

AUSTRALIA

Source: <https://bicon.agriculture.gov.au/>

Case: Logs, log cabins and oversize timber Effective: 03 Mar 2016

Define Import Scenario

Because you did not answer or provided multiple answers to some import questions, there are multiple import scenarios that may apply. Please make a selection from the table below to view your import conditions.

Import Scenarios

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| Myrtaceae species | | | | See Conditions |
| Non Myrtaceae species | All dimensions under 200mm | | | See Conditions |
| | Exceeding 200mm in all dimensions | Cocos nucifera | | See Conditions |
| | | Not cocos nucifera | Not for processing | See Table 2 |
| | | | For processing | See Table 3 |

Table 2: Navigation for Non Myrtaceae species — Exceeding 200mm in all dimensions — Not cocos nucifera — Not for processing

| | |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Country of origin appears on the Department's Country Action List (CAL) for giant African snails | See Conditions |
| Country of origin is other than New Zealand, Canada or listed on the departments Country Action List | See Conditions |

Conditions

- A Department of Agriculture import permit is not required.
- The timber must be free from pests and diseases.

To demonstrate compliance with this requirement you must present the following on a [Phytosanitary certificate](#):

1. evidence that the timber has been heat treated at 85°C for 8 hours, or
2. evidence that the timber has been kiln dried at 74°C for a variable time, or
3. evidence that the timber has been gamma irradiated at 25 kGray (2.5 Mrad), or
4. evidence that the timber has been fumigated with ethylene oxide at 1200 g/m³ for 5 hours at 50°C; or 1500 g/m³ for 24 hours at 21°C.

The heat and kiln drying treatments must be performed within 21 days of export.

- The goods must be clean and free of bark, insects and other [biosecurity risk material](#) prior to arrival in Australia.
- Any packaging used with the consignment must be clean and new.
- Please note that timber related products that have been previously exported from Australia and are then imported to Australia after processing are classed as foreign and are subject to meet the Department of Agriculture's import requirements.
- The department will release the goods once all of the import requirements have been met.
- Under the [Quarantine Service Fees Determination 2005](#), fees are payable to the Department of Agriculture for all services. A list of all [quarantine & export fees](#) is available on the Department of Agriculture's website.
- Non-commodity information requirements for imported cargo also apply, please refer to the BICON case [Non-Commodity Cargo Clearance](#).

Table 3: Navigation for Non Myrtaceae species — Exceeding 200mm in all dimensions — Not cocos nucifera — For processing

| | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Country of origin appears on the Department's Country Action List (CAL) for giant African snails | | See Conditions |
| Country of origin is a European country other than the United Kingdom and Ireland | Sudden oak death (SOD) host | See Conditions |
| | Not host of sudden oak death (SOD) | See Conditions |

Conditions for Sudden oak death host

- Prior to the importation of [goods](#) into Australia, a valid import permit issued by the Department of Agriculture is required.

An import permit may be obtained by submitting an [import permit application](#) to the department (if viewed online, use the 'Apply Now' button at the bottom of this page).

- The timber must be free from *Phytophthora ramorum* (known as causing sudden oak death disease).

To demonstrate compliance with this requirement you must present the following on a [Phytosanitary certificate](#):

The additional declaration "The timber was harvested from areas free of *Phytophthora ramorum* (known as causing the sudden oak death disease)."

OR

You must present the following on a [Heat treatment certificate](#) or [Phytosanitary certificate](#):

Evidence that the timber has been:

1. heat treated at 56°C for a minimum of 30 minutes, or

2. kiln dried at a rate of 74°C for 4 to 8 hours.


- Each consignment must be debarked prior to being imported and must be free from contaminants such as soil, live insects and other [biosecurity risk material](#).
- All consignments must undergo an initial inspection on arrival, to ensure that the goods are free from [biosecurity risk material](#) (BRM).

If the initial inspection verifies that there is no BRM, the consignment will be directed to a quarantine approved premises (QAP) where inspection is to be repeated every 7 days until processing takes place.

Timber must stand for 24 hours prior to full inspection to allow frass to develop, as the discharge process suspends insect activity and/or wet timber may indicate rain washed frass away.

- If during inspection biosecurity risk material is found, the risk material will be removed or treated in accordance with the [Contamination Treatment Guide](#) or alternatively exported or destroyed at the importer's expense.
- After inspection, all consignments are subject to processing by milling, coring or drilling at a quarantine approved premises to reduce at least one dimension of the timber to less than 200 mm.
- All milled timber is then subject to inspection at the quarantine approved premises (QAP) prior to release. If on inspection, [biosecurity risk material](#) is found the timber will be directed for a treatment in accordance with the [Contamination Treatment Guide](#) or alternatively exported or destroyed.

Warnings and Information Notices

 An inspection of the timber is to be carried out every 7 days until the treatment takes place.

- All milled timber refuse including slabs and off cuts, are to be stored in the designated quarantine waste area of the quarantine approved premises (QAP), prior to treatment [with an approved method](#), at the importers expense.
- Please note that timber related products that have been previously exported from Australia and are then imported to Australia after processing are classed as foreign and are subject to meet the Department of Agriculture's import requirements.
- The department will release the goods once all of the import requirements have been met.
- Under the [Quarantine Service Fees Determination 2005](#), fees are payable to the Department of Agriculture for all services. A list of all [quarantine & export fees](#) is available on the Department of Agriculture's website.
- Non-commodity information requirements for imported cargo also apply, please refer to the BICON case [Non-Commodity Cargo Clearance](#).