water".

## **OR**

ii) For countries where propiconazole is <u>not</u> approved; additional declaration: "The plants have been [dipped/sprayed until dripping] in [fungicide active ingredient]; a broad range systemic fungicide suitable for treating rust fungi from the Pucciniales order at the rate of [specify rate] at least 48 hours prior to shipment".

#### OR

- iii) With prior arrangement with MPI, the plants may be dipped on arrival in New Zealand in propiconazole (5g a.i. per 10 litres of water); refer to section 2.3.2 "Treatment and Testing of the Consignment".
- h. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11) **Note:** Only applies to the following species and cultivars: *Rosa gymnocarpa*, *Rosa rugosa*, *Rosa sempervirens*, *Rosa* cultivar Pink Meidiland, *Rosa* cultivar Pink Sevillana, *Rosa* cultivar Royal Bonica

## **B.** For Non-dormant Cuttings

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:
  - i) "The [insert plant species] plants were sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

#### OR

- ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)
- c. Conditions for viruses
  - i) Additional Declaration: "[Virus name] is absent/not known to occur in \_\_\_\_ [name of country]".

OR

- ii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Rosa*".
- d. Conditions for *Grapevine Pinot gris virus*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The *Rosa* plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Grapevine Pinot gris virus*".

#### OR

- ii) "The *Rosa* plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Grapevine Pinot gris virus*".
- e. Conditions for phytoplasmas Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Rosa*".
- f. Conditions for Pucciniales
  - i) Additional declaration: "The plants have been dipped in propiconazole at the rate of 5g a.i. per 10 litres of water".

#### OR

ii) For countries where propiconazole is <u>not</u> approved; additional declaration: "The plants have been [dipped/sprayed until dripping] in [fungicide active ingredient]; a broad range systemic fungicide suitable for treating rust fungi from the Pucciniales order at the rate of [specify rate] at least 48 hours prior to shipment".

#### OR

- iii) With prior arrangement with MPI, the plants may be dipped on arrival in New Zealand in propiconazole (5g a.i. per 10 litres of water); refer to section 2.3.2 "Treatment and Testing of the Consignment".
- g. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11) **Note:** Only applies to the following species and cultivars: *Rosa gymnocarpa*, *Rosa rugosa*, *Rosa sempervirens*, *Rosa* cultivar Pink Meidiland, *Rosa* cultivar Pink Sevillana, *Rosa* cultivar Royal Bonica

#### C. For Dormant Cuttings

**PEO:** Level 2

**Minimum Period**: 6 months

a. Conditions for Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants were sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

### OR

- ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

- c. Conditions for viruses
  - i) Additional Declaration: "[Virus name] is absent/not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [name of country]".

#### OR

- ii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Rosa*".
- d. Conditions for Grapevine Pinot gris virus

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The *Rosa* plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Grapevine Pinot gris virus*".

## OR

- ii) "The *Rosa* plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Grapevine Pinot gris virus*".
- e. Conditions for phytoplasmas:
  Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Rosa*".
- f. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11) **Note:** Only applies to the following species and cultivars: *Rosa gymnocarpa*, *Rosa rugosa*, *Rosa sempervirens*, *Rosa* cultivar Pink Meidiland, *Rosa* cultivar Pink Sevillana, *Rosa* cultivar Royal Bonica

#### **D.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

## As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

PEQ: Level 2

### Minimum Period: 6 months

a. Conditions for Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants were sourced from a 'pest free area', free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".

#### OR

- ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been sourced from a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*".
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5)
- c. Conditions for viruses
  - i) Additional Declaration: "[Virus name] is absent/not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_[name of country]".

#### OR

ii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Rosa*".

d. Conditions for *Grapevine Pinot gris virus* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The *Rosa* plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Grapevine Pinot gris virus*".

## OR

ii) "The *Rosa* plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Grapevine Pinot gris virus*".

## E. For Whole Plants imported into a level 3A PEQ facility

**Guidance for importers:** This option is for importers that have been unsuccessful at securing a PFA or PFPP declaration for *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*.

**PEQ:** Level 3A

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Ralstonia pseduosolanacearum*Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Rosa*".
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)
- c. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13)
- d. Conditions for viruses
  - i) Additional Declaration: "[Virus name] is absent/not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_[name of country]".

## OR

- ii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Rosa*".
- e. Conditions for Grapevine Pinot gris virus

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The *Rosa* plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Grapevine Pinot gris virus*".

#### OR

- ii) "The Rosa plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for Grapevine Pinot gris virus".
- f. Conditions for phytoplasmas

Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Rosa*".

- g. Conditions for Pucciniales
  - i) Additional Declaration: "The plants have been dipped in propiconazole at the rate of 5g a.i. per 10 litres of water".

OR

ii) For countries where propiconazole is <u>not</u> approved; additional declaration: "The plants have been [dipped/sprayed until dripping] in [fungicide active ingredient]; a broad range systemic fungicide suitable for treating rust fungi from the Pucciniales order at the rate of [specify rate] at least 48 hours prior to shipment".

## **OR**

- iii) With prior arrangement with MPI, the plants may be dipped on arrival in New Zealand in propiconazole (5g a.i. per 10 litres of water); refer to section 2.3.2 "Treatment and Testing of the Consignment".
- h. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11) **Note:** Only applies to the following species and cultivars: *Rosa gymnocarpa*, *Rosa rugosa*, *Rosa sempervirens*, *Rosa* cultivar Pink Meidiland, *Rosa* cultivar Pink Sevillana, *Rosa* cultivar Royal Bonica

## F. For Non-dormant Cuttings or Dormant Cuttings imported into a level 3A PEQ facility

**Guidance for importers:** This option is for importers that have been unsuccessful at securing a PFA or PFPP declaration for *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*.

**PEQ:** Level 3A

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Ralstonia pseduosolanacearum*Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Rosa*".
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)
- c. Conditions for viruses
  - i) Additional Declaration: "[Virus name] is absent/not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_[name of country]".

## OR

- ii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Rosa*".
- d. Conditions for Grapevine Pinot gris virus

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The *Rosa* plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Grapevine Pinot gris virus*".

#### OR

- ii) "The *Rosa* plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Grapevine Pinot gris virus*".
- f. Conditions for phytoplasmas

Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Rosa*".

g. Conditions for Pucciniales

Note: Only applies to non-dormant cuttings

i) Additional Declaration: "The plants have been dipped in propiconazole at the rate of 5g a.i. per 10 litres of water".

#### OR

ii) For countries where propiconazole is <u>not</u> approved; additional declaration: "The plants have been [dipped/sprayed until dripping] in [fungicide active ingredient]; a broad range systemic fungicide suitable for treating rust fungi from the Pucciniales order at the rate of [specify rate] at least 48 hours prior to shipment".

## OR

- iii) With prior arrangement with MPI, the plants may be dipped on arrival in New Zealand in propiconazole (5g a.i. per 10 litres of water); refer to section 2.3.2 "Treatment and Testing of the Consignment".
- h. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11) **Note:** Only applies to the following species and cultivars: *Rosa gymnocarpa*, *Rosa rugosa*, *Rosa sempervirens*, *Rosa* cultivar Pink Meidiland, *Rosa* cultivar Pink Sevillana, *Rosa* cultivar Royal Bonica

## G. For Tissue cultures imported into a level 3A PEQ facility

**Guidance for importers:** This option is for importers that have been unsuccessful at securing a PFA or PFPP declaration for *Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum*.

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

## As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

**PEQ:** Level 3A

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for *Ralstonia pseduosolanacearum*Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Rosa*".
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5)
- c. Conditions for viruses
  - i) Additional Declaration: "[Virus name] is absent/not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [name of country]".

#### OR

- ii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Rosa*".
- d. Conditions for Grapevine Pinot gris virus

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The *Rosa* plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Grapevine Pinot gris virus*".

#### OR

ii) "The Rosa plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for Grapevine Pinot gris virus".

# Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Rosa

ORGANISM	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	Comments
Fungi		
Phellinus noxius	Refer to section 2.2.1.13 "Measures for <i>Phellinus noxius</i> "	Applies to whole plants only
Pucciniales	Treatment; refer to part A and B of the <i>Rosa</i> schedule	Applies to whole plants and non-dormant cuttings only
Bacteria		
Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum	Growing season inspection in PEQ for symptom expression AND plating on selective media OR PCR	Applies to <i>Rosa</i> whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a level 3A PEQ facility
Xylella fastidiosa	Refer to section 2.2.1.12 "Measures for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> "	Applies to whole plants and cuttings only. Testing requirements for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> are identified in section 2.2.1.12.
	Refer to section 2.2.2.5 "Measures for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> on tissue culture"	Applies to tissue culture only. Testing requirements for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> are identified in section 2.2.2.5.
Viruses		
Blackberry chlorotic ringspot virus	PCR	Applies to whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture
Raspberry ringspot virus (strains not in New Zealand)	PCR	Applies to whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture
Rose rosette virus	PCR	Applies to whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture
Phytoplasmas	Nested or real-time PCR using universal phytoplasma primers	Applies to whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture

#### **Notes:**

- 1. The unit for testing is defined in section 2.3.2.1.
- 2. **Sample collection:** Plants shall be sampled from at least two positions on every stem including a young, fully expanded leaf at the top of each stem and an older leaf from a midway position.
- 3. **Time of testing:** Virus testing must be carried out using the new season's growth in the spring, or spring-like conditions. Bacteria and phytoplasmas testing must be carried out during late summer to early autumn, or during late summer-like conditions.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Rubus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## 1. Type of Rubus nursery stock approved for entry into New Zealand

Cuttings (runner tips and stem cuttings only); Plants in tissue culture

*Rubus* can be imported into Level 2 post entry quarantine from MPI-approved facilities, or into Level 3B post entry quarantine from non-approved facilities.

#### 2. Pests of Rubus

Refer to the pest list.

## 3. Entry conditions for:

# 3.1 Rubus cuttings and tissue culture from offshore MPI-approved facilities in any country

An offshore approved facility is a facility that has been approved to the Administrative Standard: Standard for Offshore Facilities Holding and Testing Plants for Planting to undertake phytosanitary activities. For *Rubus*, the approved facility operator must also have an agreement with MPI on the phytosanitary measures to be undertaken for *Rubus*.

## (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the exporting country must accompany all *Rubus* nursery stock exported to New Zealand. **Import permit:** an import permit is required.

#### (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the NPPO of the exporting country must be satisfied that the following activities required by MPI have been undertaken.

The *Rubus* cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### AND

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.6 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to shipment [cuttings only].

## AND

- held and tested for/classified free from specified regulated pests as required in the agreement between MPI and the [name of the MPI-approved facility].

#### AND

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following inspection and testing at the approved facility, and certification.

## (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section [cuttings only] and by providing the following additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The Rubus cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been:

- held and tested for/classified free from specified regulated pests as required in the agreement between MPI and the [name of the MPI-approved facility].

## **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure infestation/reinfestation does not occur following inspection and testing at the approved facility, and certification."

## (v) Post-entry quarantine

**PEQ**: All *Rubus* nursery stock must be imported under permit into post-entry quarantine in a Level 2 greenhouse facility approved to Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants.

Quarantine Period and Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements: The nursery stock will be grown for a minimum period of 6 months (active continuous growth) in post-entry quarantine and will be inspected, treated and/or audit-tested for regulated pests, at the expense of the importer. Six months is an indicative minimum quarantine period and this period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

## 3.2 Rubus cuttings and tissue culture from non-approved facilities in any country

## (i) **Documentation**

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the exporting country must accompany all *Rubus* nursery stock exported to New Zealand. **Import permit:** an import permit is required.

## (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the NPPO of the exporting country must be satisfied that the following activities required by MPI have been undertaken.

The *Rubus* cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.6 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to shipment [cuttings only].

#### AND

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

## (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the preshipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section [cuttings only]. No additional declarations are required.

## (iv) Post-entry quarantine

**PEQ**: All *Rubus* nursery stock must be imported under permit into post-entry quarantine in a Level 3B greenhouse facility approved to Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants.

Quarantine Period and Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements: The nursery stock will be grown for a minimum period of 16 months (cuttings) in post-entry quarantine. Tissue cultures must be deflasked, and the deflasked plant material grown in a PEQ greenhouse during the quarantine period. During this time, imported material will be inspected, treated and/or tested for regulated pests as specified in the "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Rubus*", at the expense of the importer. These times are indicative minimum quarantine periods and may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

## Pest List for Rubus

## **REGULATED PESTS (actionable)**

<b>Insects</b>
Insecta

## Coleoptera

Attelabidae

Rhynchites germanicus strawberry rhynchites

Buprestidae

Agrilus aurichalceus raspberry buprestid raspberry buprestid Agrilus rubicola Agrilus ruficollis red-necked cane borer

Byturidae

raspberry beetle Byturus ochraceus

Byturus ruhi eastern raspberry fruitworm raspberry beetle Byturus tomentosus raspberry fruitworm Byturus unicolor Byturus urbanus raspberry beetle

Cerambycidae

longhorn beetle Coreus marginatus Oberea bimaculata raspberry caneborer

Chrysomelidae

Batophila aerata raspberry flea beetle Batophila rubi raspberry flea beetle

Brachypnoea exilis grita flea beetle Nodonota margaretae leaf beetle

Curculionidae

apple blossom weevil Anthonomus rubi Anthonomus signatus blossom weevil Merhynchites bicolor rose curculio Merhynchites wickhami curculio Nemocestes incomptus strawberry root weevil

Otiorhynchus clavipes red-legged weevil Otiorhynchus singularis clay covered weevil Rhynchaenus fagi strawberry weevil weevil

Scleropterus verecundus

Nitidulidae

Meligethes hebes sap beetle Scarabaeidae

scarabaeid beetle Cetonia aurata pisana green June beetle Cotinis nitida rose chafer Macrodactylus subspinosus

Phyllopertha horticola garden chafer Japanese beetle Popillia japonica

**Diptera** 

Agromyzidae

Agromyza spiraeae rose leafminer

Anthomyiidae

Pegomya rubivora raspberry cane maggot

Cecidomyiidae

Contarinia agrimoniae midge

Contarinia rubicola blackberry flower midge Dasineura plicatrix blackberry leaf midge Lasioptera rubi raspberry gall midge Resseliella theobaldi raspberry midge

Hemiptera

Anthocoridae

raspberry bug Orius vicinus

Miridae

Lygocoris pabulinus common green caspid Lygus lineolaris common green caspid tarnished plant bug

Macrolophus rubi mirid
Psallus variabilis mirid

Pentatomidae

Dolycoris baccarum stink bug
Pentatoma rufipes forest bug

Homoptera

Aetalionidae

Aetalion reticulatum

**Aphididae** 

Amphorophora agathonicastrawberry aphidAmphorophora idaeilarge raspberry aphid

Amphorophora rubitoxica aphid

Aphis rubicola [vect.] raspberry aphid

Aphis ruborum permanent blackberry aphid

Macrosiphum funestumrose aphidMatsumuraja hirakurensisraspberry aphid

Cicadellidae

Dikrella californicablueberry lea fhopperDikrella cruentatalea fhopperEdwardsiana rosaerose lea fhopperErythroneura rubiphyllalea fhopper

Macropsis fulcatus lea fhopper

Macropsis fuscula boysenberry lea fhopper

Metascarta impressifronslea fhopperTyphlocyba spp.rubus lea fhoppers

lssidae

Mycterodus serbicus plant bug

Psyllidae

Trioza tripunctata blackberry psyllid

Trioza trisignata psyllid

Hymenoptera Cephidae

Hartigia albomaculata sawfly borer

Cynipidae

Diastrophus spp. stem gall cynipids

**Pamphilidae** 

Pamphilius sitkensis sawfly

Pergidae

Philomastix macleaii bramble sawfly

Tenthredinidae

Allantus cinctus banded rose sawfly

Emphytus calceatus sawfly

Empria tridens raspberry sawfly

Metallus pumilus raspberry lea f-mining sawfly
Metallus rohweri raspberry lea fmining sawflies

Metallus rubi blackberry leafminer

Monophadnoides geniculatus raspberry sawfly

Perineura rubi sawfly
Sterictiphora furcata sawfly

Lepidoptera

Geometridae

*Itame wauaria* v-moth

Operophtera bruceata
Operophtera brumata
Bruce spanworm
European winter moth

Hepialidae

Hepialus humuli ghost swift moth

Incurvariidae

Lampronia rubiella raspberry bud moth Lymantriidae brown-tail moth Euproctis chrysorrhoea Lymantria dispar Asian gypsy moth Orgyia antiqua rusty tussock moth Megalopygidae Megalopyge lanata **Nepticulidae** Stigmella aurella Stigmella splendidissimella Noctuidae Acronicta psi grey dagger moth Agrotis segetum turnip moth Cosmia trapezina dun-bar moth Akebia leaf-like moth Eudocima tyrannus double dart moth Graphiphora augur Melanchra persicariae dot moth Oraesia emarginata fruit-piercing moth Papaipema nebris stalk borer Peridroma saucia variegated cutworm Spirama retorta fruit sucking moth Xestia c-nigrum spotted cutworm Notodontidae Phalera bucephala buff-tip moth Saturniidae Saturnia pavonia silk moth Sesiidae Pennisetia hylaeiformis raspberry crownborer Pennisetia marginata raspberry crownborer Synanthedon bibionipennis strawberry crown moth Tortricidae Acleris comariana lea froller Acleris laterana broad barred button moth Archips oporanus fruit tree tortix Argyrotaenia citrana orange tortix obliquebanded leafroller Choristoneura rosaceana Cnephasia longana omnivorous leaftier Epiblema uddmanniana bramble shoot borer Olethreutes concinnana lea froller Olethreutes furfuranum lea froller Pandemis cerasana lea froller eye-spotted bud moth Spilonota ocellana Orthoptera Gryllidae blackhorned tree cricket Oecanthus nigricornis blackhorned tree cricket Oecanthus pellucens Phasmida Phasmatidae Carausius morosus wingless stick insect **Thysanoptera** Thripidae Thrips flavus flower thrips Arachnida Acarina **Eriophyidae** Cenopalpus pseudospinosus rust mite Epitrimerus gibbosus eriophyid mite

Eriophyes rubi

Mites

eriophyid mite

Phyllocoptes gracilis raspberry mite Phyllocoptes rubi eriophyid mite Eupodidae Neotetranychus rubi raspberry mite Tetranychidae Amphitetranychus viennensis hawthorn spider mite Nematodes Adenophorea Dorylaimida Longidoridae *Xiphinema bakeri* dagger nematode Xiphinema barense dagger nematode Secernentea **Tvlenchida** Criconematidae Criconemella axestis Criconemella curvata ring nematode Criconemella denoudeni Criconemella ornata ring nematode Criconemella sphaerocephala ring nematode Criconemella xenoplax ring nematode Dolichodoridae Tylenchorhynchus claytoni tobacco stunt nematode Hoplolaimidae Helicotylenchus platyurus Hoplolaimus magnistylus Scutellonema bradys yam nematode Pratylenchidae Hirschmanniella oryzae rice root nematode Fungi Ascomycota: Ascomycetes **Diaporthales** Valsaceae Gnomonia rostellata Gnomonia rubi (anamorph Gloeosporium sp.) cane canker, dieback Gnomonia setacea cane canker, dieback **Dothideales** Leptosphaeriaceae Leptosphaeria thomasiana cane blight Melanconidaceae Sydowiella depressula Mycosphaerellaceae Mycosphaerella confusa (anamorph Pseudocercospora rubi) cercospora leaf spot Mycosphaerella ligea cane & leaf spot Mycosphaerella rubi (anamorph Septoria rubi) cane & leaf spot Sphaerulina rubi (anamorph Cylindrosporium rubi) Helotiales Dermateaceae Pyrenopeziza rubi cane spot Sclerotiniaceae Monilinia fructigena (anamorph Monilia fructigena) brown rot Meliolales Meliolaceae black mildew Appendiculella calstroma **Unknown Ascomycetes** 

eriophyid mite

Hormotheca rubicola

Phyllocoptes gibbosus

Basidiomycota: Basidiomycetes

Agaricales

Tricholomataceae

Armillaria gallica armillaria root rot shoestring root rot Armillaria mellea (anamorph Rhizomorpha subcorticalis)

Armillaria ostoyae

armillaria root rot

Russulales

Lachnocladiaceae

Scytinostroma galactinum Scytinostroma galactinum

Unknown Basidiomycetes

Gerwasia epiphylla

**Basidiomycota: Urediniomycetes** 

Stereales

Sistotremataceae

Texas root rot Phymatotrichopsis omnivora

Uredinales

Phragmidiaceae

Ārthuriomyces peckianus orange rust

Gymnoconia nitens rust

Hamaspora longissima sub-tropical rust

Phragmidium alaskanum Phragmidium bulbosum rust Phragmidium occidentale

Pucciniastraceae

Pucciniastrum americanum late leaf rust

Pucciniastrum arcticum

Mitosporic Fungi (Coelomycetes)

Hapalosphaeria deformans anther blight

Macrophoma rubi

leaf scorch Marssonina potentillae

Phyllosticta carpogena

**Mitosporic Fungi (Hyphomycetes)** 

Fusicladium gravianum Passalora monrosii Pseudocercospora heteromalla Pseudocercospora rubicola

Verticillium albo-atrum [severe strain]

verticillium wilt

Zygomycota: Zygomycetes

Mucorales

Mucoraceae

soft rot Rhizopus sexualis

Chromista

**Oomycota** 

Pythiaceae

Phytophthora idaei

Phytophthora ramorum sudden oak death

Phytophthora rubi root rot

**Bacteria** 

Enterobacteriaceae

Erwinia amylovora f.sp. rubi

Rhizobiaceae

Agrobacterium rubi cane gall

Xanthomonadaceae

Pierce's disease Xylella fastidiosa

### Viruses

-

Blackberry calico virus
Blackberry chlorotic ringspot virus
Blackberry virus Y
Blackberry yellow vein associated virus
Cherry rasp leaf virus
Hawaiian rubus leaf curl virus
Raspberry latent virus
Raspberry leaf curl virus
Raspberry ringspot virus [strains not in New Zealand]
Rubus chlorotic mottle virus
Rubus yellow net virus
Tobacco necrosis virus [strains not in New Zealand]
Tomato ringspot virus

# **Phytoplasmas**

- -

Black raspberry witches'-broom phytoplasma Rubus stunt phytoplasma

# Disease of unknown aetiology

-

Alpine mosaic agent Black raspberry streak disease Raspberry chlorotic net disease

# Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Rubus

ORGANISM TYPES	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	
Mites	Visual inspection <b>AND</b> approved miticide treatments as described in the section 2.2.1.6 of the Basic conditions [cuttings only] <b>or</b> binocular microscope inspection in PEQ [plants in tissue culture only]	
Fungi	All cuttings must be dipped in 1% sodium hypochlorite for 2 minutes upon arrival in the post entry quarantine facility.  Growing season inspection in PEQ for symptom expression	
Chromista	Growing season inspection in PEQ for symptom expression	
Bacteria	All cuttings must be dipped in 1% sodium hypochlorite for 2 minutes upon arrival in the post entry quarantine facility.	
Erwinia amylovora f. sp. rubi	Growing season inspection for symptom expression AND PCR	
Agrobacterium rubi	Growing season inspection for symptom expression	
Xylella fastidiosa	Growing season inspection for symptom expression AND PCR	
Viruses		
Blackberry calico virus	Country freedom <b>OR</b> PCR	
Blackberry chlorotic ringspot virus	Country freedom <b>OR</b> PCR	
Blackberry virus Y	Country freedom <b>OR</b> RT-PCR using BVY-specific primers	
Blackberry yellow vein associated virus	Country freedom <b>OR</b> PCR	
Cherry rasp leaf virus	Country freedom OR ELISA or PCR	
Hawaiian rubus leaf curl virus	Country freedom <b>OR</b> Growing season inspection for symptom expression	
Raspberry latent virus	Country freedom <b>OR</b> PCR	
Raspberry leaf curl virus	Country freedom <b>OR</b> PCR	
Raspberryringspot virus [strains not in New Zealand]	Country freedom <b>OR</b> ELISA or PCR	
Rubus chlorotic mottle virus	Country freedom <b>OR</b> PCR	
Rubus yellow net virus	Country freedom <b>OR</b> PCR	
Tobacconecrosis virus [strains not in New Zealand]	Country freedom <b>OR</b> PCR	
Tomato ringspot virus	Country freedom OR ELISA or PCR	
Phytoplasmas		
Black raspberry witches'-broom	Country freedom <b>OR</b> Nested PCR <b>or</b> real time PCR using universal	
phytoplasma	phytoplasma primers	
Rubus stunt phytoplasma	Country freedom <b>OR</b> Nested PCR <b>or</b> real time PCR using universal phytoplasma primers	
Diseases of unknown aetiology		
Alpine mosaic agent	Country freedom <b>OR</b> Growing season inspection for symptom expression	
Black raspberry streak disease	Country freedom <b>OR</b> Growing season inspection for symptom expression	
Raspberry chlorotic net disease	Country freedom <b>OR</b> Growing season inspection for symptom expression	

# **Notes:**

1. Country freedom for regulated viruses, diseases of unknown actiology, and phytoplasmas will only be accepted when material is sourced from an MPI-approved offshore facility. Country freedom must be endorsed by the exporting NPPO, and must be included in the agreement between MPI and the approved offshore facility.

- 2. The unit for testing is defined in section 2.3.2.1.
- 3. **Tissue culture plantlets** must be potted up and grown in a greenhouse approved to facility standard PEQ.STD Post Entry Quarantine for Plants, only material from the greenhouse is to be selected for testing.
- 4. Growing season is defined as an extended period of plant growth that includes environmental conditions equivalent to spring (longer wetter days and colder temperatures), summer (longer dryer days and warm temperatures), and autumn (shorter wetter days and warm but cooling temperatures).
- 5. Virus testing is to be conducted on new spring growth.
- 6. Phytoplasma and bacteria testing is to be conducted at the end of the summer growth period.
- 7. Enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) tests. All ELISA tests must be validated using positive and negative controls prior to use in quarantine testing.
  Positive and negative controls must be used in all tests.
- 8. Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) tests. All PCR tests must be validated using positive and negative controls prior to use in quarantine testing. Positive and no template controls must be used in all tests. Ideally positive internal control primers and a negative plant control should also be used in PCR tests.
- 9. Inspection of the *Rubus* plants by the Operator of the PEQ facility for signs of pest and disease must be at least twice per week during periods of active growth. A record of inspections carried out by the Operator is to be kept and made available to the MPI Inspector on request.
- 10. Other internationally recognised testing methods may be accepted by MPI with prior notification.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Salix*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

**Quarantine Pests**: Erwinia salicis, Melampsora spp., Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora ramorum, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- c. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13) **Note**: Only applies to the following species: *Salix babylonica*

# **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEQ</u> greenhouse, for tissue cultures from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.
- b. Subject to examination at a transitional facility for the identification of organisms approved to facility standard 155.04.03, at the importers expense, prior to release to the importer.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Sandersonia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# 1. Type of Sandersonia nursery stock approved for entry into New Zealand

Dormant bulbs

Plants in tissue culture

#### 2. Pests of Sandersonia

Refer to the pest list.

#### 3. Entry conditions for:

# 3.1 Sandersonia dormant bulbs from any country

#### (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

**Import permit:** no import permit is required.

# (ii) *Phytosanitary requirements*

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

The Sandersonia dormant bulbs have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur, following certification.

# (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

No additional declarations are required.

# 3.2 Sandersonia plants in tissue culture from any country

#### (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

**Import permit:** no import permit is required.

#### (ii) Special tissue culture media requirements

The tissue culture media must not contain charcoal.

# (iii) *Phytosanitary requirements*

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

The Sandersonia plants in tissue culture have been:

inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

(iv) <u>Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate</u> No additional declarations are required.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Solanum*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

**Quarantine Pests**: Columnea latent viroid, Potato spindle tuber viroid, Tomato apical stunt viroid, Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

# A. For Whole Plants and Cuttings

PEO: Level 2

**Minimum Period**: 3 months

a. Conditions for Columnea latent viroid

**Note:** Only applies to the following species: *Brunfelsia undulata*, *Gloxinia gymnostoma* and *Nematanthus wettsteinii* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Columnea latent viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Columnea latent viroid*".

#### OR

- iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements".
- b. Conditions for *Potato spindle tuber viroid*

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is not known to occur".

OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Potato spindle tuber viroid*".

#### OR

- iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements".
- c. Conditions for Tomato apical stunt viroid

**Note:** Only applies to the *Cestrum* genus

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Tomato apical stunt viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Tomato apical stunt viroid*".

#### OR

- iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements".
- d. Conditions for Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid

Note: Only applies to the Calibrachoa genus

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid*".

#### OR

iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements".

# **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for Columnea latent viroid

**Note:** Only applies to the following species: *Brunfelsia undulata*, *Gloxinia gymnostoma* and *Nematanthus wettsteinii* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Columnea latent viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Columnea latent viroid*".

#### OR

iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements".

Guidance for importers: Tissue culture imported under this option must be imported into a <u>level 2 PEO greenhouse for a minimum period of 3 months</u> to undergo testing for the presence of *Columnea latent viroid* during the quarantine period.

b. Conditions for Tomato apical stunt viroid

**Note:** Only applies to the *Cestrum* genus

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Tomato apical stunt viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Tomato apical stunt viroid*".

#### OR

iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements".

Guidance for importers: Tissue culture imported under this option must be imported into a <u>level 2 PEO greenhouse for a minimum period of 3 months</u> to undergo testing for the presence of *Tomato apical stunt viroid* during the quarantine period.

c. Conditions for Potato spindle tuber viroid

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Potato spindle tuber viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Potato spindle tuber viroid*".

#### OR

iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements".

Guidance for importers: Tissue culture imported under this option must be imported into a <u>level 2 PEO greenhouse for a minimum period of 3 months</u> to undergo testing for the presence of *Potato spindle tuber viroid* during the quarantine period.

d. Conditions for *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* **Note:** Only applies to the *Calibrachoa* genus

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* is not known to occur".

# OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid*".

#### OR

iii)Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements".

Guidance for importers: Tissue culture imported under this option must be imported into a <u>level 2</u> <u>PEQ greenhouse for a minimum period of 3 months</u> to undergo testing for the presence of *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* during the quarantine period.

# Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Solanum

ORGANISM	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	Comments
Viroids		
Columnea latent viroid	PCR based methods	Only applies to Brunfelsia undulata, Gloxinia gymnostoma and Nematanthus wettsteinii whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a level 2 PEQ facility
Potato spindle tuber viroid	PCR based methods	Applies to whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a level 2 PEQ facility
Tomato apical stunt viroid	PCR based methods	Only applies to <i>Cestrum</i> whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a level 2 PEQ facility
Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid	PCR based methods	Only applies to <i>Calibrachoa</i> whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a level 2 PEQ facility

**Guidance for importers:** Testing in PEQ for the presence of *Columnea latent viroid*, *Potato spindle tuber viroid*, *Tomato apical stunt viroid* and *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* is only necessary when an importer has been unable to secure one of the alternative declarations.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Solanum tuberosum*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# 1. Type of Solanum tuberosum nursery stock approved for entry into New Zealand Plants in tissue culture

Solanum tuberosum can be imported into New Zealand as plants in tissue culture from any country.

# 2. Pests of Solanum tuberosum

Refer to the pest list.

#### 3. Entry conditions for:

# 3.1 Solanum tuberosum plants in tissue culture from offshore MPI-approved facilities in any country

# (i) Documentation

# Import permit is required

**Declaration for genetically modified organisms is required:** Refer to section 5 of this schedule for details.

**Phytosanitary requirements:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the exporting country National Plant Protection Organisation (NPPO) must accompany all *Solanum tuberosum* plants in tissue culture exported to New Zealand.

#### (ii) Special tissue culture medium requirements

The tissue culture medium must not contain charcoal.

#### (iii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country national plant protection organisation (NPPO) must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken:

The Solanum tuberosum tissue cultures in the consignment have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### AND

- held and tested for/classified free from specified regulated pests as required in the agreement between MPI and the MPI-approved facility.

#### AND

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following inspection and testing at the approved facility, and certification.

# (iv) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

"The Solanum tuberosum tissue cultures in this consignment have been:

held and tested for/classified free from specified regulated pests as required in the agreement between MPI and the [name of MPI-approved facility];
 AND

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- have been held in a manner to ensure infestation/reinfestation does not occur following inspection and testing at the approved facility, and certification."

# (v) <u>Inspection</u>, testing and treatments of the consignment

For all imported *Solanum tuberosum* tissue cultures, MPI reserves the right to validate all testing and audit all treatment processes that are undertaken by a facility approved by MPI for testing/treatment purposes. This applies to MPI-approved facilities offshore and within New Zealand. Audits will be conducted on a regular basis and at the expense of the importer.

# (vi) Post-entry quarantine

**PEQ**: Not required

# 3.2 Solanum tuberosum plants in tissue culture from non-approved facilities in any country

# (i) Documentation

Import permit is required

**Declaration for genetically modified organisms is required:** Refer to section 5 for details. **Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the exporting country National Plant Protection Organisation (NPPO) must accompany all *Solanum tuberosum* plants in tissue culture exported to New Zealand.

# (ii) Special tissue culture medium requirements

The tissue culture medium must not contain charcoal.

# (iii) Phytosanitary requirements

The exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the requirements of the model phytosanitary certificate have been met before the phytosanitary certificate is issued.

# (iv) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

There are no additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate.

# (v) Inspection, testing and treatments of the consignment

Upon arrival, the inspection, treatment and testing requirements for specified pests must be undertaken at a Level 3B post entry quarantine facility. Refer to *Solanum tuberosum* Inspection and Testing Requirements following the *Solanum tuberosum* pest list.

#### (vi) Post-entry quarantine

**PEQ**: Level 3B

**Quarantine Period**: Tissue cultures must be deflasked into the greenhouse for the quarantine period. 3 months is an indicative minimum quarantine period; this is the time required to complete inspections to detect regulated pests. The quarantine period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected or additional treatments/tests are required.

# 4. Validation of test results and audit of treatments at MPI-approved laboratories or facilities

For all imported *Solanum tuberosum* plants in tissue culture, MPI reserves the right to validate all testing and audit all treatment processes that are undertaken by a facility approved by MPI for testing/treatment purposes. This applies to MPI-approved facilities offshore and within New Zealand. Audits will be conducted on a regular basis and at the expense of the importer.

# 5. Declaration for genetically modified organisms

All import permit applications must include a signed declaration that the *Solanum tuberosum* plants in tissue culture are not genetically modified organisms, as defined by the New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act, 1996). For a copy of the declaration form refer to the end of this schedule.

# Pest List for Solanum tuberosum

# **REGULATED PESTS (actionable)**

Mite

Arachnida

Acarina

Tetranychidae

Tetranychus evansi tetranychid mite

Fungi

Chytridiomycota Chytridiales

Synchytriaceae

Synchytrium endobioticum [official control] potato wart

Mitosporic Fungi (Coelomycetes)

Sphaeropsidales Sphaerioidaceae

Phoma andigena var. andina phoma leaf spot

Mitosporic Fungi

Unknown Mitosporic Fungi Unknown Mitosporic Fungi

Aecidium cantensis deforming rust

Oomycota

Peronospora les Peronospora cea e

Phytophthora capsici fruit rot of peppers

Phytophthora infestans [A2 mating strain] late blight Phytophthora palmivora black rot

Bacteria

Burkholderiaceae

Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum bacterial wilt of potatoes

(formerly R. solanacearum race 1)

Corvnebacteriaceae

Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. sepedonicus potato ring rot

Enterobacteriaceae

Dickeya chrysanthemi pv. chrysanthemi bacterial soft rot

(syn. Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. chrysanthemi)

Dickeya chrysanthemi pv. parthenii -

(syn. Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. parthenii) Dickeya paradisiaca

Dickeya paraaisiaca

(syn. Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. paradisiaca) Dickeva solani

Pectobacterium betavasculorum bacterial sudden yellows death

(syn. Erwinia carotovora subsp. betavasculorum)

Pectobacterium polaris

Pseudomonadaceae

Xylella fastidiosa

Phyllobacteriaceae

'Candidatus Liberibacter solanacearum' haplotype B

Viroids

Columnea latent viroid\*

Pepper chat fruit viroid\*

Potato spindle tuber viroid [transient] Tomato planta macho viroid\* -

Viruses	
Abutilon mosaic begomovirus* Andean potato latent tymovirus	-
1	-
Andean potato mild mosaic tymovirus Andean potato mottle comovirus	-
	-
Arracacha B nepovirus	-
Beet curly top curtovirus	-
Cassia mild mosaic carlavirus*	-
Eggplant mottled dwarf nucleorhabdovirus	-
Henbane mosaic potyvirus*	-
Papaya mosaic potexvirus	-
Pepino mosaic potexvirus	-
Potato 14R tobamovirus	-
Potato black ringspot nepovirus	-
Potato deforming mosaic begomovirus	-
Potato latent carlavirus	-
Potato mop-top furovirus	-
Potato P carlavirus	-
Potato rough dwarf carlavirus	-
Potato virus H carlavirus	
Potato virus T trichovirus	-
Potato virus U nepovirus	-
Potato virus V potyvirus	-
Potatovirus Y potyvirus [strains not in New Zealand]	-
Potato yellow dwarf nucleorhabdovirus	-
Potato yellow mosaic begomovirus	-
Potato yellow vein crinivirus	-
Potato yellowing ilarvirus	-
Solanum apical leaf curling begomovirus	-
Solanum yellows luteovirus	-
Southern potato latent carlavirus	-
Sowbane mosaic sobemovirus	-
Tobacco necrosis necrovirus [strains not in New	
Zealand]	
Tobacco necrotic dwarf luteovirus*	-
Tobaccorattle tobravirus [strains not in New Zealand]	-
Tobacco streak ilarvirus [strains not in New Zealand]	-
Tomato infectious chlorosis crinivirus	-
Tomato leaf curl begomovirus - Australia*	_
Tomato leaf curl begomovirus - New Delhi	-
Tomato yellow leaf curl begomovirus	_
Tomato yellow mosaic begomovirus	-
Tomato yellow vein streak begomovirus*	-
Wild potato mosaic potyvirus	-
Phytoplasmas	
Columbia basin purple top phytoplasma	_
Egonlant little leaf nhytonlasma	

# Phyto

Eggplant little leaf phytoplasma Peanut witches' broom\* Potato marginal flavescence Potato phyllody phytoplasma Potato purple-top roll phytoplasma Potato purple-top wilt phytoplasma Potato round leaf phytoplasma Potato stolbur phytoplasma Potato witches' broom phytoplasma Saq'O disease

Note: \* Pathogens that infect Solanum tuberosum experimentally (i.e. not yet found to infect potato naturally under field conditions).

# Inspection and Testing Requirements for Solanum tuberosum

ORGANISM TYPES	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	Comments
Mites	Binocular microscope inspection.	
Fungi	• •	•
Aecidium cantensis	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	
	symptom expression	
Phoma andigena var. andina	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	
	symptom expression	
Synchytrium endobioticum	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	S. endobioticum cannot be
[official control]	symptom expression	cultured. It is identified by
		microscopic examination of
		affected plants. This organism
		belongs to the Myxomycetes in
		the Kingdom Protozoa.
Oomycetes		<del>-</del>
Phytophthora capsici	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	
	symptom expression	
Phytophthora infestans (A2	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	
mating strain)	symptom expression	
Phytophthora palmivora	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	
D ( )	symptom expression	
Bacteria		•
'Candidatus Liberibacter	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	
solanacearum' haplotype B	symptom expression AND PCR	
Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. sepedonicus	Growing season inspection in PEQ for symptom expression AND	
sepedonicus	Immunofluorescence	
	<ul><li>ELISA AND grow plantlets on</li></ul>	
	Murashige and Skoog medium	
	or	
	• PCR AND grow plantlets on	
	Murashige and Skoog medium	
Dickeya chrysanthemi pv.	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	
chrysanthemi	symptom expression AND plating on	
, and the second	selective pectate media or PCR	
Dickeya chrysanthemi pv.	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	
parthenii	symptom expression AND plating on	
	selective pectate media or PCR	
Dickeya paradisiaca	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	
	symptom expression AND plating on	
	selective pectate media or PCR	
Dickeya solani	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	
	symptom expression AND plating on	
	selective pectate media or PCR	
Pectobacterium betavasculorum	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	
	symptom expression AND plating on	
Bootob actorium a al ania	selective pectate media or PCR	
Pectobacterium polaris	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	
	symptom expression AND plating on	
Palstonia namidosolamasossissis	selective pectate media <b>or</b> PCR Growing season inspection in PEQ for	
Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum (formerly R. solanacearum race	symptom expression,	
1)	AND plating on selective media	
* <i>!</i>	OR PCR	
	ORICK	

ORGANISM TYPES	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	Comments
Xylella fastidiosa	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	
	symptom expression AND PCR	
Viroids		
Potato spindle tuber viroid	PCR using two sets of primers	
[transient]	or Return PAGE (with silver staining) or	
	Hybridisation (P32 or digoxigenin	
	labelled RNA probes)	
Viruses		
Arracacha B nepovirus	ELISA or PCR	ELISA must detect the oca strain
Andeanpotato latent tymovirus	ELISA or PCR	
Andean potato mild mosaic	ELISA or PCR	
tymovirus	ELIGA DOD	
Andean potato mottle comovirus		
Beet curly top curtovirus	ELISA or PCR	
Eggplant mottled dwarf nucleorhabdovirus	PCR	
Papaya mosaic potexvirus	PCR	
Pepino mosaic virus	PCR	
Potato 14R tobamovirus	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	Not fully characterised.
	symptom expression	
Potato black ringspot nepovirus	ELISA or PCR	
Potato deforming mosaic	ELISA or PCR	
begomovirus		
Potato latent carlavirus	PCR	
Potato mop-top furovirus	ELISA or PCR	
Potato P carlavirus	PCR	
Potato rough dwarf carlavirus	PCR	
Potato T trichovirus	ELISA or PCR	
Potato virus H carlavirus	PCR	
Potato virus U nepovirus	PCR	
Potato virus V potyvirus	ELISA or PCR	
Potatovirus Y potyvirus [strains not in NZ]	ELISA or PCR	
Potato yellow dwarf nucleorhabdovirus	PCR	
Potato yellow mosaic	PCR	
begomovirus		
Potato yellow vein crinivirus	PCR or hybridisation	
Potato yellowing ilarvirus	ELISA or PCR	
Solanum apical leaf curling	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	
begomovirus	symptom expression	
Solanum yellows luteovirus	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	
-	symptom expression	
Southern potato latent carla virus	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	
	symptom expression	
Sowbane mosaic sobemovirus	PCR	
Tobacco necrosis necrovirus	PCR	Tobacco necrosis virus A
[strains not in New Zealand]		Tobacco necrosis virus B
Tobacco rattle tobravirus [strains	PCR	Serological detection is
not in New Zealand]		unreliable because of diversity in
		the particle proteins of different isolates.
Tobacco streak ilarvirus [strains	PCR	Potato strain SB10 in fects potato
not in New Zealand]	TOK	naturally.
Tomato infectious chlorosis	PCR	
crinivirus	<del>-</del>	
		l .

ORGANISM TYPES	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	Comments
Tomato leaf curl begomovirus –	PCR	Potato leaf curl is a new disease
New Delhi		in northern India caused by a
		strain of Tomato leaf curl new
		Delhi virus.
Tomato yellow leaf curl	ELISA or PCR	
begomovirus		
Tomato yellow mosaic	ELISA or PCR	
begomovirus		
Wild potato mosaic potyvirus	PCR	
Phytoplasmas		
Columbia basin purple top	Nested or real-time PCR using universal	
phytoplasma	phytoplasma primers	
Eggplant little leaf phytoplasma	Nested or real-time PCR using universal	
	phytoplasma primers	
Potato marginal flavescence	Nested or real-time PCR using universal	
	phytoplasma primers	
Potato phyllody phytoplasma	Nested or real-time PCR using universal	
	phytoplasma primers	
Potato purple-top roll	Nested or real-time PCR using universal	
phytoplasma	phytoplasma primers	
Potato purple-top wilt	Nested or real-time PCR using universal	
phytoplasma	phytoplasma primers	
Potato round leaf phytoplasma	Nested or real-time PCR using universal	
	phytoplasma primers	
Potato stolbur phytoplasma	Nested or real-time PCR using universal	
	phytoplasma primers	
Potato witches' broom	Nested or real-time PCR using universal	
phytoplasma	phytoplasma primers	
Saq'O disease	Growing season inspection in PEQ for	An unknown phytoplasma and a
	symptom expression	native strain of Potato leafroll
		virus (PLRV) are associated with
		this disease. No appropriate
		detection methods are currently
		available for the disease-causing
		agent.

# Viroids, viruses and phytoplasmas infecting potato experimentally

Note: \* Pathogens that are currently only known to infect *Solanum tuberosum* experimentally. Tests that would detect these pathogens are already being conducted elsewhere in this schedule.

ORGANISM TYPES	Comments
Columnea latent viroid*	No evidence that this viroid infects potato
	naturally.
Pepper chat fruit viroid	No evidence that this viroid infects potato
	naturally.
Tomato planta macho viroid*	No evidence that this viroid infects potato
	naturally (Galindo et al. 1982).
Abutilon mosaic begomovirus*	Tests that would detect this virus are already
	being conducted elsewhere in this schedule e.g.
	the universal PCR or ELISA tests for
	begomoviruses.

Cassia mild mosaic carlavirus*	Tests that would detect this virus are already
Cussia inita mosare cariavirus	being conducted elsewhere in this schedule, e.g.
	, ,
	the universal PCR for carlaviruses.
Henbane mosaic potyvirus*	Tests that would detect this virus are already
	being conducted elsewhere in this schedule, e.g.
	the general potyvirus ELISA or PCR using
	universal potyvirus primers.
Tobacco necrotic dwarf luteovirus*	No appropriate test available.
Tomato leaf curl begomovirus - Australia*	Tests that would detect this virus are already
	being conducted elsewhere in this schedule e.g.
	the universal PCR or ELISA for begomovirus.
Tomato yellow vein streak begomovirus*	Tests that would detect this virus are already
	being conducted elsewhere in this schedule, e.g.
	the universal PCR or ELISA for begomovirus.
Peanut witches' broom*	Tests that would detect this phytoplasma are
	already being conducted elsewhere in this
	schedule, e.g. the universal PCR for phytoplasma.

#### **Notes:**

- 1. The unit for testing is defined in section 2.3.2.1.
- 2. Plantlets in growth medium must be de-flasked and grown in quarantine for the completion of pre-determined testing; however, the 'Inspection and Testing Requirements' may also require the plantlets to be grown on specific medium for bacteria testing. After plantlets are deflasked they must be grown in sterile potting mix. Testing must be carried out on plants while they are still in active growth prior to tuber formation.
- 3. For ELISA, plants must be sampled from at least two positions on every stem including a young, fully expanded lea flet at the top of each stem and an older lea flet from a midway position (Jeffries, 1998). For the PSTVd PCR young actively growing leaf tissue must be used.
- 4. Enzyme linked immunosorbent a ssay (ELISA) and polymense chain reaction (PCR) tests for viruses. Tests must be completed at the optimal time for detection. In general, plants shall be sampled from at least two positions including a young, fully expanded leaf at the top of the stem and an older leaf from a midway position.
- 5. All PCR, hybridisation and ELISA tests must be validated using positive controls prior to use in quarantine testing. Positive and negative controls (including a blank water control for PCR) must be used in all tests. Ideally positive internal controls and a negative plant control should also be used in PCR tests.
- 6. Inspect Solanum tuberosum plants for signs of pest and disease at least once per week.
- 7. With prior notification, MPI will accept other internationally recognised testing methods.

# **Declaration Form**

To be completed and signed by the exporter and importer.

As defined by the New Zealand HSNO Act 1996, Genetically modified organism means, unless expressly provided otherwise by regulations, any organism in which any of the genes or any other genetic material (a) have been modified by in vitro techniques; or (b) are inherited or otherwise derived, through any number of replications, from any genes or other genetic material which has been modified by in vitro techniques.

Note that under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act 1996. The import and release of any genetically modified crop without approval from the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) it is unlawful.

I, (Exporter's name and address)	_	
	Nursery Stock Import Health Standard (MPI Import Health os://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/dmsdocument/1152-Nursery	
(Insert species name and lot/line number or unique ide	ntifier as stated on all the other import documentation)	
was produced neither "from" nor "by" genetically m	odified crops.	
I undertake to inform immediately the importer and the Ministry for Primary Industries, MPI, New Zealand of an information that can undermine the accuracy of this declaration.		
Note that MPI may request evidence as to how production the field or require and audit as a way to provide of	on, handling and transport of the nursery stock is performed quality to the production system.	
I, (Importer's name and address)		
	ne requirements set out in the Nursery Stock Import Health 155.02.06: Importation of Nursery Stock 2-Nursery-Stock-Import-Health-Standard),	
(Insert species name and lot/line number or unique ide	ntifier as stated on all the other import documentation)	
was produced neither "from" nor "by" genetically m	odified crops.	
Signed by <b>Exporter</b> and Company Name (details) and date	Signed by <b>Importer</b> and Company Name (details) and date	

Warning: Any person who knowingly makes a statement of information or a declaration that is false or misleading in a material particular may on summary conviction, be sentenced to a term of imprisonment and/or fined not exceeding \$500,000.00

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Solidago*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom.

Quarantine Pests: Aster yellows phytoplasma, Uredinales, Xylella fastidiosa

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

# A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 2

**Minimum Period**: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- b. Conditions for Aster yellows phytoplasma

Additional declaration: "Aster yellows phytoplasma is not known to occur in \_ [the country or state where the plants were grown] ".

# **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- b. Conditions for Aster yellows phytoplasma

<u>Additional declaration</u>: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested or inspected and found free of Aster yellows phytoplasma".

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Syringa*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

Quarantine Pests: Virus & virus-like diseases

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants:

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

Additional Declaration: "The plants were inspected during the growing season and no

symptoms of viruses or virus-like diseases were detected".

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures:

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2; **PLUS** 

#### **Additional Declaration:**

"The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and found free of viruses or virus-like diseases".

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Tillandsia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Cuttings and Whole Plants:

**PEO:** Level 2

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

# **B. For Tissue Cultures:**

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Tricyrtis*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

Quarantine Pests: Tetranychus kanzawai

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Tritonia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Puccinia gladioli

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

A. For Whole Plants

PEO: Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

- a. Conditions for Puccinia gladioli
  - i) "Puccinia gladioli is not known to occur in \_\_\_\_\_ [the country or state where the plants were grown]".

OR

- ii) "The plants were inspected during the growing season and *Puccinia gladioli* was not detected".
- B. For Dormant Bulbs (Corms) from Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America

#### **OPTION 1:**

No import permit is required

PEO: None

Cleanliness: Bulbs (corms) must be free of leafy coverings.

a. Additional Declaration

"In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."

# OPTION 2: PEO: Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

Cleanliness: Bulbs (corms) must be free of leafy coverings.

C. For Dormant Bulbs from Countries <u>other than</u> Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America

# **OPTION 1: PEQ:** Level 1

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

Cleanliness: Bulbs (corms) must be free of leafy coverings.

# a. Additional Declaration

"The dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:

- derived from a crop which was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures and found to be free of regulated pests.
   AND
- treated for regulated insects as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment."

# **OPTION 2:**

PEQ: Level 2

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

Cleanliness: Bulbs (corms) must be free of leafy coverings.

# **D. For Tissue Cultures**

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Tulipa*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

# 1. Type of Tulipa nursery stock approved for entry into New Zealand

Dormant bulbs

Plants in tissue culture

# 2. Pests of Tulipa

Refer to the pest list.

#### 3. Entry conditions for:

# 3.1 Tulipa dormant bulbs from the Netherlands

#### (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

**Import permit:** no import permit is required.

# (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

The *Tulipa* dormant bulbs have been:

- produced in accordance with the requirements of the Bloembollenkeuringsdienst (BKD) Class 1 bulb certification scheme.

# AND

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated nematodes and fungi OR treated for regulated nematodes and fungi as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated bacteria and viruses.

#### **AND**

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.

#### **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

#### (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection

Treatment" section, and by providing the following additional declaration to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The *Tulipa* dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:

- produced in accordance with the requirements of the BKD Class 1 bulb certification scheme.

#### AND

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated nematodes and fungi [if applicable].

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated bacteria and viruses."

#### (iv) Post-entry quarantine

Post-entry quarantine is not required provided that the above measures have been completed.

# 3.2 Tulipa dormant bulbs from any country other than the Netherlands

# (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

Import permit: an import permit is required.

# (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

The *Tulipa* dormant bulbs have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests OR treated for regulated fungi as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment. **AND** 

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated nematodes and fungi OR treated for regulated nematodes and fungi as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.

#### AND

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated bacteria and viruses.

#### **AND**

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.

#### **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

# (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection"

Treatment" section, and by providing the following additional declaration to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The *Tulipa* dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated nematodes and fungi [if applicable].

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated bacteria and viruses."

# (iv) Post-entry quarantine

PEO: Level 1

Quarantine Period: This is the time required to complete inspections and/or testing to detect regulated pests. Three months is an indicative minimum quarantine period. The quarantine period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required. Cut flowers may receive biosecurity clearance while the imported plants remain in post-entry quarantine following inspection of the parent plants and with prior approval from an MPI Inspector.

#### 3.3 Tulipa plants in tissue culture from any country

### (i) <u>Documentation</u>

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

**Import permit:** no import permit is required.

# (ii) Special tissue culture media requirements

The tissue culture media must not contain charcoal.

#### (iii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

The *Tulipa* plants in tissue culture have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### AND

- derived from parent stock inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

# AND

- derived from parent stock tested using molecular/ serological methods [choose ONE option] and found free of *Tobacco rattle virus* and *Tomato bushy stunt virus*.

# (iv) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by providing the following additional declaration to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The *Tulipa* plants in tissue culture have been derived from parent stock:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests

#### **AND**

- tested using molecular/ serological methods [choose ONE option] and found free of *Tobacco rattle virus* and *Tomato bushy stunt virus*."

# (iv) Post-entry quarantine

Post-entry quarantine is not required provided that the above measures have been completed overseas. Alternatively, the inspection and testing may be completed in post-entry quarantine upon arrival in New Zealand according to the following conditions:

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

Import permit: an import permit is required.

**PEQ**: Level 3B

**Quarantine Period**: This is the time required to complete inspections and/or testing to detect regulated pests. Three months is an indicative minimum quarantine period. The quarantine period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

# Pest List for Tulipa

# **REGULATED PESTS (actionable)**

Insect

Insecta

Diptera

Anthomyiidae

Delia antiqua onion maggot

Homoptera Aphididae

Rhopalosiphoninus staphyleae tulipaellus tulip leaf aphid

Orthoptera Gryllotalpidae

Gryllotalpa gryllotalpa mole cricket

Thysanoptera Thripidae

Taeniothrips eucharii oriental thrips

Mite

Arachnida

Acarina

Eriophyidae

Aceria tulipae [vector] wheat curl mite

Nematode

Adenophorea

Dorylaimida

Longidoridae

Xiphimena coxi da gger nematode

Trichodoridae

Paratrichodorus pachydermus [vector]stubby root nematodeParatrichodorus teresstubby root nematodeTrichodorus similisstubby root nematode

Secernentea Tylenchida Tylenchidae

Ditylenchus dipsaci [strains not in New Zealand] stem and bulb nematode

**Fungus** 

Ascomycota

Leotiales

Sclerotiniaceae

Sclerotinia bulborum black slime
Sclerotinia galanthina bulb rot

**Basidiomycota: Ustomycetes** 

Ustilaginales Ustilaginaceae

Ustilago tulipae smut

mitosporic fungi (Agonomycetes)

Agonomycetales

unknown Agonomycetales

Rhizoctonia tuliparumbasal rotSclerotium perniciosumsmoulderSclerotium wakkeriblackleg

**Bacterium** 

Corynebacteriaceae

Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. oortii yellow pock

# Virus

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Ulmus*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

# **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries**: All

Quarantine Pests: Ceratocystis fimbriata, Elm mosaic virus, Elm phloem necrosis, Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora ramorum, Xylella fastidiosa

**Entry Conditions: Basic;** with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 3B

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for Ceratocystis fimbriata (section 2.2.1.8)
- b. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- c. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- d. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13) **Note**: Only applies to the following species: *Ulmus parvifolia*

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

#### As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

**PEQ**: Level 3B

**Minimum Period**: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Vaccinium*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

These conditions do not apply to *Vaccinium macrocarpon*.

# 1. Type of *Vaccinium* [excluding *Vaccinium macrocarpon*] nursery stock approved for entry into New Zealand

Cuttings (dormant); Plants in tissue culture.

#### 2. Pests of Vaccinium

Refer to the pest list.

## 3. Entry conditions for:

## 3.1 Vaccinium cuttings and tissue culture from offshore MPI-approved facilities in any country

An offshore approved facility is a facility that has been approved to the Administrative Standard: Standard for Offshore Facilities Holding and Testing Plants for Planting to undertake phytosanitary activities. The operator of the approved facility must also have an agreement with MPI on the phytosanitary measures to be undertaken for *Vaccinium*. Refer to the "*Vaccinium* Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements".

## (i) *Documentation*

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the exporting country must accompany all *Vaccinium* nursery stock exported to New Zealand. **Import permit:** an import permit is required.

## (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the NPPO of the exporting country must be satisfied that the following activities required by MPI have been undertaken.

The *Vaccinium* cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.6 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to shipment [cuttings only].

#### **AND**

- held and tested for/classified free from specified regulated pests as required in the agreement between MPI and the [name of the MPI-approved facility].

## **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following inspection and testing at the approved facility, and certification.

## (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section and by providing the following additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The Vaccinium cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been:

- held and tested for/classified free from specified regulated pests as required in the agreement between MPI and the [name of the MPI-approved facility].

#### **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure infestation/reinfestation does not occur following inspection and testing at the approved facility, and certification."

## (iv) Special tissue culture media requirements

The tissue culture media must not contain charcoal.

#### (v) Post-entry quarantine

**PEQ**: All *Vaccinium* nursery stock must be imported under permit into post-entry quarantine in a level 2 quarantine facility approved to Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants.

Quarantine Period and Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements: The nursery stock will be grown for a minimum period of 6 months in post-entry quarantine and will be inspected, treated and/or audit-tested for regulated pests, at the expense of the importer. Six months is an indicative minimum quarantine period and this period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

## 3.2 Vaccinium cuttings from non-approved facilities in any country

## (i) <u>Documentation</u>

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the exporting country must accompany all *Vaccinium* nursery stock exported to New Zealand. **Import permit:** an import permit is required.

## (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the NPPO of the exporting country must be satisfied that the following activities required by MPI have been undertaken.

The *Vaccinium* cuttings have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.6 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to shipment.

#### **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

## (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the preshipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section. No additional declarations are required.

## (iv) Post-entry quarantine

**PEQ**: All *Vaccinium* cuttings must be imported under permit into post-entry quarantine in a level 3B quarantine facility approved to Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants.

Quarantine Period and Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements: The nursery stock will be grown for a minimum period of 16 months in post-entry quarantine. During this time, it will be inspected, treated and/or tested for regulated pests as specified in the "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Vaccinium*", at the expense of the importer. These times are indicative minimum quarantine periods and may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

## 3.3 Vaccinium tissue cultures from non-approved facilities in any country

#### (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the exporting country must accompany all *Vaccinium* nursery stock exported to New Zealand. **Import permit:** an import permit is required.

#### ii) *Phytosanitary requirements*

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the NPPO of the exporting country must be satisfied that the following activities required by MPI have been undertaken.

The *Vaccinium* plants in tissue culture have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### AND

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

#### AND

- [for countries recognised by MPI as free of *Phytophthora ramorum*] have been sourced from a country recognised by MPI as being free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.

**Guidance for importers:** Freedom from *Phytophthora ramorum* is an optional measure that may be applied to tissue cultures that will undergo quarantine in a level 3A quarantine facility.

#### (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

The following additional declaration can be included for countries recognised by MPI as being free from *Phytophthora ramorum*:

"The *Vaccinium* tissue cultures in this consignment have been sourced from a 'pest Free Area' free from *Phytophthora ramorum*".

## (iv) Special tissue culture medium requirements

The tissue culture medium must not contain charcoal.

#### (v) Post-entry quarantine

**PEQ**: All *Vaccinium* tissue cultures must be imported into post entry quarantine in a level 3A or level 3B quarantine facility approved to Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants.

## Special requirements for plants imported into a level 3A quarantine facility:

- Before plants are deflasked into a level 3A quarantine facility the tissue cultures must be held at a level 3 tissue culture laboratory until the following activities have been completed:
  - Tissue cultures must be held between 17°C and 25°C for a minimum period of four weeks and all plants must be inspected by the MPI inspector for signs or symptoms of *Phytophthora ramorum* prior to deflasking. This inspection will be in addition to growing season inspections which are required in the greenhouse. This is only required for plants which do not have an additional declaration certifying they have been sourced from a country recognised by MPI as being free from *Phytophthora ramorum*.
  - Sub culturing must not occur during this incubation period however plants may be sub-cultured on arrival in New Zealand, prior to commencement of the four-week incubation.
  - Tissue cultures must not be transferred to the level 3A quarantine facility until they have been tested for and found free from *Monilinia vaccinii-corymbosi*.
- Requirements at the level 3A quarantine facility:
  - All plants must be inspected for signs and symptoms of pests and disease at least twice per week throughout the entire quarantine period (including during dormancy).
  - Plants must be irrigated using a method which prevents water coming into contact with plant foliage (such as drip irrigation). Overhead irrigation must not be used.
  - Contingency plans must be developed to identify actions that will be taken to contain the propagules of any fungal or oomycete disease organisms in the event of disease symptoms becoming evident during the quarantine period. These plans must be recorded in the facility operating manual.

## Quarantine Period and Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements:

The imported tissue culture plants must be deflasked and grown for a minimum period of 9 months in post-entry quarantine. During this time plants will be inspected, treated and/or tested for regulated pests as specified in the "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Vaccinium*", at the expense of the importer. This time is the indicative minimum quarantine period and may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

#### Guidance:

Imports of *Vaccinium* under this section are required to go into level 3B PEQ, unless an importer opts for level 3A. When an importer opts into level 3A PEQ the special requirements for plants imported into a Level 3A quarantine facility must be complied with.

## Pest List for Vaccinium

## **REGULATED PESTS (actionable)**

Insect

Insecta

Coleoptera

Cerambycidae

Oberea myops azalea stem borer

Chrysomelidae

Altica sylvia blueberry flea beetle

Rhabdopterus picipes cranberry rootworm

Curculionidae

Anthonomus musculus cranberry weevil
Conotrachelus nenuphar plum curculio
Pseudanthonomus validus currant fruit weevil

Scarabaeidae

Popillia japonica Japanese beetle

Diptera

Cecidomyiidae

Contarinia vaccinii blueberry tip midge

**Tephritidae** 

Rhagoletis mendax blueberry maggot

Hemiptera Coreidae

Veneza phyllopus leaf-footed bug

Homoptera Aphididae

Illinoia borealis aphid

Illinoia pepperi blueberry aphid

Cicadellidae

Euscelis striatulus Blunt-nosed lea fhopper Scaphytopius magdalensis sharpnosed lea fhopper

Hymenoptera Tenthredinidae

Caliroa annulipes sawfly

Neopareophora litura gooseberry sawfly
Pristiphora idiota gooseberry sawfly
willow redgall sawfly

Pristiphora mollis -

Lepidoptera Arctiidae

Hyphantria cunea fall webworm

Geometridae

Itame ribearia currant spanworm

Noctuidae

Acronicta tritona acronicta caterpillar
Actebia fennica black army cutworm

Notodontidae

Datana major azalea caterpillar

Pyralidae

Acrobasis vaccinii cranberry fruitworm

**Sphingidae** 

Paonias astylus huckleberry sphinx

Tortricidae

Archips rosanus rose lea froller

Argyrotaenia velutinana red-banded lea froller

Aroga trialbamaculella leaftier

Cheimophila salicella European carnation tortrix

Choristoneura hebenstreitella tortricid

Choristoneura rosaceana oblique-banded lea froller

Cydia packardi cherry fruitworm

Dichomeris vacciniella lea ftier

Hendecaneura shawiana blueberry tip borer
Spilonota ocellana eyespotted bud moth

Thysanoptera Thripidae

Catinathrips similisthripsCatinathrips vaccinicolathripsFrankliniella bispinosaflower thrips

Frankliniella tritici ea stern flower thrips
Frankliniella vaccinii blueberry thrips

Scirtothrips ruthveni -

Taeniothrips vaccinophilus thrips

Mite

Arachnida Acarina

Eriophyidae

Acalitus vaccinii blueberry bud mite

Fungus

Ascomycota

Diaporthales

Valsaceae

Diaporthe vaccinii (anamorph Phomopsis vaccinii) twig blight

**Dothideales** 

Botryosphaeriaceae

Botryosphaeria corticis cane blight

Botryosphaeria vaccinii (anamorph Phyllosticta elongata) --

Polystomellaceae

Dothidella vacciniicola twig canker

Erysiphales Erysiphaceae

Microsphaera vaccinii powdery mildew

Hypocreales Hypocreaceae

Calonectria ilicicola (anamorph Cylindrocladium root and stem rot

crotalariae)

Leotiales

Leotiaceae

Godronia cassandrae (anamorph Fusicoccum foliage spot

putrefaciens)

Godronia cassandrae f. sp. vaccinii cane canker

Sclerotiniaceae

Monilinia baccarum mummy berry
Monilinia fructigena (anamorph Monilia fructigena) European brown rot

Monilinia ledi twig blight

Monilinia megalospora -Monilinia oxycocci -

Monilinia urnulabrown rotMonilinia vaccinii-corymbosibrown rot

Phyllachorales
Phyllachoraceae

Ophiodothella vaccinii fly speck leaf spot

Meliolales

Meliolaceae

Asteridiella exilis black mildew

Rhytismatales Rhytismataceae

Lophodermium hypophyllum Lophodermium maculare leaf spot Rhytisma vaccinii tar leaf spot **Basidiomycota: Basidiomycetes** Agaricales Tricholomataceae Armillaria mellea (anamorph Rhizomorpha subcorticalis) armillaria root rot Armillaria ostoyae armillaria root rot Exobasidiales Exobasidiaceae Exobasidium maculosum **Basidiomycota: Teliomycetes** Uredinales Pucciniastraceae Pucciniastrum goeppertianum rust Oomvcota Pythiales Pythiaceae sudden oak death disease Phytophthora ramorum mitosporic fungi (Coelomycetes) Sphaeropsidales Sphaerioidaceae Dothichiza caroliniana double leaf spot Coniothyrium vaccinicola brand canker stem blight Phoma vaccinii Piggotia vaccinii leaf spot Septoria albopunctata septoria spot Septoria vaccinii septoria spot unknown Coelomycetes unknown Coelomycetes Gloeosporium minus leaf spot and stem canker Leptothyrium conspicuum fly speck mitosporic fungi (Hyphomycetes) Hyphomycetales Moniliaceae Gloeocercospora inconspicua leaf spot Ramularia vaccinii leaf spot unknown Hyphomycetes unknown Hyphomycetes Aureobasidium vaccinii twig and leaf blight Bacterium Burkholderiaceae Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum Bacterial wilt (formerly Ralstonia solanacearum race 1, Phylotype I) Pseudomonadaceae Xylella fastidiosa Pierce's disease Rhizobiaceae cane gall Agrobacterium rubi Virus Blueberry leaf mottle virus Bluberry red ringspot virus (syn. Cranberry ringspot virus)

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Tobacco streak virus [strains not in New Zealand]

Blueberry scorch virus Blueberry shock virus Blueberry shoestring virus Peach rosette mosaic virus

Tomato ringspot virus

## Phytoplasma

Blueberry stunt phytoplasma
Cranberry false blossom phytoplasma
Vaccinium witches' broom phytoplasma
Disease of unknown aetiology
Blueberry fruit drop disease

## Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Vaccinium

ORGANISM TYPES	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS (See notes below)	
Fungi	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression	
Diaporthe vaccinii	PCR or Plating of twig or leaf material onto suitable isolation medium	
Monilinia vaccinii-corymbosi	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression AND [for tissue cultures which will be deflasked into a level 3A quarantine facility, option 3.3 of the <i>Vaccinium</i> schedule only]; one of the following tests must occur before the tissue cultures are transferred to the quarantine facility:  PCR or plating onto suitable isolation medium.	
Oomycota		
Phytophthora ramorum	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression AND [for tissue cultures which were not certified as sourced from a country free from <i>P. ramorum</i> , and which will be deflasked into a level 3A quarantine facility under option 3.3 of the <i>Vaccinium</i> schedule]: Tissue cultures must be held in a level 3 tissue culture facility between 17°C and 25°C for a minimum period of four weeks, and inspected by the MPI inspector before transfer to the greenhouse.	
Bacteria		
Agrobacterium rubi	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression	
Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom exp		
(formerly $\tilde{R}$ . solanacearum race 1)	1) AND plating on selective media or PCR using DNA from plant stem	
Xylella fastidiosa	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression AND PCR	
Viruses		
Blueberry leaf mottle virus	ELISA or PCR	
Blueberry red ringspot virus (syn. Cranberry ringspot virus)	ELISA or PCR	
Blueberry scorch virus	ELISA or PCR	
Blueberry shock virus	ELISA or PCR	
Blueberry shoestring virus	ELISA or PCR	
Peach rosette mosaic virus	ELISA or PCR	
Tobacco streak virus	ELISA or PCR	
[strains not in New Zealand]		
Tomato ringspot virus	ELISA or PCR	
Phytoplasmas		
Blueberry stunt phytoplasma	Nested PCR or real time PCR using universal phytoplasma primers	
Cranberry false blossom	Nested PCR or real time PCR using universal phytoplasma primers	
phytoplasma		
Vaccinium witches' broom		
phytoplasma		
Diseases of unknown aetiology		
Blueberry fruit drop disease	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression	

#### Notes:

- 1. The unit for testing is defined in section 2.3.2.1.
- 2. Virus testing (ELISA and PCR) must be carried out in the spring or under spring-like conditions using the new flush of growth. Bacteria and phytoplasma testing (PCR) must be carried out at the end of the summer or under summer-like conditions.
- 3. Vaccinium plants must be sampled from at least two positions on every stem including a young, fully expanded leaf at the top of each stem and an older leaf from a midway position.
- 4. All PCR and ELISA tests must be validated using positive controls prior to use in quarantine testing. Positive and negative controls (including a blank water control for PCR) must be used in all tests. Ideally positive internal controls and a negative plant control should also be used in PCR tests.

5.	Inspect <i>Vaccinium</i> plants for signs of pest and disease at least twice per week during periods of active growth and once per week during dormancy. Note: plants held in a level 3A quarantine facility under option 3.3 of the IHS must be inspected at least twice per week for the entire quarantine period (including during any periods of dormancy).
6.	With prior notification, MPI will accept other internationally recognised testing methods.

## Vaccinium macrocarpon

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Vaccinium macrocarpon*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

1. Type of *Vaccinium macrocarpon* nursery stock approved for entry into New Zealand Cuttings (dormant); Plants in tissue culture

## 2. Pests of Vaccinium macrocarpon

Refer to the pest list.

## 3. Entry conditions for:

# 3.1 Vaccinium macrocarpon cuttings and tissue culture from offshore MPI-approved facilities in any country

An offshore approved facility is a facility that has been approved to the Administrative Standard: Standard for Offshore Facilities Holding and Testing Plants for Planting to undertake phytosanitary activities. The operator of the approved facility must also have an agreement with MPI on the phytosanitary measures to be undertaken for *Vaccinium macrocarpon*. Refer to the "*Vaccinium macrocarpon* Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements".

#### (i) <u>Documentation</u>

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the exporting country must accompany all *Vaccinium macrocarpon* nursery stock exported to New Zealand.

**Import permit:** an import permit is required.

#### (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the NPPO of the exporting country must be satisfied that the following activities required by MPI have been undertaken.

The *Vaccinium macrocarpon* cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.6 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to shipment [cuttings only].

## AND

- held and tested for/classified free from specified regulated pests as required in the agreement between MPI and the [name of the MPI-approved facility]

**AND** 

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following inspection and testing at the approved facility, and certification.

## (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section and by providing the following additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The Vaccinium macrocarpon cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been

held and tested for/classified free from specified regulated pests as required in the agreement between MPI and the [name of the MPI-approved facility].
 AND

- held in a manner to ensure infestation/reinfestation does not occur following inspection and testing at the approved facility, and certification."

## (iv) Special tissue culture media requirements

The tissue culture media must not contain charcoal.

## (v) Post-entry quarantine

**PEQ**: All *Vaccinium macrocarpon* nursery stock must be imported under permit into post-entry quarantine in a Level 2 greenhouse facility approved to Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Ouarantine for Plants.

Quarantine Period and Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements: The nursery stock will be grown for a minimum period of 6 months in post-entry quarantine and will be inspected, treated and/or audit-tested for regulated pests, at the expense of the importer. Six months is an indicative minimum quarantine period and this period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

## 3.2 Vaccinium macrocarpon cuttings and tissue culture from non-approved facilities in any country

## (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the exporting country must accompany all *Vaccinium macrocarpon* nursery stock exported to New Zealand

**Import permit:** an import permit is required.

## (ii) *Phytosanitary requirements*

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the NPPO of the exporting country must be satisfied that the following activities required by MPI have been undertaken.

The *Vaccinium macrocarpon* cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### AND

**AND** 

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.6 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to shipment [cuttings only].

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

## (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section. No additional declarations are required.

## (iv) Post-entry quarantine

**PEQ**: All *Vaccinium macrocarpon* nursery stock must be imported under permit into post-entry quarantine in a Level 3B greenhouse facility approved to Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants.

Quarantine Period and Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements: The nursery stock will be grown for a minimum period of either 9 (tissue culture) or 16 months (cuttings) in post-entry quarantine. During this time, it will be inspected, treated and/or tested for regulated pests as specified in the "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Vaccinium macrocarpon*", at the expense of the importer. These times are indicative minimum quarantine periods and may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

## Pest List for Vaccinium macrocarpon

## **REGULATED PESTS (actionable)**

Insect

Insecta

Coleoptera

Chrysomelidae

Rhabdopterus picipes cranberry rootworm

Curculionidae

Anthonomus musculus cranberry weevil
Pseudanthonomus validus currant fruit weevil

Scarabaeidae

Popillia japonica Japanese beetle

Diptera

Tephritidae

Rhagoletis pomonella apple maggot fly

Homoptera Aphididae

Aphis vaccinii blueberry aphid

Illinoia borealis aphid

Cicadellidae

Euscelis striatulus Blunt-nosed lea fhopper

Hymenoptera

Tenthredinidae

Pristiphora idiota willow redgall sawfly

Lepidoptera Arctiidae

Hyphantria cunea fall webworm

Geometridae

Itame ribearia currant spanworm

Noctuidae

Acronicta tritona acronicta caterpillar
Actebia fennica black army cutworm

Pyralidae

Acrobasis vaccinii cranberry fruitworm

Tortricidae

Archips rosanus rose lea froller
Argyrotaenia velutinana red-banded lea froller

Aroga trialbamaculella leaftier Choristoneura hebenstreitella tortricid

Choristoneura rosaceana oblique-banded lea froller

Dichomeris vacciniella leaftier

Thysanoptera Thripidae

Frankliniella vaccinii blueberry thrips

Mite

Arachnida

Acarina

Eriophyidae

Acalitus vaccinii blueberry bud mite

**Fungus** 

Ascomycota

**Diaporthales** 

Valsaceae

Diaporthe vaccinii (anamorph Phomopsis vaccinii) twig blight

**Dothideales** 

Botryosphaeriaceae

Botryosphaeria vaccinii (anamorph Phyllosticta

elongata)

**Erysiphales** 

Erysiphaceae

Microsphaera vaccinii powdery mildew

Leotiales Leotiaceae

Godronia cassandrae (anamorph Fusicoccum foliage spot

putrefaciens)

Godronia cassandrae f. sp. vaccinii cane canker

Sclerotiniaceae

Monilinia fructigena (anamorph Monilia fructigena) European brown rot

Monilinia oxycocci -

Rhytismatales Rhytismataceae

Lophodermium hypophyllum -

Lophodermium maculare leaf spot

Lophodermium oxycocci -

Basidiomycota: Basidiomycetes

Agaricales

Tricholomataceae

Armillaria mellea (anamorph Rhizomorpha armillaria root rot

subcorticalis)

**Basidiomycota: Teliomycetes** 

Uredinales

Pucciniastraceae

Pucciniastrum goeppertianum rust

Chytridiomycota Chytridiales Synchytriaceae

Synchytrium vaccinii red leaf gall

Mitosporic fungi (Coelomycetes)

Sphaeropsidales Sphaerioidaceae

Coniothyrium vaccinicolabrand cankerPhoma vacciniistem blightSeptoria vacciniiseptoria spotStrasseria oxycoccifruit rot

unknown Coelomycetes unknown Coelomycetes

Gloeosporium minus leaf spot and stem canker

Leptothyrium conspicuum fly speck

Oomycota Pythiales Pythiaceae

Phytophthora ramorum Sudden Oak Death disease

**Bacterium** 

Pseudomonadaceae

Xylella fastidiosa

Rhizobiaceae

Agrobacterium rubi cane gall

Virus

Blueberry scorch virus

Bluberry red ringspot virus (syn. Cranberry ringspot -

virus)

Tobacco streak virus [strains not in New Zealand]

# **Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for** *Vaccinium macrocarpon*

ORGANISM TYPES	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS (See notes below)	
Fungi	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression.	
Bacterium		
Agrobacterium rubi	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression.	
Xylella fastidiosa	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression AND PCR	
Virus		
Blueberry scorch virus	ELISA or PCR.	
Blueberry red ringspot virus (syn. Cranberry ringspot virus)	ELISA or PCR.	
Tobacco streak virus [strains not in New Zealand]	ELISA or PCR.	
Phytoplasmas		
Cranberry false blossom phytoplasma	Nested PCR or real time PCR using universal phytoplasma primers.	

#### **Notes:**

- 1. The unit for testing is defined in section 2.3.2.1.
- 2. Virus testing (ELISA and PCR) must be carried out in the spring or under spring-like conditions using the new flush of growth. Bacteria and phytoplasma testing (PCR) must be carried out at the end of the summer or under summer-like conditions.
- 3. Vaccinium macrocarpon plants must be sampled from at least two positions on every stem including a young, fully expanded leaf at the top of each stem and an older leaf from a midway position.
- 4. All PCR and ELISA tests must be validated using positive controls prior to use in quarantine testing. Positive and negative controls (including a blank water control for PCR) must be used in all tests. Ideally positive internal controls and a negative plant control should also be used in PCR tests.
- 5. Inspect *Vaccinium macrocarpon* plants for signs of pest and disease at least twice per week during periods of active growth and once per week during dormancy.
- 6. With prior notification, MPI will accept other internationally recognised testing methods.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Verbena*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

**Quarantine Pests**: Tetranychus kanzawai, Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid, Uredinales, Xylella fastidiosa

**Entry Conditions: Basic:** with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Conditions for *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid*One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:
  - i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* is not known to occur".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid*".

#### OR

- iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Verbena*".
- b. Conditions for Uredinales

Additional declaration:	: "Rust diseases are not known to occur on	[the
imported genus] in	[the country in which the plants were	e grown]"

c. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

#### **B. For Tissue Cultures**

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

- a. Conditions for Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid
  - One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:
  - i) "The [insert plant species] plants in this consignment have been produced in a 'pest free area', where *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* is not known to occur".

OR

ii) "The [insert plant species] plants have been produced in a 'pest free place of production', where parent plants were tested according to an NPPO approved methodology and found free from *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid*".

## OR

- iii) Pre-determined testing in PEQ: refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Verbena*"

  Guidance for importers: Tissue culture imported under this option must be imported into a <a href="level2">level2</a>
  PEQ greenhouse for a minimum period of 3 months to undergo testing for the presence of *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* during the quarantine period.
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (see section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers**: There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

## Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Verbena

ORGANISM	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	Comments
Bacteria		
Xylella fastidiosa	Refer to section 2.2.1.12 "Measures for Xylella fastidiosa"	Applies to whole plants, cuttings only. Testing requirements for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> are identified in section 2.2.1.12
	Refer to section 2.2.2.5 "Measures for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> on tissue culture"	Applies to tissue culture only. Testing requirements for <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> are identified in section 2.2.2.5
Viroids		
Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid	PCR based method	Applies to whole plants, cuttings, and tissue culture imported into a level 2 PEQ facility

**Guidance for importers:** Testing in PEQ for the presence of *Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid* is only necessary when an importer has been unable to secure one of the alternative declarations.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Veronica*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species of the genera <u>listed here</u> were last imported before 2017. So their requirements might be out of date. If you want to import those species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <u>PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</u> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Phellinus noxius, Phytophthora capsici, Phytophthora palmivora, Virus diseases, Xylella fastidiosa

**Entry Conditions: Basic;** with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Whole Plants

OPTION 1

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

Note: This option does not apply to Oxalis deppei and Oxalis tuberosa

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*
- b. Conditions for *Phellinus noxius* (section 2.2.1.13) **Note**: Only applies to members of the *Albizia* and *Cassia* genera AND the following species: *Agathis robusta*, *Celtis sinensis*, *Grevillea robusta*, *Hibiscus rosa-sinensis*, *Hibiscus schizopetalus*, *Hibiscus tiliaceus*, *Ilex rotunda*, *Lagerstroemia speciosa*, *Lagerstroemia subcostata*, *Ligustrum japonicum*, *Liquidambar formosana* and *Pistacia chinensis*
- c. Conditions for *Phytophthora capsici*

**Note:** Only applies to the following genera: Abelmoschus, Hibiscus, Lavandula and Pistacia

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

### OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

d. Conditions for *Phytophthora palmivora* 

**Note:** Only applies to the following genera: *Abelmoschus*, *Catharanthus*, *Coronilla*, *Dodonaea*, *Euphorbia*, *Grevillea*, *Hibiscus*, *Lavandula* and *Pistacia* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### **OR**

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

## **OPTION 2**

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

Note: This option only applies to Oxalis deppei and Oxalis tuberosa

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

## B. For Cuttings OPTION 1

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

**Note:** This option does not apply to *Oxalis deppei* and *Oxalis tuberosa* 

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

**Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa* 

b. Conditions for Phytophthora capsici

Note: Only applies to the following genera: Abelmoschus, Hibiscus, Lavandula and Pistacia

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora capsici*".

#### OR

- iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora capsici*".
- c. Conditions for Phytophthora palmivora

**Note:** Only applies to the following genera: *Abelmoschus*, *Catharanthus*, *Coronilla*, *Dodonaea*, *Euphorbia*, *Grevillea*, *Hibiscus*, *Lavandula* and *Pistacia* 

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

## OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### **OPTION 2**

PEQ: Level 2

**Minimum Period:** 6 months

Note: This option only applies to Oxalis deppei and Oxalis tuberosa

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

#### C. For Dormant Bulbs

**Note:** This section <u>only</u> applies to members of the *Oxalis* genus, <u>except</u> for *Oxalis deppei* and *Oxalis tuberosa*.

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12)

Guidance for importers: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for dormant bulbs sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

D. For Dormant Bulbs from Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America

**Note:** The options below only apply to *Oxalis deppei* and *Oxalis tuberosa*.

#### **OPTION 1:**

## No import permit is required

PEO: None

- a. Additional Declaration
  - "In addition to inspection of dormant bulbs prior to shipment, the crop from which the bulbs were derived was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures, and considered free of quarantine pests, and practically free from other injurious pests."
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** Only dormant bulbs sourced from a country recognised by MPI as <u>free</u> from *Xylella fastidiosa* can be imported under this option.

## **OPTION 2:**

PEQ: Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEO</u> greenhouse, for dormant bulbs from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

E. For Dormant Bulbs from Countries <u>other than</u> Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America

**Note:** The options below <u>only</u> apply to *Oxalis deppei* and *Oxalis tuberosa*.

## **OPTION 1:**

**PEQ:** Level 1

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Additional Declaration

"The dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:

- derived from a crop which was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures and found to be free of regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- treated for regulated insects as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment."
- b. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse</u>, for dormant bulbs from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

#### **OPTION 2:**

PEO: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers:** The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for dormant bulbs sourced from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

### F. For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

- a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (see section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers**: There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEQ greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.
- b. Conditions for virus diseases

Note: Only applies to Oxalis deppei and Oxalis tuberosa.

<u>Additional Declaration</u>: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and found free of virus diseases."

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Viburnum*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

#### Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States of America.

Quarantine Pests: Phytophthora ramorum, Uredinales, Xylella fastidiosa

**Entry Conditions: Basic;** with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Cuttings and Whole Plants

PEQ: Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

a.	Conditions for Uredinales	
	Additional declaration: "Rust diseases of genus Coleosporium and Cronatium a	are not
	known to occur on [the host species being imported] in	[the
	country in which the plants were grown]".	

- b. Conditions for *Phytophthora ramorum* (section 2.2.1.11)
- c. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* (section 2.2.1.12) **Guidance for importers**: The minimum quarantine period will be <u>6 months</u> for nursery stock sourced from countries not recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

a. Conditions for *Xylella fastidiosa* on tissue culture (see section 2.2.2.5) **Guidance for importers**: There will be a minimum quarantine period of <u>6 months in a Level 2 PEO greenhouse</u>, for tissue cultures from countries <u>not</u> recognised by MPI as free from *Xylella fastidiosa*.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under Vitis", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## 1. Type of Vitis nursery stock approved for entry into New Zealand

Cuttings (dormant); Plants in tissue culture

*Vitis* can be imported into Level 2 post entry quarantine from MPI-approved facilities, or into Level 3B post entry quarantine from non-approved facilities.

#### 2. Pests of Vitis

Refer to the pest list.

## 3. Entry conditions for:

# 3.1 Vitis cuttings and tissue cultures from offshore MPI-approved facilities in any country

An offshore approved facility is a facility that has been approved to the Administrative Standard: Standard for Offshore Facilities Holding and Testing Plants for Planting to undertake phytosanitary activities. For *Vitis*, the approved facility operator must also have an agreement with MPI on the phytosanitary measures to be undertaken for *Vitis*.

## (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the exporting country must accompany all *Vitis* nursery stock exported to New Zealand. **Import permit:** an import permit is required.

#### (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is to be issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by MPI have been undertaken.

The *Vitis* cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.6 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to shipment [cuttings only].

#### AND

- sourced from mother plants that have been kept in insect-proof plant houses.

  AND
- held and tested for/classified free from specified regulated pests as required in the agreement between MPI and the [name of the MPI-approved facility].
- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following inspection and testing at the approved facility, and certification.

## (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section and by providing the following additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The Vitis cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been:

- held and tested for/classified free from specified regulated pests as required in the agreement between MPI and the [name of the MPI-approved facility].

#### **AND**

- sourced from mother plants that have been kept in insect-proof plant houses.

  AND
- held in a manner to ensure infestation/reinfestation does not occur following inspection and testing at the approved facility, and certification."

For Syrah cultivars, the exporting NPPO must also provide the following additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The *Vitis* cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been sourced from mother plants which are at least 10 years old and have been inspected during the growing season and are free from symptoms of Syrah decline."

## (iv) *Post-entry quarantine*

**PEQ:** "All *Vitis* nursery stock must be imported under permit into post-entry quarantine in a Level 2 greenhouse facility (or Level 3B greenhouse facility at the direction of the CTO) approved to Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants."

Quarantine Period and Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements: Upon arrival cuttings will be dipped in 1% sodium hypochlorite for 2 minutes [cuttings only]. The nursery stock will be grown in post-entry quarantine and will be inspected, treated and/or audit-tested for regulated pests, at the expense of the importer. The minimum quarantine period will be 6 months (which may be extended to a minimum of 16 months at the direction of the CTO). This period is an indicative minimum quarantine periods and may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

#### 3.2 Vitis cuttings and tissue culture from non-approved facilities in any country

## (i) *Documentation*

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the exporting country must accompany all *Vitis* nursery stock exported to New Zealand. **Import permit:** an import permit is required.

#### (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is to be issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by MPI have been undertaken.

The *Vitis* cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### AND

- treated for regulated insects and mites as described in section 2.2.1.6 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to shipment [cuttings only].

**AND** 

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

## (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section of the phytosanitary certificate. For Syrah cultivars, the exporting NPPO must also provide the following additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The *Vitis* cuttings / plants in tissue culture [choose ONE option] have been sourced from mother plants which are at least 10 years old and have been inspected during the growing season and are free from symptoms of Syrah decline."

## (iv) Post-entry quarantine

**PEQ**: All *Vitis* nursery stock must be imported under permit into post-entry quarantine in a Level 3B greenhouse facility approved to Facility Standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants.

Quarantine Period and Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements: Upon arrival cuttings will be dipped in 1% sodium hypochlorite for 2 minutes [cuttings only]. The nursery stock will be grown for a minimum period of 16 months active growth in post-entry quarantine and will be inspected, treated and/or audit-tested for regulated pests, at the expense of the importer. Sixteen months is an indicative minimum quarantine period and this period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

## Pest List for Vitis

## **REGULATED PESTS (actionable)**

In	sec	t
In	sec	ta

## Coleoptera

#### Bostrichidae

Amphicerus bicaudatusapple twig borerAmphicerus bimaculatusbostrichid beetle

Amphicerus cornutus - Apate congener -

Apate monachus black borer
Bostrychopsis jesuita black eetle

Dexicrates robustus -

Melalgus confertus branch and twig borer

Micrapate scabrata Neoterius mistax Psoa quadrisignata -

Schistocerus bimaculatusgrape cane borerScobicia declivislead cable borerXylopertha retusawood boring beetle

Xylopsocus gibbicollis

**Buprestidae** 

Agrilus marginicollis flatheaded grape borer

Carabidae

Adoxus obscurus [Animals Biosecurity] -

Cerambycidae

Acalolepta vastator -

Cerasphorus albofasciatus grape trunk borer

Chrysomelidae

Altica chalybaea grape flea beetle
Altica torquata grapevine flea beetle
Bromius obscurus western grape rootworm
Fidia viticida grape root worm

Glyptoscelis squamulata grape bud beetle

Haltica spp.

Monolepta australis red-shouldered leaf beetle

Coccinellidae

Coccinella transversoguttata [Animals Biosecurity] Midas pygmaeus [Animals Biosecurity] Nephus reunioni [Animals Biosecurity] Rhyzobius ruficollis [Animals Biosecurity] Stethorus spp. [Animals Biosecurity] -

Curculionidae

Bustomus setulosusbrown weevilCraponius inaequalisgrape curculioDischista cincnaflower beetleEremnus atratusblack weevil

Eremnus cerealis western province grain worm

Eremnus setulosusgrey weevilNaupactus xanthographusfruit tree weevilOrthorhinus cylindrirostriselephant weevil

Orthorhinus klugi immigrant acacia weevil

Otiorhynchus cribricollis cribrate weevil
Perperus spp. cribrate weevils

Platyaspistes glaucus Platyaspistes venustus Rhigopsis effracta -

Tanyrhynchus carinatus bud nibbler

Elateridae

Limonius canus Pacific Coast wireworm

Meloidae

Mylabris oculata -

Scarabaeidae

Athlia rustica Cotalpa ursina Hoplia callipyge Hoplia pubicollis -

Macrodactylus subspinosusrose chaferPachnoda sinuatascarab beetlePopillia japonicaJapanese beetleSchizonycha sp.cockchafer

Scolytidae

Scolytus japonicusJapanese bark beetleXyleborus disparambrosia beetleXyleborus semiopacusblack twig borer

Staphylinidae

Oligota pygmaea [Animals Biosecurity] -

Tenebrionidae

Blapstinus sp. darkling beetle

Coniontis parviceps - Metoponium abnorme -

Diptera

Cecidomyiidae

Diadiplosis koebelei -

Tachinidae

Ollacheryphe aenea [Animals Biosecurity] Sturmia harrisinae [Animals Biosecurity] Voriella uniseta [Animals Biosecurity] -

Hemiptera Anthocoridae

Orius sp. [Animals Biosecurity]

Coreidae

Anthocoris sp. -

Mictis profana crusader bug

Lygaeidae

Nysius raphanusfalse chinch bugNysius vinitorRutherglen bugOxycarenus arctatuscoon bug

Miridae

Creontiades dilutus green mirid

Pentatomidae

Euschistus conspersus stink bug

Oechalia schellenbergi [Animals Biosecurity] Schellenberg's soldier bug

**Pyrrhocoridae** 

Dindymus versicolor harlequin bug

Homoptera Aleyrodidae

Aleurocanthus woglumi citrus blackfly

Tetraleurodes vittatus -

Trialeurodes vittata grape whitefly

**Aphididae** 

Aphis illinoisensis grapevine aphid

Aphis medicaginis -

Asterolecaniidae

Asterolecanium pustulans oleander pit scale

Cerococcidae

Asterococcus muratae pit scale

Cicadellidae

Acia lineatifrons lea fhopper

Carneocephala fulgida red-headed sharpshooter

Carneocephala fulgida [vector]

Dikrella cockerellii Draeculacephala minerva

Draeculacephala minerva [vector]

Empoasca sp.

Erythroneura comes Erythroneura elegantula Erythroneura variabilis Erythroneura ziczac

Graphocephala atropunctata

Graphocephala atropunctata [vector]

Hordnia circellata

Scaphoideus titanus [vector]

Cicadidae

Platvpedia minor Tettigades chilensis

Coccidae

Ceroplastes rusci Eulecanium cerasorum Eulecanium pruinosum Heliococcus bohemicus Parthenolecanium persicae

Pulvinaria betulae Pulvinaria innumerabilis

Pulvinaria vitis

Diaspididae

Aonidiella inornata Chrysomphalus aonidum Diaspidiotus uvae Oceanspidiotus spinosus Parlatoria cinerea Parlatoria oleae Pinnaspis strachani

Pseudaonidia trilobitiformis Pseudaulacaspis pentagona Quadraspidiotus juglansregiae

Selenaspidus articulatus

Margarodidae

Eurhizococcus brasiliensis Icerva sevchellarum Margarodes capensis Margarodes greeni Margarodes meridionalis Margarodes prieskaensis Margarodes trimeni Margarodes vitis

Margarodes vredendalensis

Membracidae

Ceresa bubalus Spissistilus bisonia

Spissistilus festinus

Phylloxeridae

Viteus vitifoliae [strain]

Pseudococcidae

Maconellicoccus hirsutus Planococcus ficus Pseudococcus capensis Pseudococcus maritimus Rhizoecus kondonis

Hymenoptera **Aphelinidae** 

Coccophagus caridei [Animals Biosecurity]

red-headed sharpshooter blackberry leafhopper green sharpshooter green sharpshooter green leafhonner eastern grape leafhopper

western grape leafhopper variegated grape leafhopper

leafhopper

blue-green sharpshooter

raspberry leafhopper

fig wax scale calico scale frosted scale

scale

European peach scale

scale

cottony maple scale woolly vine scale

inornate scale Florida red scale grape scale armoured scale chaff scale olive scale

hibiscus snow scale trilobite scale white peach scale walnut scale

West Indian red scale

margarodid Seychelles scale Seychelles fluted scale soft scale

margarodid margarodid

margarodid

tree hopper

three-cornered alfalfa hopper

grape phylloxera

pink hibiscus mealybug

fig mealybug

grape mealybug Kondo mealybug

Coccophagus gurneyi [Animals Biosecurity] Bethylidae Goniozus platynota [Animals Biosecurity] Braconidae Apanteles harrisinae [Animals Biosecurity] Bracon cushmani [Animals Biosecurity] Dolichogenidea tasmanica [Animals Biosecurity] Drvinidae Aphelopus albopictus [Animals Biosecurity] Encyrtidae Acerophagus notativentris [Animals Biosecurity] Anagyrus clauseni [Animals Biosecurity] Anagyrus fusciventris [Animals Biosecurity] Anagyrus pseudococci [Animals Biosecurity] Leptomastix dactylopii [Animals Biosecurity] parasitic wasp Metaphycus flavus [Animals Biosecurity] Pseudaphycus angelicus [Animals Biosecurity] Zarhopalus corvinus [Animals Biosecurity] Eulophidae Colpoclypeus florus [Animals Biosecurity] Formicidae Anoplolepis steingroeveri [Animals Biosecurity] black ant Crematogaster peringueyi [Animals Biosecurity] cocktail ant Formica cinerea [Animals Biosecurity] ant Pogonomyrmex californica [Animals Biosecurity] California harvester ant Solenopsis xyloni [Animals Biosecurity] southern fire ant Veromessor pergandei [Animals Biosecurity] desert seed-harvester ant Ichneumonidae Campoplex capitator [Animals Biosecurity] Dicaelotus inflexus [Animals Biosecurity] Mymaridae Anagrus epos [Animals Biosecurity] Pteromalidae Ophelosia charlesii [Animals Biosecurity] Pachyneuron sp. [Animals Biosecurity] Trichogrammatidae Trichogramma funiculatum [Animals Biosecurity] Trichogrammatomyia tortricis [Animals Biosecurity] -Vespidae Polistes buysoni [Animals Biosecurity] Isoptera Kalotermitidae *Cryptotermes brevis* West Indian drywood termite Kalotermes flavicollis termite Kalotermes minor Neotermes chilensis termite Rhinotermitidae Coptotermes acinaciformis [official control] Australian subterranean termite Reticulitermes hesperus Termopsidae Porotermes quadricollis Lepidoptera Agaristidae Agarista agricola painted vine moth Heraclia superba grapevine zebra moth Arctiidae saltmarsh caterpillar Estigmene acrea Hyphantria cunea fall webworm Laora variabilis Spilosoma virginica yellow woollybear Turuptiana obliqua tiger moth Cossidae

Coryphodema tristis quince trunk borer Zeuzera coffeae red coffee borer Heliozelidae Antispila rivillei Noctuidae fruit-piercing moths Achaea spp. Agrotis munda brown cutworm Alabama argillacea cotton leafworm Anomis mesogona hibiscus looper Anomis spp. fruit-piercing moths Calyptra spp. noctuid moth Copitarsia consueta fruit-piercing moths Eudocima spp. darksided cutworm Euxoa messoria Euxoa ochrogaster redbacked cutworm oriental tobacco budworm Helicoverpa punctigera Mythimna sp. Noctua fimbriata broad-bordered yellow underwing Noctua pronuba large yellow underwing Oraesia spp. fruit-piercing moths Orthodes rufula cutworm Peridroma margaritosa Peridroma saucia variegated cutworm Protorthodes rufula Serrodes spp. fruit-piercing moth Sphingomorpha spp. Spodoptera littoralis cotton leafworm Xestia c-nigrum spotted cutworm Oecophoridae Echiomima sp. fruit tree borer Maroga melanostigma Psychidae Gymnelema plebigena bagworm Pterophoridae Geina periscelidactylus **Pyralidae** Desmia funeralis grape leaf-folder Euzophera bigella quince moth Ostrinia nubilalis European corn borer Saturniidae Hemileuca eglanterina brown day-moth cecropia moth Hyalophora cecropia Sesiidae Vitacea polistiformis grape root borer **Sphingidae** Eumorpha achemon achemon sphinx Hippotion celerio grapevine hawk moth Hyles euphorbiae spurge hawk moth Hyles lineata whitelined sphinx Theretra capensis grapevine hawk moth Theretra oldenlandiae vine hawk moth Tortricidae fruit tree lea froller

orange tortrix

vine moth

grey red-barred tortrix

red-banded lea froller

false codling moth

grape berry moth

grape berry moth

Archips argyrospilus Argyrotaenia citrana Argyrotaenia ljungiana Argyrotaenia velutinana Cryptophlebia leucotreta

Endopiza viteana Eulia stalactitis

155.02.06: Importation of Nursery Stock

Eupoecilia ambiguella Lobesia botrana Paralobesia viteana

Ministry for Primary Industries Import Health Standard

Platynota stultana omnivorous lea froller Proeulia auraria grapevine lea froller Proeulia triqueta Zvgaenidae Harrisina americana grapeleaf skeletonizer Harrisina brillians western grapeleaf skeletonizer Theresimima ampelophaga zygaenid butterfly Neuroptera Chrysopidae Chrysopa oculata [Animals Biosecurity] Chrysopa spp. [Animals Biosecurity] Coniopterygidae Cryptoscenea australiensis [Animals Biosecurity] Hemerobiidae Micromus sp. [Animals Biosecurity] Orthoptera Acrididae Melanoplus femurrubrum red-legged grasshopper Melanoplus mexicanus devastator Oedaleonotus enigma Phaulacridium vittatum wingless grasshopper Schistocerca cancellata Schistocerca shoshone Schistocerca vaga Gryllidae cricket Acheta fulvipennis Microgryllus pallipes cricket Tettigoniidae Caedicia spp. Plangia graminea grasshopper **Thysanoptera** Phlaeothripidae Haplothrips victoriensis tubular black thrips Thripidae Caliothrips fasciatus bean thrip Drepanothrips reuteri grape thrips Frankliniella cestrum tomato thrips minute flower thrips Frankliniella minuta Frankliniella occidentalis [pesticide resistant strain] western flower thrips Heliothrips sylvanus thrips Rhipiphorothrips cruentatus leaf thrips Scirtothrips citri citrus thrips Scolothrips sexmaculatus [Animals Biosecurity] **Unknown Insecta Unknown Insecta** Cryptolarynx vitis Dyctineis pulvinosus Mite Arachnida Acarina Anystidae Anystis agilis [Animals Biosecurity] Eriophyidae Colomerus vitis [leaf curling strain] grape erineum mite Phyllocoptes vitis eriophyid mite

*Typhlodromus doreenae* [Animals Biosecurity] **Tenuipalpidae** 

Phytoseiidae

Amblyseius victoriensis [Animals Biosecurity] Metaseiulus occidentalis [Animals Biosecurity] Neoseiulus chilenensis [Animals Biosecurity]

predator mite

Brevipalpus chilensisfalse spider miteBrevipalpus lewisibunch miteBrevipalpus liliumfalse spider miteBrevipalpus obovatusprivet miteTenuipalpus granatifalse spider mite

Tetranychidae

Eotetranychus carpini tetranychid mite Eotetranychus pruni hickory scorch mite Eotetranychus smithi tetranychid mite Eotetranychus viticola tetranychid mite hazel mite Eotetranychus willamettei Eotetranychus yumensis Yumi spider mite pear leaf blister mite Eutetranychus orientalis Oligonychus coffeae tea red spider mite Oligonychus mangiferus mango spider mite Oligonychus peruvianus spider mite

Oligonychus peruvianusspider miteOligonychus punicaea vocado brown miteOligonychus yothersia vocado red miteTetranychus kanzawaikanzawa miteTetranychus mcdanieliMcDaniel spider miteTetranychus pacificusPacific spider mite

Mollusc

Gastropoda

Stylommatophora

Helicidae

Cernuella virgata small banded snails
Cochlicella barbara small pointed garden snail

Theba pisana white Italian snail

**Fungus** 

Ascomycota Caliciales

Canciales Unknown Caliciales

Roesleria pallida grape root rot

Diaporthales Valsaceae

Diaporthe rudis (anamorph Phomopsis rudis) phomopsis canker

Diaporth **Dothideales** 

Mycosphaerellaceae

Guignardia bidwellii (anamorph Phyllosticta black rot

ampelicida)

Guignardia bidwellii f. sp. euvitis - Guignardia bidwellii f. sp. muscadinii -

Mycosphaerella angulata (anamorph Cercospora angular leaf spot

brachypus)
Schizothyriaceae

Schizothyrium pomi (anamorph Zygophiala jamaicensis) fly speck

Hypocreaceae Hypocreaceae

Cylindrocarpon destructans var. crassum root rot

Leotiales

Dermateaceae

Pseudopezicula tetraspora angular leaf scorch

Pseudopezicula tracheiphila rotbrenner

Sclerotiniaceae

Grovesinia pyramidalis (anamorph Cristulariella target spot

moricola)

Rhytismatales Rhytismataceae

Rhytisma vitis tar spot

**Saccharomycetales** 

Saccharomycetaceae

Pichia membranaefaciens

Unknown Ascomycota

Hyponectriaceae

Physalospora baccae

Xylariales Xylariaceae

Anthostomella pullulans Brulure

Basidiomycota: Agaricomycetes

Hymenochaetales Hymenochaetaceae

Phellinus noxius brown root rot

Basidiomycota: Basidiomycetes

**Agaricales** 

**Tricholomataceae** 

Armillaria mellea (anamorph Rhizomorpha armillaria root rot

subcortical is)

Armillaria sp. armillaria root rot
Armillaria tabescens armillaria root rot

Ganodermatales

Ganodermataceae

Ganoderma lucidum (anamorph Polyporus lucidus) wood rot

Ganoderma tsugae -

**Poriales** 

Coriolaceae

Bjerkandera adusta white rot

Bjerkandera fumosa ---

Lentinaceae

Pleurotus ostreatus wood decay

Stereales

Stereaceae
Stereum sp

Stereum sp. -

Basidiomycota: Teliomycetes

Uredinales

**Unknown Uredinales** 

Physopella ampelopsidis grape rust

Mitosporic Fungi

Unknown Mitosporic Fungi Unknown Mitosporic Fungi

Phacellium sp. -

Mitosporic Fungi (Coelomycetes)

Sphaeropsidales Sphaerioidaceae

Ascochyta ampelinaleaf spotConiella diplodiellawhite rotConiella petrakiiwhite rotPhomopsis longiparaphysataphomopsis rotPyrenochaeta vitisleaf spot

Septoria ampelina septoria leaf spot

Unknown Coelomycetes
Unknown Coelomycetes

Nattrassia toruloidea lea f spot Pestalotia menezesiana fruit rot

Pestalotia pezizoidesfruit and leaf spotPestalotiopsis mangiferaegrey leaf spot of mango

Pestalotiopsis uvicola fruit rot

Mitosporic Fungi (Hyphomycetes)

Hyphomycetales Dematiaceae

Alternaria vitis leaf disease

Phaeoramularia dissiliens cercospora leaf spot

Moniliaceae

Cephalosporium sp. Penicillium aurantiogriseum penicillium rot Verticillium heterocladum **Unknown Hyphomycetes Unknown Hyphomycetes** Briosia ampelophaga leaf blotch Candida krusei yeasty rot Candida steatolytica [Animals Biosecurity] powdery mildew Oidium sp. Paecilomyces farinosus Paecilomyces spp. Phaeoacremonium aleophilum Phaeoisariopsis sp. leaf fall Stigmina vitis Bacterium Pseudomonadaceae Xanthomonas campestris pv. viticola bacterial canker Xylella fastidiosa Pierce's disease Xylophilus ampelinus bacterial blight Rhizobiaceae Agrobacterium rubi cane gall Virus Artichoke Italian latent virus Cherry leaf roll virus [strains not in New Zealand] Grapevine Ajinashika disease virus Grapevine Algerian latent virus Grapevine Anatolian ringspot virus Grapevine angular mosaic virus Grapevine berry inner necrosis virus Grapevine Bulgarian latent virus Grapevine chrome mosaic virus Grapevine deformation virus Grapevine fabavirus Grapevine fanleaf virus Grapevine labile rod-shaped virus *Grapevine leafroll-associated virus* [type 7] Grapevine leafroll-associated virus 2 Redglobe Grapevine line pattern virus Grapevine pinot gris virus *Grapevine red blotch-associated virus* Grapevine stunt virus Grapevine Tunisian ringspot virus Grapevine virus D Grapevine virus E Peach rosette mosaic virus Petunia asteroid mosaic virus Raspberry ringspot virus [strains not in New Zealand] -Sowbane mosaic virus Strawberry latent ringspot virus [strains not in New Zealand] Tomato ringspot virus Viroid Australian grapevine viroid Grapevine yellow speckle viroid 2 Phytoplasma Australian grapevine yellows phytoplasma Grapevine bois noir phytoplasma

Grapevine flavescence doree phytoplasma

Grapevine yellows Palatine grapevine yellows Tomato big bud phytoplasma Vergilbungskrankheit (German grapevine yellows) -

## **Diseases of unknown aetiology** Grapevine vein clearing

Grapevine vein clearing
Syrah decline
-

## Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Vitis

ORGANISM TYPES	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS (See notes below)	
Mites	Visual inspection AND approved miticide treatments (Refer to section	
1.2100	2.2.1.6 of the basic conditions) [cuttings only] or binocular microscope	
	inspection in PEQ [plants in tissue culture only]	
Fungi	All cuttings must be dipped in 1% sodium hypochlorite for 2 minutes upon	
	arrival in the post entry quarantine facility.	
	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression AND	
	examination using a dissecting microscope or hand lens (longitudinal and	
	transverse sections) AND plating on potato dextrose agar	
Bacteria	All cuttings must be dipped in 1% sodium hypochlorite for 2 minutes upon arrival in the post entry quarantine facility.	
Agrobacterium rubi	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression AND	
	Hot water treatment (Refer to "Approved Treatments for Vitis")	
Xanthomonas campestris pv.	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression AND	
viticola	Hot water treatment (Refer to "Approved Treatments for Vitis")	
Xylophilus ampelinus	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression <b>AND</b> Hot water treatment (Refer to "Approved Treatments for <i>Vitis</i> ")	
Xylella fastidiosa	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression AND	
	PCR (two sets, samples to be collected at least four weeks apart) AND Hot	
	water treatment (Refer to "Approved Treatments for Vitis")	
Viruses	C · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Artichoke Italian latent virus	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression	
Cherry leaf roll virus [strains	ELISA or PCR	
not in New Zealand]	Convince and an in our action in DEO for discourse and the second	
Grapevine Ajinashika disease virus	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression	
Grapevine Algerian latentvirus	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression	
Grapevine Anatolian ringspot virus	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression	
Grapevine angular mosaic virus	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression	
Grapevine berry inner necrosis virus	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression	
Grapevine Bulgarian latent virus	PCR	
Grapevine chrome mosaic virus	PCR	
Grapevine deformation virus	PCR	
Grapevine fabavirus	PCR	
Grapevine fanleaf virus	ELISA or PCR	
Grapevine labile rod-shaped virus	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression	
Grapevine leafroll-associated virus [type 7]	PCR	
Grapevine leafroll-associated	PCR	
virus 2 Redglobe		
Grapevine line pattern virus	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression	
Grapevine pinot gris virus	PCR	
Grapevine red blotch-	PCR	
associated virus	C · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Grapevine stunt virus	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression	
Grapevine Tunisian ringspot virus	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression	
Grapevine virus D	PCR	
Grapevine virus E	PCR	
Peach rosette mosaic virus	ELISA or PCR	
Petunia asteroid mosaic virus	ELISA or PCR	
Raspberry ringspot virus	ELISA or PCR	

[strains not in New Zealand]		
Sowbane mosaic virus	PCR	
Strawberry latent ringspot virus	PCR	
[strains not in New Zealand]		
Tomato ringspot virus	ELISA or PCR	
Viroids	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression	
Phytoplasmas	Plants derived from cuttings: Nested PCR or real-time PCR using universal phytoplasma primers AND Hot water treatment (Refer to "Approved Treatments for Vitis")  Plants derived from tissue cultures: Nested PCR or real-time PCR using universal phytoplasma primers (two sets, samples to be collected at least four weeks apart)	
Diseases of unknown aetiology		
Grapevine vein clearing	Growing season inspection in PEQ for disease symptom expression	
Syrah decline	Additional declaration endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate, refer to section 3.1 (iii) for offshore MPI-approved facilities or 3.2 (iii) for non-approved facilities.	

#### **Notes:**

- 1. The unit for testing is defined in section 2.3.2.1.
- 2. Enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) and polymerase chain reaction (PCR) tests for viruses. Tests must be completed at the optimal time for detection. In general, plants shall be sampled from at least two positions including a young, fully expanded leaf at the top of the stem and an older leaf from a midway position.
- 3. All PCR and ELISA tests must be validated using positive controls prior to use in quarantine testing. Positive and negative controls (including a blank water control for PCR) must be used in all tests. Ideally positive internal controls and a negative plant control should also be used in PCR tests.
- 4. Inspect *Vitis* plants for signs of pest and disease at least twice per week during periods of active growth and once per week during dormancy.
- 5. With prior notification, MPI will accept other internationally recognised testing methods.

## Approved Treatments for Vitis

#### **Hot Water Treatment**

The consignment must be treated using hot water treatment (dipping), for the eradication of phytoplasmas and fastidious vascular prokaryotic organisms, as follows:

- 1. Cuttings with good hydration and reserves are stored in a cool room ( $\sim 4$  °C). Before treatment, the dormant material must be held at room temperature for one day (24 hours).
- 2. For the treatment, the dormant material must be dipped into the hot water at 50°C for 45 minutes or at 45°C for 3 hours (FAO/IBPGR Technical Guidelines for Safe Movement of Grapevine Germplasm, 1990, Martelli G.P and Walter B. Virus Certification of Grapevines. In Plant Virus Disease Control, edited by A. Hadidi, RK Khetarpal and H Koganezawa. APS Press 1998). The water bath must have a moving system to homogenize the temperature and a precise control system to monitor the temperature at an accuracy of 0.1°C.
- 3. After the treatment the cuttings must stay for one day (24 hours) at room temperature. After this period, they are transferred to a cool room.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Wollemia nobilis*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## Guidance:

Species on this schedule were last imported before 2017. So the requirements might be out of date. If you want to import species under this schedule, MPI will need to reassess potential biosecurity risks, which might lead to changes in import requirements. Contact <a href="mailto:PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz">PlantImports@mpi.govt.nz</a> before booking post-entry quarantine, applying for an import permit or ordering plants.

## 1. Type of Wollemia nobilis nursery stock approved for entry into New Zealand Plants in-vitro

### 2. Pests of Wollemia nobilis

Refer to the pest list.

## 3. Entry conditions for:

## 3.1 Wollemia nobilis plants in-vitro from Australia

The requirements of this schedule are in addition to the requirements specified in Section 2.2.2 "Entry Conditions for Tissue Culture".

## (i) **Documentation**

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required. **Import permit:** no import permit is required.

#### (ii) Special tissue culture media requirements

The tissue culture media must not contain charcoal.

## (iii) Phytosanitary requirements

The full botanical name of Wollemia nobilis must be identified upon the phytosanitary certificate.

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken:

The Wollemia nobilis plants in-vitro have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### AND

- derived from mother stock inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

# - derived from explant material which has been surface sterilised in a solution of 0.5% sodium hypochlorite and sterile water, or MPI approved alternative treatment.

- prepared by asexual reproduction (clonal techniques) under sterile conditions.

#### **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

## (iv) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

No additional declarations are required.

## (v) Post-entry quarantine

Post-entry quarantine is not required provided that the above measures have been completed.

## Pest List for Wollemia nobilis

## **REGULATED PESTS (actionable)**

Fungus Ascomycota Dothideales

Botryosphaeria spp.

Oomycota Oomycota

Pythiales Pythiaceae

Phytophthora cinnamomi

black rot

Arbuscular mychorrhizae All regulated species

Ectomycorrhizae

All regulated species

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Yucca*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Phytophthora palmivora

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

## A. For Cuttings (dormant)

PEQ: Level 2

**Minimum Period:** 3 months

**Inspection Requirements:** A minimum of 600 plants are to be inspected during each

inspection in post-entry quarantine

a. Conditions for Phytophthora palmivora

One of the following Additional Declarations must be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate:

i) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment have been sourced from [insert country name], which is free from *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

ii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free area' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### OR

iii) "The [insert species name] plants in this consignment were produced in a 'pest free place of production' for *Phytophthora palmivora*".

#### **B.** For Tissue Cultures

As for Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures - see Section 2.2.2.

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under *Zantedeschia*", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## 1. Type of Zantedeschia nursery stock approved for entry into New Zealand

Dormant bulbs

Plants in tissue culture

#### 2. Pests of Zantedeschia

Refer to the pest list.

#### 3. Entry conditions for:

## 3.1 Zantedeschia dormant bulbs from any country

#### (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

**Import permit:** an import permit is required.

### (ii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

The Zantedeschia dormant bulbs have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated nematodes and fungi OR treated for regulated nematodes and fungi as described in section 2.2.1.7 of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment.

#### **AND**

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated bacteria and viruses.

### **AND**

- held in a manner to ensure that infestation/reinfestation does not occur following certification.

## (iii) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by recording the treatments applied in the "Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment" section [if applicable], and by providing the following additional declaration to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The Zantedeschia dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated nematodes and fungi [if applicable].

**AND** 

- sourced from a 'pest free area', 'pest free place of production' or 'pest free production site', free from regulated bacteria, phytoplasmas and viruses."

## (iv) Post-entry quarantine

**PEQ**: Level 1

**Quarantine Period**: This is the time required to complete inspections and/or testing to detect regulated pests. Three months is an indicative minimum quarantine period. The quarantine period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

## 3.2 Zantedeschia plants in tissue culture from any country

## (i) Documentation

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

**Import permit:** no import permit is required.

#### (ii) Special tissue culture media requirements

The tissue culture media may contain charcoal.

#### (iii) Phytosanitary requirements

Before a phytosanitary certificate is issued, the exporting country NPPO must be satisfied that the following activities required by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) have been undertaken.

The Zantedeschia plants in tissue culture have been:

- inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

#### **AND**

- derived from parent stock inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests.

## (iv) Additional declarations to the phytosanitary certificate

If satisfied that the pre-shipment activities have been undertaken, the exporting country NPPO must confirm this by providing the following additional declaration to the phytosanitary certificate:

"The Zantedeschia plants in tissue culture have been derived from parent stock inspected in accordance with appropriate official procedures and found to be free of any visually detectable regulated pests"

## (iv) Post-entry quarantine

Post-entry quarantine is not required provided that the above measures have been completed overseas. Alternatively, the inspection and testing may be completed in post-entry quarantine upon arrival in New Zealand according to the following conditions:

**Phytosanitary certificate:** a completed phytosanitary certificate, issued by the national plant protection organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country, is required.

**Import permit:** an import permit is required.

**PEQ**: Level 3B

**Quarantine Period**: This is the time required to complete inspections and/or testing to detect regulated pests. Three months is an indicative minimum quarantine period. The quarantine period may be extended if material is slow growing, pests are detected, or treatments/tests are required.

## Pest List for Zantedeschia

## **REGULATED PESTS (actionable)**

Nematode

Secernentea

**Tylenchida** 

Meloidogynidae

Meloidogyne arenaria peanut root knot nematode

**Fungus** 

**Basidiomycota: Basidiomycetes** 

Agaricales

Tricholomataceae

Armillaria mellea (anamorph Rhizomorpha armillaria root rot

subcorticalis)

Oomycota

Pythiales Pythiaceae

Phytophthora richardiae rhizome and root rot

Pythium aphanidermatum cottony leak

**Bacterium** 

Xanthomonas campestris pv. zantedeschiae

Virus

Zantedeschia mild mosaic virus -

**Note:** The entry conditions in this schedule only apply to species in the Plants Biosecurity Index listed under Import Specifications for Nursery Stock as "see 155.02.06 under 2.2.", and are additional to those specified in sections 1, 2 and 3 of the import health standard.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS:**

**Approved Countries:** All

Quarantine Pests: Helicobasidium mompa, Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum, Virus diseases

Entry Conditions: Basic; with variations and additional conditions as specified below:

#### A. For Whole Plants

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 6 months

a. Conditions for Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum

i) Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Zingiber*"

## **B. For Dormant Bulbs**

**PEQ:** Level 2

Minimum Period: 3 months

- a. Additional Declaration
  - "The dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:
  - i) derived from a crop which was inspected during the growing season according to appropriate procedures and found to be free of regulated pests.

#### AND

- ii) treated for regulated insects as described in section 2.2.1.7 'Pesticide treatments for dormant bulbs' of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment."
- b. Conditions for Helicobasidium mompa

"The dormant bulbs in this consignment have been:

i) sourced from a 'pest free area' or 'pest free place of production' [choose ONE], free from *Helicobasidium mompa*."

#### OR

- ii) treated for regulated nematodes and fungi as described in section 2.2.1.7 'Pesticide treatments for dormant bulbs' of the basic conditions within 7 days prior to freezing, cold-storage or shipment."
- c. Conditions for Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum
  - i) Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Zingiber*"

#### Guidance:

Section 2.3.2.1 Pre-determined testing defines unit for testing for imported plantlet (imported in vitro), cutting or whole plants. This is also applicable to the testing of bulbs.

#### C. For Tissue Cultures

As for **Standard Entry Conditions for Tissue Cultures** - see Section 2.2.2. **PLUS** 

## As per section 2.2.2.4, an import permit is required

PEQ: Level 2

**Minimum period:** 3 months

- a. Conditions for virus diseases
  - i) Additional declaration: "The cultures have been derived from parent stock tested and found free of virus diseases."
- b. Conditions for Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum
  - i) Pre-determined testing in PEQ; refer to "Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for *Zingiber*"

## Additional requirements at a Level 2 quarantine facility

- i) All plants must be inspected as per the requirements set out in the facility standard PEQ.STD: Post Entry Quarantine for Plants.
- ii) Irrigation water must be collected and either allowed to evaporate or treated prior to disposal;
- iii) Any debris on the greenhouse floor must be swept up or vacuumed (and disposed of in the normal quarantine waste stream) rather than being hosed into the drain;
- iv) Contingency plans must be developed to identify actions that will be taken to contain the propagules of any bacterial, fungal or oomycete disease organisms in the event of disease symptoms becoming evident during the quarantine period. These plans must be recorded in the facility operating manual.

#### Inspection, Testing and Treatment Requirements for Zingiber

Samples must be collected and tested after the minimum PEQ period of active growth. The unit for testing is defined in section 2.3.2.1.

ORGANISM	MPI-ACCEPTED METHODS	COMMENTS
Ralstonia	Growing season inspection in PEQ	Applies to whole plants
pseudosolanacearum	for disease symptom expression	(including rooted
	AND	cuttings), dormant bulbs,
	Plating on selective media <b>or</b> PCR	and tissue culture.