

ORDINANACE SDA/MAPA N° 1660, OF JULY 8, 2026

ESTABLISHES THE PHYTOSANITARY REQUIREMENTS FOR THE IMPORTATION OF GYPSOPHILA (*GYPSOPHILA* spp.) PROPAGATIVE MATERIAL FROM ANY ORIGIN

THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURAL PROTECTION, OF THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND LIVESTOCK, in the use of the attributions conferred on it by arts. 23 and 48 of Annex I of Decree No. 12.642, of October 1, 2025, in view of the provisions of Decree No. 24,114, of April 12, 1934, in Decree No. 1,355, of December 30, 1994, in Decree No. 5,759, of April 17, 2006, in MAPA Ordinance No. 65, of March 30, 2021, in Normative Instruction No. 25, of April 7, 2020, and what is contained in Process No. 21000.028776/2024-40, resolves:

Art. 1 The phytosanitary requirements for the importation of propagative material (Category 4) of gypsophila (*Gypsophila* spp.) from any origin are established.

Art. 2 The consignment, consisting of gypsophila **seedlings**, must be accompanied by a Phytosanitary Certificate, issued by the National Plant Protection Organization - NPPO of the country of origin.

Sole paragraph. The Phytosanitary certificate must contain the following Additional Declarations:

I - "The consignment has been inspected and found free from *Arion hortensis*, *Chrysodeixis eriosoma*, *Frankliniella intonsa*, *Lygus elisus*, *Spodoptera exigua* and *Tetranychus kanzawai*."; and,

II - "The consignment is free from *Ditylenchus dipsaci*, *Erysiphe buhrii*, *Heterodera schachtii*, *Nepovirus lycopersici* and *Rhodococcus fascians*, according to the result of the official laboratory analysis No ()".

Art. 3 The consignment, consisting of gypsophila **cuttings**, must be accompanied by a Phytosanitary Certificate, issued by the National Plant Protection Organization - NPPO of the country of origin.

Sole paragraph. The Phytosanitary Certificate must contain the following Additional Declarations:

I - "The consignment has been inspected and found free from *Arion hortensis*, *Chrysodeixis eriosoma*, *Frankliniella intonsa*, *Lygus elisus*, *Spodoptera exigua* and *Tetranychus kanzawai*."; and,

II - "The consignment is free from *Erysiphe buhrii*, *Nepovirus lycopersici* and *Rhodococcus fascians*, according to the result of the official laboratory analysis No ()".

Art. 4 The consignment, consisting of gypsophila **in vitro seedlings**, must be accompanied by a Phytosanitary Certificate, issued by the National Plant Protection Organization - NPPO of the country of origin.

Sole paragraph. The Phytosanitary consignment must contain the following Additional Declaration:

I - "The consignment is free from *Nepovirus lycopersici* and *Rhodococcus fascians*, according to the result of the official laboratory analysis No ()".

Art. 5 The consignment, consisting of gypsophila **seeds**, must be accompanied by a Phytosanitary Certificate, issued by the National Plant Protection Organization - NPPO of the country of origin.

Sole paragraph. The Phytosanitary certificate must contain the following Additional Declaration:

I - "The consignment is free from *Euphorbia helioscopia*, *Nepovirus lycopersici* and *Rhodococcus fascians*, according to the result of the official laboratory analysis No ()".

Art. 6 According to the phytosanitary status in its territory, the country of origin may, alternatively, declare for the regulated pests above:

I - "(Name of pest/s) is an absent quarantine pest for (country of origin)."; or

II - "(Name of pest/s) is not present (country of origin)."

Art. 7 The country of origin must previously communicate, for approval by the National Plant Protection Organization (NPPO) of Brasil, the Additional Declaration that will be used in issuing the Phytosanitary Certificate.

§ 1 If there is no prior communication and approval provided for in the caput of this article, the country of origin must comply with the provisions of art. 2º, 3º, 4º and 5º, being unable to use the alternative declarations provided for in art. 6º.

§ 2 The country of origin must notify the National Plant Protection Organization (NPPO) of Brazil of any change in the pests status in its territory.

Art. 8 The consignment is subject to inspection at the point of entry into Brazil, as well as the collection of samples for phytosanitary analysis in official laboratories or laboratories accredited by the Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock.

§ 1. The costs of sending the samples and the phytosanitary analysis will be borne by the interested party.

§ 2. At the discretion of the inspection, the interested party may remain as the depositary of the remainder of the consignment until the inspection process is completed.

Art. 9 In the event of interception of a quarantine pest or a pest that presents quarantine potential for Brazil, the consignment will be destroyed or returned abroad and the National Plant Protection Organization (NPPO) in the country of origin will be notified.

Sole paragraph. In the case referred to in the caput, the National Plant Protection Organization (NPPO) of Brazil may suspend imports of *Gypsophila* propagative material until the corresponding Pest Risk Analysis has been reviewed.

Art. 10 The consignment will not be internalized when it fails to comply with the requirements established in this Ordinance.

Art. 11 A period of 180 (one hundred and eighty) days is granted for the National Phytosanitary Protection Organization (NPPOs) of the countries of origin to adapt their procedures to apply the requirements set out in this Ordinance.

I For seedlings of *Gypsophila elegans* and *Gypsophila paniculata* from Israel, and

II For seeds of

a) *Gypsophila elegans* from Denmark, France, Hungary and the Netherlands,

b) *Gypsophila paniculata* from Denmark and the Netherlands, and

c) *Gypsophila muralis* from Denmark,

Sole paragraph. During the period provided for in the caput, the requirements in force at the time of entry into force of this Ordinance apply.

Art. 12 This Ordinance enters into force on the date of its publication.

CARLOS GOULART