

Notification of the presence of a harmful organism

1 General information	
1.1 Title	First finding of <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (PAYSAR) in Germany
1.2 Executive summary	<i>Paysandisia archon</i> (PAYSAR) was found in a greenhouse of a nursery in Saxony-Anhalt. This is the first officially confirmed finding of the harmful organism in Germany. One lot of <i>Trachycarpus fortunei</i> plants was found to be infested. The plants have been destroyed and quarantine was imposed. The plants originate in another Member State where the pest is present. Therefore it is assumed that the harmful organism is introduced with the delivered plants. Eradication measures have been taken.
2 <u>Information concerning the single authority and responsible persons.</u>	
2.1 Notification from	Julius Kühn-Institut (JKI), Institute for National and International Plant Health, Germany
2.2 Official contact:	Katrin Kaminski Tel: +49(0)531 299 3378 outbreaks@julius-kuehn.de
3 Location	
3.1 Location	Near Halle in Saxony-Anhalt
4 Reason of the notification and the pest status	
4.1 First finding in Germany or in the area	First confirmed presence of the harmful organism in Germany

4.2 Pest status in Germany before the official confirmation of the presence, or suspected presence, of the harmful organism.	Absent
4.3 Pest status in Germany after the official confirmation of the presence of the harmful organism.	Transient, only at one location under glass, under eradication
5 Finding, sampling, testing and confirmation of the harmful organism.	
5.1 How the presence or appearance of the harmful organism was found.	information submitted by professional operator (trader)
5.2 Date of finding:	25.01.2016
5.3 Name and address of the Laboratory.	Julius Kühn-Institut, Kleinmachnow
5.4 Diagnostic method.	According to peer reviewed protocol: EPPO diagnostic protocol PM 7/108 (1)
5.5 Date of official confirmation of the harmful organism's identity.	26.01.2016
6 Infested area, and the severity and source of the outbreak in that area.	
6.1 Size and delimitation of the infested area.	Number of infested plants: 150 - 300 pieces
6.2 Characteristics of the infested area and its vicinity.	Physically closed conditions: Greenhouse
6.3 Host plants in the infested area and its vicinity.	Other host plants are present.
6.4 Infested plant(s), plant product(s) and other object(s).	<i>Trachycarpus fortunei</i>
6.5 Severity of the outbreak.	Approximately 3 larvae per infested plant, the relevant lot included 300 plants.
6.6 Source of the outbreak.	The plants have been delivered in July 2015 from another Member State where the harmful organism is present. The responsible body will be informed to enable trace-back investigations.

7 Official phytosanitary measures.	
7.1 Adoption of official phytosanitary measures.	Official measures have been taken: destruction of the plants. In addition, quarantine has been imposed.
7.2 Date of adoption of the official phytosanitary measures.	21.01.2016 (measures imposed orally) 01.02.2016 (measures imposed in writing)
7.3 Objective of the official phytosanitary measures.	eradication
8 Pest risk analysis/assessment	Pest risk analysis is not required (harmful organism is listed in Annex II of Directive 2000/29/EC)