

Import case details - public listing

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[REDACTED] [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] [REDACTED]

Country: All countries
End use: Nursery stock
Date printed: Jul 22 2013
ePermit: Apply for an electronic Import Permit ([ePermit](#))

The information here covers DAFF quarantine requirements only and is current on the date of transmission but may change without notice. DAFF makes no warranties or representations with respect to the accuracy or completeness of that information and will bear no liability with respect to that information. Importers must satisfy quarantine concerns and comply with quarantine conditions applicable at the time of entry. The Commonwealth through DAFF is not liable for any costs arising from or associated with decisions of importers to import based on conditions presented here which are not current at the time of importation. It is the importer's responsibility to verify the accuracy and completeness of the information at the time of importation.

It is the importer's responsibility to identify and to ensure it has complied with, all requirements of any other regulatory and advisory bodies prior to and after importation including the Australian Customs and Border Protection Service, Therapeutic Goods Administration, Department of Health and Ageing, Department of Sustainability, Environment, Water, Population and Communities, Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority and any State agencies such as Departments of Agriculture and Health and Environmental Protection authorities.

Importers should note that this list is not exhaustive. Importers should also note that all foods imported into Australia must comply with the provisions of the Imported Food Control Act 1992 , an Act which is administered by DAFF.

Notification of the import must be provided to DAFF for all imported goods other than goods imported as accompanied baggage or goods imported via the mail and not prescribed under the Customs Act 1901. Notification must be consistent with Quarantine Regulations 2000 (examples include a Quarantine Entry or a Quarantine declaration).

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]



Condition C7301

Notes:

A) If a plant is permitted on ICON at the species level then all subordinate taxa (e.g. varieties, subspecies, forms and subforms) of that species are also permitted.

B) Where the parents of a hybrid are permitted in ICON the hybrid plant may be imported without a separate ICON listing. Imported hybrids must be clearly labelled with their full parentage for identification by DAFF Biosecurity.

General conditions - medium risk, tissue cultures

Importer's Responsibilities

1. All consignments must be accompanied by a valid Import Permit or by means to allow the identification of the Import Permit.

2. It is the importer's responsibility to check the requirements of local, state or any other government organisation prior to importation.

3. All consignments must be accompanied by an official government Phytosanitary certificate.

a) For tissue cultures **with media**, Phytosanitary certificates must be endorsed with the following additional declaration:

"Tissue cultures in this consignment were visually inspected immediately prior to export and found to be free from any symptoms of disease or microbial infection."

b) For tissue cultures **free of media**, Phytosanitary certificates must be endorsed with the following additional declaration:

"Prior to the removal of the plant tissue from media, the tissue cultures were inspected and found to be free of contamination. The plant tissue was aseptically transferred under supervision to sterile containers which were then sealed and not subsequently re-opened".

4. For consignments of tissue cultures imported as sea or air cargo, the importer must complete and submit a [Notice of Importation of Nursery Stock](#) to the DAFF Biosecurity regional office in the port of arrival. The Notice of Importation must be submitted at least **7 days prior** to consignment arrival.

5. If plant material arrives direct to the importer without the correct quarantine direction it is their responsibility to secure the material and contact DAFF Biosecurity to ensure all quarantine requirements are met (e.g. Quarantine Entry, inspection, treatments and growth in quarantine).

6. The importer is responsible for payment of all associated DAFF Biosecurity fees and charges.

7. The cultures must be free from any bacterial or fungal infection, live insects, nematodes, disease symptoms or other extraneous contamination of quarantine concern.

8. Plant material must be packed in clean and new packaging.

9. All containers/culture bags must be either:

- labelled with the full botanical name of the plant including genus and species; or
- DAFF Biosecurity permits the use of abbreviations on the labelling of the container/culture bags provided that:

a) the accompanying documentation (eg. packing list, Phytosanitary certificates, CITES certificates, invoices etc) and labels on the consignments correspond and that the documentation clearly identifies the plants by their botanical names,

b) if the documentation does not match the consignment, or if the documentation does not clearly provide the botanical name, then the consignment is to be held and the importer advised to supply further information or details to verify the identification of the plants.

10. All plant material must be declared on arrival and presented to a Quarantine officer for inspection.

11. Airfreight and mail shipments must be addressed in the following manner:

Importer's Name

Importer's Address

C/- DAFF Biosecurity Nursery stock/Seeds Unit

DAFF Biosecurity postal address

12. In order to facilitate clearance, airfreight or mail shipments should have all documentation securely attached to the outside of the package and clearly marked 'Attention Quarantine'.

13. Tissue cultures packed into boxes or secondary containers must weigh less than or equal to 20kg in total weight.

14. Tissue cultures in rigid containers or tissue culture bags with growth media

In addition to points 1- 13 above, the following conditions apply:

a) The culture media must be clear, solid, sterile and placed in the container/culture bag prior to plant tissue implantation.

Note: With the exception of the orchid genera, the media should be clear so as not to prevent the inspection for any fungal or bacterial infection and other contamination. Applications to import plants other than orchids growing in media containing materials such as banana, coconut and charcoal, that render inspection difficult, should be referred to Plant Quarantine Operations, Canberra for approval, **prior** to import. Approval will only be considered where it is demonstrated that such material is **essential** for plant survival in culture.

b) The culture media must be free of antibiotics and microbial suppressants.

Note: DAFF Biosecurity reserves the right, if considered necessary to check for the presence of pathogens, assay for the presence of antibiotics and other anti-microbial agents, or to check the identity of the plants being imported at the importers expense.

c) The tissue cultures must have been established and grown in the container/culture bag in which they are imported. There must be evidence of establishment i.e root or callus development must be present.

d) Tissue cultures not meeting the requirements above must be:

- deflasked and grown in a Quarantine-approved post-entry quarantine facility (provided inspection of the plantlets is possible and no obvious pest and disease symptoms are present) for a minimum of 3 months with two disease inspections; or
- re-exported or destroyed at the importer's expense.

e) The tissue cultures must be contained in sterile and sealed containers/tissue culture bags that prevent the passage of contaminating organisms into and out of the containers.

f) Containers/tissue culture bags must be visually clear in construction so as to allow inspection of the culture and media by a Quarantine officer. Opaque containers and broken glass containers will not be accepted.

15. Tissue cultures free of media from DAFF Biosecurity approved sources.

In addition to the points 1-13 above the following conditions apply:

a) Tissue cultures must be from a DAFF Biosecurity approved source. A list of these sources can be found at the following website:

[DAFF \(DAFF\) approved sources of tissue cultures free of media](#)

b) Tissue cultures not meeting the requirement above must be:

- deflasked and grown in a Quarantine-approved post-entry quarantine facility (provided inspection of the plantlets is possible and no obvious pest and disease symptoms are present) for a minimum of 3 months with two disease inspections; or
- re-exported or destroyed at the importer's expense.

c) The tissue cultures must be contained in sterile and sealed containers/tissue culture bags that prevent the passage of contaminating organisms into and out of the containers.

d) Containers/tissue culture bags must be visually clear in construction so as to allow inspection of the cultures by a Quarantine officer. Plantlets should not be wrapped in paper or other material that impedes or prevents their inspection by the Quarantine officer.

Note: Opaque containers and broken glass containers will not be accepted.

Quarantine Procedures – all tissue cultures

16. All documentation must be presented to a Quarantine officer for examination on arrival.

17. All consignments must be visually inspected on arrival by a Quarantine officer for freedom from bacteria and fungal infection, disease symptoms, live insects and other

extraneous contamination of quarantine concern.

18. If the above conditions are met, the material may be released to the importer with no further quarantine impediment.

19. **Infected cultures are not to be released.** All consignments containing infected cultures must be handled as follows:

a) In situations where it is possible to identify that only a certain line/lot or a variety appears to contain infected cultures, then those lines/lots or varieties **not** containing infected cultures may be released from quarantine.

b) The importer must be notified that the consignment is infected and given the options of re-export, destruction or having the infection risk assessed by the DAFF Biosecurity Plant Pathologist at their expense.

c) Where the importer elects to have the infection risk assessed by the DAFF Biosecurity Plant Pathologist procedures in point 20 and 21 are to be followed.

Note: Where there is any doubt as to the procedure to follow, the matter must be referred to the DAFF Biosecurity Plant Pathologist for assessment and advice.

20. **Contamination on media only.**

a) Samples of cultures with contaminated media must be immediately referred to the DAFF Biosecurity Plant Pathologist for assessment.

b) If the DAFF Biosecurity Plant Pathologist assesses the contamination as low biosecurity risk, all uninfected cultures may be released and the remaining infected cultures are to be:

- re-exported or destroyed at the importer's expense; or

- deflasked and grown in a Quarantine-approved post-entry quarantine facility for a minimum of 3 months with two disease inspections.

Note: The importer is responsible for making all arrangements for the post entry quarantine growth of plants and ensuring that adequate space is available, prior to any movements.

c) If the DAFF Biosecurity Plant Pathologist deems the contamination to be of biosecurity concern or it cannot be identified in an appropriate timeframe all affected lines are to be re-exported or destroyed at the importer's expense.

21. **Disease symptoms on plants.**

a) Samples of infected cultures must be immediately referred to the DAFF Biosecurity Plant Pathologist for assessment and advice on the action to be taken.

22. If live insects are detected in the tissue culture containers/bags, the cultures shall be rejected and the importer given the option of re-export or destruction at their expense.

Condition C7302

Nursery Stock - Medium Risk - Other than Tissue Cultures

Note:

(i) Nursery stock with stems/trunks greater than 10cm in diameter and more than 1.5m in length may be subject to additional quarantine measures to ensure that the quarantine risks are addressed.

(ii) The following conditions and requirements are to be read in conjunction with Condition C7300.

Importer's Responsibilities

1. Following inspection by a Quarantine officer, all plant material must be contained and securely packaged to the satisfaction of a Quarantine officer and forwarded directly to the Quarantine Approved Premises (Class 4.6) for treatment.

2. All plant material must be fumigated with methyl bromide (T9060).

3. Following treatment, all plant material must be contained and securely packaged and forwarded in an enclosed vehicle, directly to the nominated post-entry quarantine facility (see point 4 below).

4. All plants must be grown in a closed quarantine facility at either:

- an Australian Government (DAFF) post-entry plant quarantine facility; or

- a Quarantine Approved Premises (Class 6.1).

Note: The importer is responsible for contacting the post-entry quarantine facility to confirm all arrangements including space availability and number of plants, prior to the plant material arriving in Australia.

5. Plant material grown at a Quarantine Approved Premises (Class 6.1) must meet the conditions and requirements listed below under point 8.

6. All plant material must be grown in closed quarantine for a minimum of three months (and until sufficient new growth has occurred to enable them to be screened for any disease symptoms – see point 8 below) during which time the plants must be visually screened by a Quarantine officer for any disease symptoms.

7. Plants that have been screened and found to be free of any disease symptoms may be released from quarantine by a Quarantine officer.

8. Requirements for growth of imported plant material in a Quarantine Approved Premises

a. During growth in quarantine, all plants must be inspected by a Quarantine officer for disease symptoms, twice:

- once during the active growing period; and

- a final inspection must occur no more than seven days prior to release.

Note: Plants must be grown under conditions conducive to new growth and must show signs of 'active growth' prior to inspection to facilitate the identification of any disease symptoms.

b. The importer or Quarantine Approved Premises operator is responsible for notifying

the DAFF regional office of the plant material reaching the inspection stages in point (a) above.

- c. All imported plant material must be clearly labelled with the relevant Quarantine Entry number and Import Permit number and date of arrival in the facility.
- d. All imported plant material must be clearly segregated within the facility by date of importation.
- e. All plants in the quarantine facility must be held on a single-tiered mesh platform raised off the floor to allow for drainage and maintenance.
- f. Benches and plants must be separated to allow access for quarantine inspection. Plants are not to be over-crowded so as to impede their inspection by a Quarantine officer.
- g. The Quarantine Approved Premises must have an integrated pest management and weed management program effective for controlling insect pests and weeds.

The integrated pest management program must include the following:

- The importer or the Quarantine Approved Premises operator must inspect the imported plants at regular intervals (eg at least weekly) for any insects or disease symptoms. A logbook must be maintained, detailing the date and nature of these inspections. This logbook must be made available to the Quarantine officer during the mandatory DAFF inspections. If any pest or disease symptoms are detected, the DAFF regional office must be contacted immediately and the plants must be retained for inspection by the Quarantine officer.
 - monitoring of imported material for insects using sticky traps (yellow), one trap must be used for every 15m² of growing area in closed quarantine. Sticky traps must be hung just above the plants.
 - One trap must be placed by vents and by doors to detect populations migrating into the quarantine facility.
 - Traps must be replaced if they get dirty or crowded with insects. Sticky traps must be retained for inspection by the Quarantine officer.
- h. All weeds within and surrounding the quarantine facility must be managed.
- i. Detailed records of all plant material held in the quarantine facility must be maintained to such an extent that DAFF is able to accurately trace the fate of consignments. These records must be presented to the Quarantine officer at the time of inspection.

Records must include:

- Import Permit number
- Quarantine Entry number
- Date of arrival
- Number and species/variety of plants imported
- Number of deaths in post entry quarantine
- Number of plants destroyed, with reason for their destruction
- Number of plants released from quarantine by the Quarantine officer

j. During growth in quarantine, imported plant material shall not to be pruned or propagated or multiplied without prior written permission from a Quarantine officer.

Note: Generally permission will only be granted for propagations/cuttings to be taken after the imported plants have had their first inspection by a Quarantine officer and no disease concerns have been identified.

- Records must be maintained of all additional propagations/multiplications undertaken including dates cuttings were taken.
- Any propagations/multiplications/cuttings are also subject to the conditions outlined here and must remain in the quarantine facility until released from quarantine by a Quarantine officer.
- All propagations/multiplications must be clearly labelled so that they can be linked back to the parent plant from which they originated from.
- All cutting implements used must remain in the quarantine facility and must be sterilised prior to and after their use.

k. Any plant that dies or fails to establish while in quarantine must be retained and referred to the Quarantine officer.

l. All spent and unwanted plant material must be disposed of by a DAFF approved method.

m. The quarantine facility must be maintained in a hygienic condition e.g. leaf litter, plant debris, algae, moss, etc must not be allowed to build up to an extent whereby it impedes inspection of plants or creates an environment conducive for pest or disease establishment and spread.

n. Fungicides are not to be used on plants without prior approval from a Quarantine officer.

o. If further imports are expected or there are other plants still undergoing growth in quarantine, all plants that have been released from quarantine shall be removed from the quarantine facility.

Condition C7300

Nursery Stock - All Species - General Conditions

Importer's Responsibilities

1. All consignments must be accompanied by a valid Import Permit or by means to allow the identification of the Import Permit.
2. It is the importer's responsibility to check the requirements of local, state or any other government organisation prior to arrival.
3. All consignments must be accompanied by an official government Phytosanitary certificate.
4. For consignments of nursery stock (excluding 'bulbs' for growth in open post entry quarantine) imported as sea or air cargo, the importer must complete and submit a [Notice of Importation of Nursery Stock](#) to the DAFF Biosecurity regional office in the port of arrival:
 - **prior to shipment** for Full Container Load (FCL) consignments (ie sea cargo); OR

- at least **7 working days prior** to the arrival of Non-FCL consignments.

5. If plant material arrives direct to the importer without the correct quarantine direction it is their responsibility to secure the material and contact DAFF to ensure all quarantine requirements are met (e.g. Quarantine Entry, inspection, treatments and growth in quarantine).

6. The importer is responsible for payment of all associated DAFF fees and charges.

7. All plant material must be free from soil, disease symptoms, live insects and other extraneous contamination of quarantine concern.

8. Plant material must be packed in clean, new packaging.

9. For non-FCL consignments: Packaging must be secure, rigid and insect proof*, and individual packages must not exceed 20kgs for OH&S reasons. *Note: Sealed cardboard cartons in a sound undamaged state would be acceptable.

10. Packing material can be used to help decrease the risk of damage to the plant during transport. For a list of acceptable packaging material which may be used for transport of plants please refer to ICON case '[Packing materials for the packaging of plants](#)'.

11. Airfreight and mail shipments must be addressed in the following manner:

Importer's Name

Importer's Address

C/- DAFF Biosecurity Nursery stock/Seeds Unit

DAFF Biosecurity postal address

12. In order to facilitate clearance, airfreight or mail shipments should have all documentation securely attached to the outside of the package, and clearly marked 'Attention Quarantine'.

13. All plant material must be labelled with botanical names including both genus and species. Unidentified nursery stock is subject to re-export or destruction at cost to the importer.

14. All plant material must be declared on arrival and presented to a Quarantine officer for inspection.

15. There are scheduled fees associated with the growth of nursery stock in an Australian Government (DAFF) post-entry quarantine facility. These fees are to be met by the importer. Refer to the DAFF website for further information on the [fee schedule](#). State/territory government post-entry quarantine facilities may have different fee schedules and importers are advised to contact the relevant state/territory department for details.

16. Fungicides are not to be used on plants without prior approval from a Quarantine officer.

17. Most nursery stock receives quarantine treatment following its arrival in Australia. This is specified in the import conditions. Material will be treated bare-rooted and this may affect plants which arrive established in potting media. Importers are urged to consider this when arranging importation.

18. Part of the packing material may be kept temporarily as loose packaging around the roots of the plants to help prevent desiccation of roots during fumigation. Packaging

must be distributed so as not to prevent penetration of the fumigant. Note: Any packaging retained for the fumigation treatment must be removed and destroyed prior to the plants being established in post entry quarantine.

Note: Failure to comply with the above or any of the specific import requirements may result in the nursery stock being re-exported or destroyed or any quarantine procedures varied; at cost to the importer.

Quarantine Procedures

19. All documentation must be presented to a Quarantine officer on arrival for examination.

20. All consignments must be unloaded* and plants visually inspected (as per the table below) by the Quarantine officer for freedom from live insects, live snails, soil, disease symptoms and any other extraneous contamination of quarantine concern. This includes the removal of all packaging material around the plants.

Nursery stock type	Consignment Size in plants numbers	Number of plants inspected
Tissue cultures	All sizes	100%
Medium risk (other than T/C)	> 1000 units of a single genus	600 plants
	450-999 units	450 plant
	<450 units	100%
High risk	All sizes	100%

***Note:** If correctly certified, FCLs will be directed by DAFF Biosecurity to an appropriate QAP with *seals intact* for unpacking under DAFF supervision and inspection. FCL consignments are also subject to the above sampling inspection rates.

Medium risk plants are subject to sample rate of 20% of the sample size to be inspected under maggy lamp 3 times magnification.

21. Rooted plants (with the exception of epiphytic plants, plants derived from imported tissue cultures and plants certified* as having been grown in soil-less media) are subject to microscopic examination (10 times magnification) by Quarantine officers for the presence of plant parasitic nematodes. This examination must be conducted prior to movement to an approved post-entry quarantine facility.

- a) High risk plants per line: 20 plants in the first 200 with an extra 2% sampled for any additional plants in the consignment greater than 200.
- b) Medium risk plants 2 to 3 plants.

***Note:** DAFF will accept a written declaration or statement from the supplier confirming that the plant material in question was grown in a soil-less media. The declaration or statement must be consignment specific, signed and dated by the person making the declaration/statement, and must be from the overseas supplier of the plant material.

22. If disease symptoms or nematodes are detected, the consignment will be placed on hold (at the importer's expense). An assessment of the quarantine risk will be made by a DAFF Biosecurity Plant Pathologist to determine the options that may be available to the importer. These may include:

- a) appropriate risk mitigation measures (at the importer's expense and risk) which may include further identification* by DAFF or external service providers, treatment or

- growth in post-entry quarantine; or
 b) re-export (at the importer's expense); or
 c) destruction (at the importer's expense).

*Further identification may not result in the release of goods and may incur substantial additional costs and time delays for the importer. Further identification will only be offered if it is deemed feasible and the importer agrees in writing to accept all costs and risks involved.

Entry Management EM0184

DAFF minimum documentary requirements to support assessment of all documentation

All documentation presented to DAFF as part of the import process must meet the requirements of the [Minimum Documentary Requirements Policy](#). These requirements include:

1. Overarching Requirements (e.g. legible, in English, signed, dated, linked to the consignment);
2. Document Format Requirements (e.g. as per nationally accepted practice and standards, or on company letterhead); and
3. Prescribed Information Requirements (e.g. treatment certificates must include a description of the goods/packaging treated)

Entry Management EM0185

DAFF information requirements to support assessment of non-commodity concerns associated with imported cargo

All documentation presented to DAFF to assist in determining the level of quarantine risk posed by transportation pathways and packaging must meet the requirements of the [Non-Commodity Information Requirements Policy](#). These requirements address:

1. Container cleanliness;
2. Packaging concerns (e.g. presence of timber or prohibited packaging material);
and
3. Destination concerns (e.g. destined for a rural unpack location).

Entry Management EM0035

Nursery Stock- is defined as all propagatable plant materials, including but not limited to: bulbs, corms, cuttings, roots, tubers, rhizomes, stems and tissue cultures.

Commodity Docs	Direction	AIMS Comments	Notes / QAP
Mandatory:	All Docs OK		
1) A valid Import	All Cargo Types, Nursery Stock		All nursery stock

<p>Permit - see permit conditions for specific requirements</p> <p>2) Commercial document including: a) invoice or packing list; or b) A valid manufacturer declaration; or c) A valid Phytosanitary certificate; stating the botanical names.</p> <p>Optional: 3) Bulbs ex Netherlands only - BKD certificate with required statements as per permit</p> <p>NOTE: Import permit requirements outweigh ICON conditions and work instructions unless otherwise stated within the permit.</p>	1) Documentation - Present all Documentation		should be Ordered into Quarantine and referred to a Nursery Stock Officer after initial directions are applied.
	2) Relevant Inspection Direction a) Nursery Stock Inspect b) FCL Only - Inspect (Hold Seals Intact)	<p>Standard Comments for Inspection Direction Nursery Stock ex <country of origin> to be inspected for live insects, soil, prohibited media, disease & contamination. Verify labelled with botanical names and suitability for treatment. All import documents to be presented at inspection</p> <p>Additional Direction Comments Direction 1 of 3</p>	<p>Inspection: Class 2.4, 6.1, 6.3, 6.4 It is a condition of import that all imported live plants shall be labelled with botanical names including both genus and species.</p>
	3) Other Treatments – In accordance with permit cond	<p>Standard Comments for Treatment Direction All nursery stock must be treated in accordance with permit conditions prior to movement to an approved post entry plant quarantine facility. Treatment must not occur prior to inspection</p> <p>Direction 2 of 3</p>	
	4) Isolation - Quarantine (Nursery Stock)	<p>Standard Comments for Isolation Direction Bulbs (certified) Treated nursery stock <plants/numbers> must be grown in post entry quarantine for disease screening throughout the six week mandatory quarantine period</p> <p>Bulbs (non-certified) and Roses Treated nursery stock <plants/numbers> must be grown in post entry quarantine for disease screening throughout for a minimum of three months, or as determined per the import permit conditions</p> <p>All Other Treated nursery stock</p>	<p>Isolation: Open Quarantine Class 6.4 - Bulbs Class 6.3 - Roses</p> <p>Closed Quarantine for Medium-Risk Nursery Stock Class 6.1 – All medium-risk nursery stock must be grown in closed quarantine at an DAFF post -entry quarantine facility or an DAFF approved post-entry quarantine facility for a minimum of three months, or as determined per the import permit</p>

	<p><plants/numbers> must be grown in closed quarantine for disease screening for a minimum of three months, or as determined per the import permit conditions</p> <p>Additional Direction Comments Direction 3 of 3</p>	<p>conditions, during which the plants must be visually inspected screened for signs of disease.</p> <p>Closed Quarantine for High-Risk Nursery Stock All High-Risk plants must be grown in a Government approved post-entry quarantine facility, as detailed on the import permit conditions, during which time the plants must be visually screened and/or serologically tested for quarantine diseases.</p>
<p>Additional Direction - Air freight only 1b) Verification – CTO verification</p>	<p>Standard Comments for Verification Direction <number ctns> Live Plants ex <country of origin>. Verify integrity of consignment prior to movement to <QAP> for inspection. Consignment must be sealed and secure prior to movement.</p>	
All Docs NOT OK		
All Cargo Types, Nursery Stock, nil valid import permit		<p>If a valid Import Permit does not exist, the consignment must be re-exported or destroyed as per PQA0542, dated 30/01/08.</p> <p>If plants are unlabelled or botanical names cannot be identified then order goods to be re-exported or destroyed or held at a Class 1 QAP until valid documents are presented.</p>
1) Documentation - Present all Documentation		
2) Hold - Officer Hold, Contact QTNE	<p>Standard Comments for Hold Direction If a valid Import Permit does not exist, the consignment must be re-exported or destroyed. Importer/Agent to advise DAFF of preferred option</p>	
All Cargo Types, botanical names not identified		
1) Documentation - Present all Documentation	<p>Standard Comments for Documentation Direction Botanical names not identified on provided documentation. Present valid manufacturers declaration or invoice/packing list/phytosanitary</p>	

		certificate with botanical names identified	
		Additional Direction comments Alternatively the goods may be re-exported or destroyed at importers expense	

Entry Management EM0041

High Risk- Tissue cultures

Commodity Docs	Direction	AIMS Comments	Notes/QAP
Mandatory:	All Docs OK		
1) A valid Import Permit - see permit conditions for specific requirements	All Cargo Types, High Risk Tissue Culture		High-Risk Tissue Cultures All cultures are to be referred to a Nursery Stock Officer and ordered into quarantine for inspection. Tissue cultures must then be deflasked and grown in closed quarantine at a Government post-entry quarantine facility as stated on the import permit.
2) A valid phytosanitary certificate endorsed to indicate the disease status of the material - see permit conditions for specific requirements	1) Documentation - Present all Documentation		
2) A valid exporters declaration – see permit conditions for specific requirements	2) Inspection - Nursery Stock Inspect	Standard Comments for Inspection Direction Tissue cultures ex <country of origin> to be inspected for live insects, soil, disease and other contamination. Flasks and media must conform to the requirements as stated in the relevant import permit. Verify labelled with botanical names	Inspection: Class 2.4, 6.1, 6.3
NOTE: Import permit requirements outweigh ICON conditions and work instructions unless otherwise stated within the permit.	3) Isolation - Quarantine (Nursery Stock)	Standard Comments for Isolation Direction Tissue cultures ex <country of origin> must be deflasked and established in closed quarantine for disease screening. Inspection and treatment is required as per permit conditions	It is a condition of import that all imported live plants shall be labelled with botanical names including both genus and species. Isolation: Class 6.1 or Government approved post entry quarantine facility as per permit conditions
		Additional Direction Comments Permit must be available at inspection. Direction 1 of 3	
		Direction 2 of 3	

4) Other Treatments - In accordance with permit cond.	Standard Comments for Treatment Direction Tissue cultures ex <country of origin> must be treated as required by import permit conditions Direction 3 of 3	
All Docs Not OK :		
All Cargo Types, High Risk Tissue Culture, nil valid import permit/ phytosanitary certificate/ exporter declaration		If a valid Import Permit/Phytosanitary Certificate/ Exporter declaration does not exist, the consignment must be re-exported or destroyed as per PQA0542, dated 30/01/08.
1) Documentation - Present all Documentation		
2) Hold - Officer Hold, Contact QTNE	Standard Comments for Hold Direction If a valid <Import Permit/Phytosanitary Certificate/Exporter declaration> does not exist, the consignment must be re-exported or destroyed. Importer/Agent to advise DAFF of preferred option	

Entry Management EM0042

Low to Medium Risk- Tissue Cultures

Commodity Docs	Direction	AIMS Comments	Notes / QAP
Mandatory:	All Docs OK		
1) A valid Import Permit - see permit conditions for specific requirements	All Cargo types, Medium Risk Tissue Culture		Class: 2.4, 6.1 All tissue cultures are to be Ordered into Quarantine and referred to a
Additional documents for tissue cultures free of media:	1) Documentation - Present all Documentation		Nursery Stock Officer after initial direction.
2) A valid phytosanitary certificate stating 'Prior to the removal of the plant tissue from media, the tissues cultures were inspected and found to be free of	2) Inspection - Nursery Stock Inspect	Standard Comments for Inspection Direction Tissue Cultures ex <country of origin> to be inspected for live insects, soil, disease and other contamination. Flasks and media must conform to the requirements as stated in the relevant import permit. Verify labelled with botanical names	

contamination. The plant tissue was aseptically transferred under supervision to sterile containers which were then sealed and not subsequently reopened'. Only medium risk species from DAFF approved sources are permitted - refer to Table 1, ICON C7301 General conditions - medium risk, tissue cultures		Additional Direction Comments Permit must be available at inspection	
	All Docs NOT OK		
	All Cargo types, Medium Risk Tissue Culture, nil valid import permit/ phytosanitary certificate		If a valid Import Permit/ phytosanitary certificate does not exist, the consignment must be re-exported or destroyed as per PQA0542, dated 30/01/08.
	1)1 Documentation - Present all Documentation		
2)Hold - Officer Hold, Contact QTNE	Standard Comments for Hold Direction If a valid Import Permit does not exist, the consignment must be re-exported or destroyed. Importer/Agent to advise DAFF of preferred option		

Treatment T9060

T9060 Methyl Bromide Fumigation of Imported Plants

1. Methyl Bromide Fumigation

Plants are to be fumigated according to the [DAFF Methyl Bromide Standard](#) at the following rates:

a) Actively growing plants (select appropriate ambient temperature range)

The Methyl bromide rate required is:

- 48g/m³ for 2 hours at 10°C-15°C, or
- 40g/m³ for 2 hours at 16°C-20°C, or
- **32g/m³ for 2 hours at 21°C-and above.**

b) Dormant deciduous and evergreen plants, cuttings and budwood (select appropriate ambient temperature range)

The Methyl bromide rate required is

- 48g/m³ for 2½ hours at 10°C-15°C, or
- 40g/m³ for 2½ hours at 16°C-20°C, or
- **32g/m³ for 2½ hours at 21°C-and above.**

c) Bulbs, corms, tubers, rhizomes (select appropriate ambient temperature range)

The Methyl bromide rate required is

- 48g/m³ for 3 hours at 10°C-15°C, or

- 40g/m³ for 3 hours at 16°C-20°C, or
- **32g/m³ for 3 hours at 21°C-and above.**

2. Post Fumigation Plant Handling

Plant material should be well aired after treatment, preferably by placing it in a gentle flow of air from a small fan for two hours on a table in a well lit room with wet sphagnum moss over the roots. Plants should be potted and placed in a humid atmosphere as soon as possible after aeration to give them a better chance of survival. The foliage should not be wet for 24 hours post fumigation and it is important to remember that plants fumigated with methyl bromide must be kept out of bright sunlight or strong winds for at least 48 hours.

Leaf drop, followed by slight stimulation with a flush of new growth is a reaction which some plants have to methyl bromide. Affected plants will usually recover. Some orchids, especially deciduous types, will shed their leaves. This reaction is also considered to be a reaction to methyl bromide fumigation. Recovery usually commences with flowering and then leaf production.

Treatment T9063

a) Treatment on Arrival

Nursery stock is treated to destroy arthropod pests as soon as practical after arrival. Most plants are fumigated with methyl bromide. However, methyl bromide has been shown to be particularly detrimental to some plants. These plants may receive an insecticidal dip in place of the methyl bromide fumigation. Only those plants for which treatments T9292 or T9293 are specified are considered sensitive to methyl bromide and it is only these plants that are exempt from the mandatory methyl bromide fumigation. All other plants must be fumigated with methyl bromide.

Importers often claim that methyl bromide kills plants of species that DAFF does not consider sensitive to methyl bromide. The importers usually request that the plants be given the insecticidal dip in place of fumigation. Such importers are to be advised that a high mortality of imported plants is often principally due to factors other than the methyl bromide fumigation. Importers should be further advised that DAFF will only consider the alternative dip if a fumigation trial indicates that the plants are sensitive to methyl bromide.

Fumigation trials will only be conducted using local material (not imported consignments) and DAFF will only consider conducting trials if the importer is willing to supply the necessary quantity of plant material. Fumigation trials are generally composed of a fumigation treatment, an alternative dip treatment and a control. Fumigation trials are conducted on a species by species basis; the results of a fumigation trial for one species are not applicable to another species (even if the species are in the same genus). Results of fumigation trials should be forwarded to Canberra Office.

b) Treatment of Imported Plant Material Which is Not Required to Undergo Post-Entry Quarantine

This plant material may include sprouted seed, elite stock and tissue cultures. If this material does not require fumigation and is examined in a situation where alternative packing material is not available, e.g. post office; provided the packing material is free of infestation and is not a product restricted by quarantine, it may be re-used.

If the imported material requires fumigation it should be treated as well.

It should be remembered at all times that one object of quarantine is to facilitate the safe introduction of plant material.

c) Treatment of Imported Plants, Seeds and Bulbs to Undergo Post-Entry Quarantine in a Private Quarantine House

Following treatment these plants must be re-packed with suitable material to prevent desiccation. If an alternative is not available the original packing material may be used. It must be treated also. The importer is to be ordered to destroy the packing material under quarantine supervision once the plant material is potted up. Care must be taken to ensure adequate gas concentration and ventilation if plant material or bulbs were packed in peat when fumigated.

d) Use of Pesticides in Post-Entry Quarantine

Cosmopolitan pests associated with plants growing in post-entry quarantine may be controlled at the discretion of the responsible Quarantine Officer and/or the Officer responsible for disease screening.

Nematodes

All shipments of rooted plants, with the exception of epiphytic orchids and plants derived from imported tissue culture, are subject to microscopic inspection by DAFF officers to examine for the presence of plant parasitic nematodes prior to planting.

A minimum of 20 plants are to be inspection with an additional inspection rate of 2% on any plants in addition to the first 200.

If plant parasitic nematodes are identified the consignment will be subject to a re-export or destruction order from Quarantine.

Import Permit Fee IPF0002

Import Permit Fees (where applicable) – Category 1

This commodity is classified as a Category 1 assessment for the purposes of determining the Import Permit fee rate that applies. The fee rate is \$40.00 per assessable item in addition to the [electronic](#) lodgement fee of \$85.00 or the manual lodgement fee of \$150.00 applies.

Note that the fee for the lodgement and assessment of an [ePermit](#) application is \$125.00.

An assessable item means an item identified on an Import Permit application as consisting of goods of a class imported, or to be imported, from a particular country for a particular use.

Further information on DAFF fees and charges can be found on the [DAFF website](#). Import Permit issuing fees are specified in the [Quarantine Service Fees Determination 2005](#).

Commodity	<input type="text" value="ageratum"/>
From country	<input type="text" value="All Countries"/>
For end use	<input type="text" value="All End Uses"/>