

**Notification of the presence of a harmful organism  
according to Article 16 of Council Directive 2000/29/EC**

<b>1 General information</b>	
1.1 Title	Finding of <i>Trichoferus campestris</i> in Germany (Mecklenburg Western-Pomerania)
1.2 Executive summary	<p><i>Trichoferus campestris</i> was found in wooden decoration material in the apartment of an inspector of the NPPO. The pest is listed in the EPPO A2 list and in August 2016 JKI has conducted an Express-PRA when a similar case happened in Lower-Saxony (see box 9).</p> <p>The origin of the infested plant product could not be traced. The decoration material has been destroyed and the pest is considered eradicated.</p>
<b>2 <u>Information concerning the single authority and responsible persons.</u></b>	
2.1 Notification from	Julius Kühn-Institut (JKI), Institute for National and International Plant Health, Germany
2.2 Official contact:	Katrin Kaminski, Tel: +49(0)531 299 3378, <a href="mailto:outbreaks@julius-kuehn.de">outbreaks@julius-kuehn.de</a>
<b>3 Location</b>	
3.1 Location	Mecklenburg Western-Pomerania
<b>4 Reason of the notification and the pest status</b>	
4.1 First finding in Germany or in the area	Confirmed appearance of the harmful organism in part of the territory of Germany in which its presence was previously unknown.

4.2 Pest status of the area where the harmful organism has been found present, after the official confirmation.	Absent, pest found present but eradicated
4.3 Pest status in Germany before the official confirmation of the presence, or suspected presence, of the harmful organism.	Absent, pest eradicated
4.4 Pest status in Germany after the official confirmation of the presence of the harmful organism.	Absent, pest eradicated
<b>5 Finding, sampling, testing and confirmation of the harmful organism.</b>	
5.1 How the presence or appearance of the harmful organism was found.	Information was submitted by other persons. The pest was found in a wooden decoration article in the apartment of a plant health inspector.
5.2 Date of finding:	28.11.2016
5.3 Sampling for laboratory analysis.	01.06.2017
5.4 Name and address of the Laboratory.	Julius Kühn-Institut (JKI), Institut for National and International Plant Health, Messeweg 11-12, 38104 Braunschweig
5.5 Diagnostic method.	PCR and sequencing according to PM7/129 (DNA barcoding as an identification tool for a number of regulated pests)
5.6 Date of official confirmation of the harmful organism's identity.	08.02.2017
<b>6 Infested area, and the severity and source of the outbreak in that area.</b>	
6.1 Size and delimitation of the infested area.	1 plant product
6.2 Characteristics of the infested area and its vicinity.	Physically closed conditions: private site other than greenhouse
6.3 Infested plant(s), plant	Wooden decoration material, presumably hard

product(s) and other object(s).	wood
6.4 Severity of the outbreak.	Only 1 living larvae in 1 infested plant product has been found indoors.
6.5 Source of the outbreak.	The decoration material was bought approximately 2 years before. The garden center was inspected but the origin of the infested plant product could not be traced.
<b>7 Official phytosanitary measures.</b>	
7.1 Adoption of official phytosanitary measures.	Official measures have been taken: The infested plant product has been destroyed.
7.2 Date of adoption of the official phytosanitary measures.	01.07.2017
7.3 Objective of the official phytosanitary measures.	eradication
7.4 Measures affecting the movement of goods.	Measures do not affect the import into or movement within the Union of goods.
7.5 Specific surveys.	The surroundings of the apartment will be looked at.
<b>8 Pest risk analysis/assessment</b>	Express-PRA exists: <a href="http://pflanzengesundheit.julius-kuehn.de/dokumente/upload/809e3_trichoferus-campestris_express-pra.pdf">http://pflanzengesundheit.julius-kuehn.de/dokumente/upload/809e3_trichoferus-campestris_express-pra.pdf</a>