

CONTROL OF PLANTS ACT  
(CHAPTER 57A, SECTION 48)CONTROL OF PLANTS  
(PLANT IMPORTATION) RULES

## ARRANGEMENT OF RULES

## Rule

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[18th February 1994]

**Citation**

1. These Rules may be cited as the Control of Plants (Plant Importation) Rules.

**Definitions**

2.—(1) In these Rules, unless the context otherwise requires —

“American tropics” means those parts of the continent of America, including the islands adjacent thereto, which are bounded by the Tropic of Capricorn (latitude 23° S) and the Tropic of Cancer (latitude 23° N) and by Longitudes 30° W and 120° W and includes that part of Mexico which is north of the Tropic of Cancer;

“biological control agent” means a natural enemy, an antagonist or a competitor of a pest, or any other self-replicating biotic entity, used for pest control;

[S 258/2005]

“import health requirement” means any import health requirement specified or varied by the Director-General under rule 7;

[S 258/2005]

“living modified organism” means any living organism that possesses a novel combination of genetic material obtained through the use of any modern biotechnology technique —

(a) that overcomes natural physiological reproductive or recombination barriers; and

(b) that is not a technique used in traditional breeding and selection;

[S 258/2005]

“non-quarantine pest” means a pest specified in Part II of the First Schedule;

[S 258/2005]

“quarantine pest” means a pest specified in Part I of the First Schedule;

[S 258/2005]

“regulated pest” means a pest specified in Part I or II of the First Schedule;

*[S 258/2005]*

“transit” means to be taken or sent from any country and brought into Singapore for the sole purpose of being carried to another country by the same or another conveyance within any free trade zone.

(2) In these Rules —

- (a) any reference to a consignment of plants, plant products or materials shall include a reference to any container, receptacle, packaging material or other article forming part of such a consignment;
- (b) any reference to a regulated plant, regulated plant product or regulated material shall be construed as a reference to a plant, plant product or material, respectively, specified in the Second Schedule;
- (c) any reference to the importation or movement of any pest, plant, plant product or material shall be read as including a reference to the importation or movement, respectively, of the pest, plant, plant product or material by post; and
- (d) any reference to a certificate or document shall include a reference to a certificate or document in electronic form.

*[S 258/2005]*

### **Persons to whom Rules do not apply**

3. Subject to rules 12, 13 and 14, these Rules shall not apply to any person who —

- (a) with the written permission of the Director-General and subject to such conditions as the Director-General thinks fit to impose, imports any plant, plant product or regulated material for experimental or research purposes; or
- (b) brings any regulated plant, regulated plant product or regulated material into Singapore in transit, subject to the condition that the plant, plant product or material is not

moved from the point of entry into Singapore to any other place within Singapore except —

- (i) with the permission in writing of the Director-General or an authorised officer; and
- (ii) in accordance with such terms and conditions as the Director-General or the authorised officer thinks fit to impose.

[S 258/2005]

### **Imported plant, plant product or material to be free of quarantine pests**

4. Any person who imports any plant, plant product or material shall ensure that the plant, plant product or material and the container or any other package thereof is free of any quarantine pest.

[S 258/2005]

### **Importation of regulated plant, regulated plant product or regulated material**

5.—(1) Subject to rule 5A, no person shall import any regulated plant, regulated plant product or regulated material except under a permit issued by the Director-General.

(2) The Director-General shall, in determining whether to issue a permit under paragraph (1), consider whether the applicant for the permit has complied with every relevant import health requirement and the requirements under paragraph (4).

(3) Every permit issued under this rule —

- (a) shall be valid only for the period specified therein and for the consignment in respect of which it has been issued; and
- (b) may be subject to such terms and conditions as the Director-General thinks fit to impose, which terms and conditions shall be endorsed on the permit.

(4) Subject to rule 5A, any person who imports any consignment of regulated plants, regulated plant products or regulated materials shall ensure that there is, in respect of that consignment —

- (a) a phytosanitary certificate; or

- (b) such other certificate or document or mark issued by or authorised to be issued by a competent government agency in the country of despatch, being an agency which is recognised by the Director-General, in such form and issued in such manner as may be required under any import health requirement.

(5) The phytosanitary certificate referred to in paragraph (4)(a) shall be issued not more than 14 days prior to the date of shipment of the consignment by a competent government agency or some other agricultural authority, of the country of despatch, being an agency or authority which is recognised by the Director-General.

(6) The phytosanitary certificate or other certificate or document or mark required under paragraph (4) shall certify that every relevant import health requirement has been complied with.

*[S 258/2005]*

### **Exemption for travellers from West Malaysia**

**5A.** Rule 5(1) and (4) shall not apply to any person who imports from West Malaysia —

- (a) regulated plants not exceeding 3 in number, whether of the same species or of different species, without potting media; or
- (b) not more than 250 grams of seeds,

or both.

*[S 623/2007]*

### **Discretion of Director-General to prohibit plant, plant product or material from entering Singapore**

**6.—(1)** Where —

- (a) a consignment of regulated plants, regulated plant products or regulated materials is imported —
- (i) without a phytosanitary certificate or other certificate or document or mark required under rule 5(4); or

- (ii) with a phytosanitary certificate or other certificate or document or mark required under rule 5(4) that does not comply with rule 5(5) or (6);
- (b) an imported consignment of plants, plant products or materials is found to be infested with a non-quarantine pest; or
- (c) an imported consignment of plants, plant products or materials is found to be infested with a pest (other than a regulated pest) which is not native to Singapore and which the Director-General determines to be potentially damaging to any plant in Singapore or the ecosystem of any plant in Singapore,

the Director-General may, in his discretion —

- (i) prohibit the consignment of plants, plant products or materials from entering Singapore; or
- (ii) permit the consignment of plants, plant products or materials to enter Singapore, subject to such terms and conditions as the Director-General thinks fit.

(2) In this rule, a reference to an imported consignment includes a reference to any consignment brought into Singapore by an incoming traveller for his own use.

[S 258/2005]

### **Import health requirements**

7.—(1) For the purposes of these Rules, the Director-General may specify such import health requirements as are necessary in respect of any regulated plant, regulated plant product or regulated material.

(2) The Director-General may, from time to time, vary any of the import health requirements —

- (a) having regard to the status of any regulated pest, regulated plant, regulated plant product or regulated material; and
- (b) in accordance with the provisions of any international agreement or memorandum of understanding pertaining to

the international movement of quarantine pests, regulated plants, regulated plant products or regulated materials.

(3) The Director-General shall maintain a register of all the import health requirements for the time being specified under paragraph (1) and any variation to any such requirement under paragraph (2).

(4) The register referred to in paragraph (3) shall be made available for public information.

(5) In determining whether it is necessary to specify any import health requirement under paragraph (1), the Director-General shall have regard to the following matters:

- (a) the likelihood that the importation of any plant, plant product or other material may bring any regulated pest into Singapore;
- (b) the nature and possibility of the effect of any pest on any local plant or plant product, or the environment in or economy of Singapore;
- (c) any obligation imposed under any treaty, convention, arrangement, memorandum of understanding, exchange of letters or other similar instrument relating to the import of plants to which Singapore is a party; and
- (d) such other matter as the Director-General thinks relevant.

*[S 258/2005]*

### **Application and fee for permits**

8. Every application for the issue of a permit under rule 5 shall be made to the Director in such form as the Director-General may require and shall be accompanied by the appropriate fee specified in the Third Schedule.

### **Cancellation of permits**

9. Any permit issued under rule 5 may be cancelled if the person to whom it was issued is in breach of any of the terms and conditions endorsed on the permit or of these Rules.

10. *[Deleted by S 258/2005]*

**11.** [*Deleted by S 258/2005*]

**Powers of authorised officers**

**12.**—(1) An authorised officer may at any time —

- (a) enter and inspect any premises or stop, detain, board or inspect any conveyance where he has reason to believe that such premises or conveyance has been used or is being used in connection with the importation of pests, plants, plant products or any regulated material;
- (b) inspect any consignment of plants and plant products which has been imported into Singapore including their packaging and take such samples thereof as may reasonably be necessary for analysis and evaluation;
- (c) open and examine any container, package or receptacle which —
  - (i) contains or which the authorised officer reasonably believes to contain; or
  - (ii) has been used or is being used or which the authorised officer reasonably believes to have been used or to be being used in connection with the importation into Singapore of,

any pests, plants, plant products or any regulated material;

- (d) prohibit entirely or to such extent as he thinks fit, the movement of any conveyance containing or consignment of, regulated pests or pests referred to in rule 6(1)(c), regulated plants, regulated plant products or regulated materials which has arrived but which has not yet entered Singapore;
- (e) direct that any conveyance containing or consignment of, plants or plant products imported into Singapore be detained or quarantined for such a period as he thinks fit at such place and in such manner as may be determined by the Director-General;

- (f) direct that any conveyance containing or consignment of, plants or plant products imported into Singapore be subject to treatment at such place and in such manner as may be determined by the Director-General for the purpose of destroying any regulated pest or pest referred to in rule 6(1)(c) infesting the plants or plant products;
- (g) direct the importer or owner of any consignment of plants, plant products or materials to destroy the consignment, at his own expense, in such manner as may be determined by the Director-General or immediately export the consignment, where the consignment is found —
  - (i) to be infested with any regulated pest or pest referred to in rule 6(1)(c), and such pest cannot be effectively controlled through disinfection or disinfection measures; or
  - (ii) to have been imported in contravention of these Rules;

*[S 258/2005]*
- (h) where the importer or owner of any consignment of plants, plant products or materials has failed to destroy or immediately export the consignment as directed under paragraph (g), destroy the consignment in such manner as may be determined by the Director-General and recover the expenses incurred for the destruction from the importer or owner of the consignment;
- (i) seize any pest, plant, plant product or regulated material which has been imported or which is being kept in contravention of these Rules or any import health requirement; and

*[S 258/2005]*
- (j) do such other act or thing as may be reasonable or necessary for the purpose of carrying out his duties under these Rules.

(2) Any person who wilfully obstructs or impedes an authorised officer in the exercise of his powers under these Rules, or acts in contravention of the terms and conditions imposed by an authorised officer shall be guilty of an offence.

**Loss or expenses incurred for inspection, quarantine, destruction or treatment of plants, plant products or materials**

13.—(1) Any loss or expenses incurred for the inspection, quarantine, treatment or destruction under these Rules of any conveyance containing or any consignment of, plants, plant products or materials imported or brought into Singapore, including the cost of transporting the same, shall be borne by the importer or owner of the conveyance or consignment, as the case may be.

(2) The Director-General may, in his discretion, waive any expenses incurred by him for the inspection, quarantine, treatment or destruction under these Rules of any conveyance containing or any consignment of, plants, plant products or materials imported or brought into Singapore.

**Inspection, treatment or destruction of articles and conveyances not used in connection with importation of plants**

14. The Director-General may, if in his opinion the circumstances of the case so warrant, direct that any article or conveyance which has not been used in connection with the importation of plants, plant products or materials but which he reasonably suspects to be diseased or infested with any quarantine pest, be inspected by an authorised officer and, if necessary, be treated or destroyed at such place and in such manner as the Director-General may determine.

**Fees for inspection**

15. The fees for and incidental to any inspection or laboratory examination under these Rules shall be as specified in the Third Schedule.

**Making of false declarations, etc.**

16. Any person who, being required by or by virtue of these Rules to make any declaration, statement or representation or to produce any document or who, for the purpose of obtaining any permit —

- (a) makes or presents any declaration, statement or representation which, to his knowledge, is false in any material particular; or

- (b) produces any document which, to his knowledge, is false in any material particular or has not been made by the person by whom it purports to have been made, or has been in any way altered or tampered with,

shall be guilty of an offence.

### **Offences**

**17.—(1)** Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with —

- (a) rule 4 or 5(1);

*[S 258/2005]*

- (b) any of the terms and conditions of any permit issued to him under these Rules; or

- (c) any direction given to him under these Rules by the Director-General or an authorised officer,

shall be guilty of an offence.

*[S 258/2005]*

(2) Any person who imports any consignment of regulated plants, regulated plant products or regulated materials —

- (a) without a phytosanitary certificate or other certificate or document or mark required under rule 5(4); or

- (b) with a phytosanitary certificate or other certificate or document or mark required under rule 5(4) that does not comply with rule 5(5) and (6),

shall be guilty of an offence.

*[S 258/2005]*

### **Penalty**

**18.** Any person who is guilty of an offence under these Rules shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$10,000 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 3 years or to both.

### **Forfeiture of consignment, etc., upon conviction**

**19.** Where any person is convicted of an offence under these Rules, the court may order that any conveyance containing or any consignment of, plants or plant products and any container,

packaging material, receptacle or other article or material to which the offence relates shall be forfeited to the Government and disposed of in such manner as the Director-General thinks fit.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Rule 2(1)

REGULATED PESTS

PART I

QUARANTINE PESTS

<i>Name of Pest</i>	<i>Common Name</i>
<b>BACTERIA</b>	
<i>Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens</i>	Bean wilt
<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> sub. sp. <i>nebraskense</i>	Leaf freckles and wilt
<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> sub. sp. <i>sepedonicum</i>	Bacteria ring rot
<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>garcae</i>	Coffee halo blight, Twig blight
<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i>	Leaf spot/blight
<i>Xanthomonas ampelina</i>	Bacterial blight (grapes)
<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>cassavae</i>	Cassava bacterial necrosis
<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i>	Common bacterial blight
<b>FUNGI</b>	
<i>Aecidium cantensis</i>	Deforming rust
<i>Angiosorus solani</i> ( <i>Thecophora solani</i> )	Potato smut
<i>Ascochyta gossypii</i> ( <i>A. phaseolorum</i> )	Ascochyta blight
<i>Cercospora elaeidis</i>	Freckle
<i>Claviceps gigantean</i>	Ergot, Horse's tooth
<i>Cochliobolus carbonum</i> ( <i>Drechslera</i> <i>zeicola</i> )	Charred ear mould
<i>Colletotrichum coffeanum</i>	Coffee berry disease
<i>Crinipellis perniciosus</i> ( <i>Marasmius</i> <i>perniciosus</i> )	Witches broom

FIRST SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Cryptosporella eugeniae</i>	Dieback
<i>Deuterophoma tracheiphila</i> ( <i>Phoma tracheiphila</i> )	Mal secco
<i>Diaporthe phaseolorum</i> var. <i>caulivora</i>	Stem canker
<i>Erysiphe polygoni</i>	Powdery mildew
<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f.sp. <i>elaeidis</i>	Fusarium wilt
<i>Fusarium xylarioides</i> ( <i>Gibberella xylarioides</i> )	Tracheomyces
<i>Hemileia coffeicola</i>	Rust (Powdery, grey rust)
<i>Marasmiellus cocophilus</i>	Lethal bole rot
<i>Microcyclus ulei</i>	South American Leaf Blight
<i>Moniliophthora roreri</i> ( <i>Monilia roreri</i> )	Pod rot, watery pod rot
<i>Mycena citricolor</i> ( <i>Omphalia flavida</i> )	American leaf spot
<i>Mycosphaerella fijiensis</i> var. <i>difformis</i>	Black sigatoka
<i>Peronospora tabacina</i>	Blue mould
<i>Phaeolus manihotis</i>	Root rot
<i>Phoma exigua</i> var. <i>fourata</i> ( <i>P. exigua</i> var. <i>exigua</i> )	Gangrene
<i>Phomopsis theae</i>	Stem canker
<i>Phymatotrichopsis omnivorum</i>	Texas root rot
<i>Polyscytalium pustulans</i> ( <i>Oospora pustulans</i> )	Skin spot
<i>Puccinia pittieriana</i>	Common rust
<i>Puccinia psidii</i>	Guava rust
<i>Sphaceloma arachidis</i>	Scab
<i>Sphaceloma manihoticola</i>	Super elongation
<i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i>	Black wart, black scab
<i>Trachysphaera fructigena</i>	Trachysphaera pod rot
<i>Verticillium albo-atrum</i>	Verticillium wilt
<i>Verticillium dahliae</i>	Verticillium wilt

FIRST SCHEDULE — *continued*

## INSECTS

<i>Acanthosellides obtectus</i>	Bean bruchid
<i>Anastrepha oblique</i>	West Indian fruit fly
<i>Anastrepha fraterculus</i>	South American fruit fly
<i>Anastrepha ludens</i>	Mexican fruit fly
<i>Anastrepha spp.</i>	Fruit fly
<i>Antestiopsis spp.</i>	Antestia bug
<i>Anthomomus vestitus</i>	Peruvian cotton boll weevil
<i>Anthomomus grandis</i>	Mexican cotton boll weevil
<i>Aonidomytilus albus</i>	Cassava scale
<i>Bactrocera tryoni</i>	Queensland fruit fly
<i>Bathycoella thalassina</i>	Cocoa bug
<i>Bruchus pisorum</i>	Pea pod weevil
<i>Caliothrips masculinus</i>	Thrips
<i>Ceratitis rosa</i>	Natal fruit fly
<i>Ceratitis capitata</i>	Mediterranean fruit fly
<i>Chaetanaphotrips orchidii</i>	Banana rust thrip
<i>Chrysomphalus aonidium</i>	Florida red scale
<i>Coelaenomenodera elaedis</i>	Leaf miner
<i>Diatrea abbreviatus</i>	Sugarcane root stalk borer
<i>Distantiella theobroma</i>	Cocoa capsid
<i>Epilachna varivestis</i>	Mexican bean beetle
<i>Euscepes postfaciatus</i>	West Indian sweet potato weevil
<i>Helopeltis bergrothi</i>	Helopeltis bug
<i>Hercinothrip bicinctus</i>	Banana thrip
<i>Hypsipyla robusta</i>	Stem borer
<i>Rynchophorus phoenicis</i>	African palm weevil
<i>Leguminivora glycinivorella</i>	Soybean pod borer

FIRST SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Leptinotarsa decemilineata</i>	Colorado potato beetle
<i>Leptopharsa heveae</i>	Lace bug
<i>Leptopharsa gibbicarina</i>	Lace bug
<i>Leucoptera coffeella</i>	Coffee leaf miner
<i>Lissorhoptrus oryzophilus</i>	Rice water weevil
<i>Melittomma insulare</i>	Wood borer
<i>Menalonium sp</i>	Mirid bug
<i>Noorda albizonalis</i>	Red banded caterpillar
<i>Oryctes boas</i> (= <i>O. monoceros</i> )	Rhinoceros beetle
<i>Pachymerus lacerdae</i>	Kernel borer
<i>Pachymerus nucleorum</i>	Kernel borer
<i>Pimelephila ghesquierii</i>	Palm moth
<i>Planococcus kenya</i>	Kenya mealy bug
<i>Prostephanus truncatus</i>	Large grain borer
<i>Pseudotheraptus wayi</i>	Coreid bug
<i>Quadraspidiotus perniciosus</i>	San Jose scale
<i>Rhynchophorus palmarum</i>	South American palm weevil
<i>Sacadodes pyralis</i>	False pink boll worm
<i>Sahlbergella singularis</i>	Cocoa capsid
<i>Sesamia cretica</i>	Durra/sorghum stalk borer
<i>Sophronica ventralis</i>	Berry borer
<i>Stenoma decora</i>	Cocoa shoot
<i>Trogoderma granarium</i>	Khapra beetle
<i>Xyleborus ferrugineus</i>	Black twig borer
MITES	
<i>Aceria guerreronis</i> (= <i>Eryophyes guerreronis</i> )	Coconut mite
<i>Mononychellus tanajoa</i> (= <i>Ononychellus tanajoe</i> )	Cassava green mite

FIRST SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Oligonychus peruvianus</i> (= <i>Homonychus peruvianus</i> )	Cassava mite
<b>PHYTOPLASMAS</b>	
Phytoplasmas of apple	Flat limb
Phytoplasmas of banana	Cameroon marbling disease
Phytoplasmas of cassava	Witches broom
Phytoplasmas of coconut	Lethal yellowing Coconut Awka diseases
Phytoplasmas of grape	Grapevine Flavescence doree
Phytoplasmas of grape	Pierce's disease = <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i>
Phytoplasmas of oil palm	Leaf mottle
Phytoplasmas of papaya	Papaya bunchy top
<i>Phytomonas staheli</i>	Sudden wither
<i>Phytomonas</i> sp	Maize leaf blight/Leaf scald
<i>Spiroplasma citri</i>	Stubborn disease
<i>Spiroplasma kunkelii</i>	Corn stunt, Grassy root
<b>NEMATODES</b>	
<i>Anguina agrostis</i>	Bentgrass nematode
<i>Anguina graminis</i>	Leaf gall nematode
<i>Anguina tritici</i>	Wheat or seed gall nematode
<i>Aphasmatylenchus straturatus</i>	Lance nematode of pea
<i>Aphelenchoides arachidis</i>	Testa nematode
<i>Aphelenchoides blastophorus</i>	Stem and bulb nematode
<i>Aphelenchoides fragariae</i>	Strawberry, bud or foliar nematode
<i>Aphelenchoides lilium</i>	Bud nematode
<i>Bursaphelenchus lignicolus</i>	Pinewood nematode
<i>Ditylenchus destructor</i>	Potato rot nematode
<i>Ditylenchus myceliophagus</i>	Mushroom spawn nematode

FIRST SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Globodera pallida</i>	Potato cyst nematode
<i>Globodera rostochiensis</i>	Golden nematode, potato cyst nematode
<i>Hemicycliophora arenaria</i>	Sheath nematode
<i>Heterodera avenae</i>	Cereal cyst nematode
<i>Heterodera cacti</i>	Cactus cyst nematode
<i>Heterodera cajani</i>	Pigeon pea cyst nematode
<i>Heterodera carrotae</i>	Carrot cyst nematode
<i>Heterodera cruciferae</i>	Brassica root nematode
<i>Heterodera cyperi</i>	Nutgrass/Sedge cyst nematode
<i>Heterodera fici</i>	Fig cyst nematode
<i>Heterodera geottingiana</i>	Pea cyst nematode
<i>Heterodera longicaudata</i>	Wheat cyst nematode
<i>Heterodera oryzaicola</i>	Rice cyst nematode
<i>Heterodera sacchari</i>	Sugarcane cyst nematode
<i>Heterodera schactii</i>	Sugar beet cyst
<i>Heterodera sorghi</i>	Sorghum cyst nematode
<i>Heterodera vignae</i>	Pea cyst nematode
<i>Heterodera zaeae</i>	Corn cyst nematode
<i>Hirschmanniella miticausa</i>	Taro nematode
<i>Hirschmanniella spinicaudata</i>	Rice root tip nematode
<i>Hoplolaimus columbus</i>	Columbia nematode
<i>Hoplolaimus indicus</i>	Lance nematode
<i>Hoplolaimus pararobustus</i>	Lance nematode
<i>Longidorus attenuatus</i>	Needle nematode
<i>Macroposthonia xenoplex</i>	Ring nematode
<i>Meloidogyne africana</i>	Root knot nematode
<i>Meloidogyne baurensis</i>	Root knot nematode
<i>Meloidogyne brevicauda</i>	Tea root knot nematode

FIRST SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i>	Columbia root knot nematode
<i>Meloidogyne coffeicola</i>	Root knot nematode
<i>Meloidogyne decalineata</i>	Root knot nematode
<i>Meloidogyne exigua</i>	Coffee root knot nematode
<i>Meloidogyne graminis</i>	Root knot nematode
<i>Meloidogyne indica</i>	Root knot nematode
<i>Meloidogyne inornata</i>	Brazilian root knot nematode
<i>Meloidogyne mali</i>	Apple root knot nematode
<i>Meloidogyne megadora</i>	Root knot nematode
<i>Meloidogyne naasi</i>	Cereal root knot nematode
<i>Meloidogyne oteifae</i>	Root knot nematode
<i>Merlinius brevidens</i>	Stunt nematode
<i>Nacobbus aberrans</i>	False root knot
<i>Pratylenchus fallax</i>	Lesion nematode
<i>Pratylenchus neglectus</i>	California root — Lesion nematode
<i>Pratylenchus thornei</i>	Thorne's root — Lesion nematode
<i>Pratylenchus zaeae</i>	Corn root — Lesion nematode
<i>Punctodera punctata</i>	Grass cyst nematode
<i>Rhadinaphelenchus cocophilus</i> (= <i>Bursaphelenchus cocophilus</i> )	Red ring nematode
<i>Scutellonema bradys</i>	Yam nematode
<i>Trichodorus viruliferus</i>	Stubby root nematode
<i>Xiphinema index</i>	Dagger nematode

## VIRUSES

African cassava mosaic virus  
 Anthocyanosis of cotton  
 Arabis mosaic virus  
 Artichoke Italian latent virus

FIRST SCHEDULE — *continued*

Blister spot virus of coffee  
Brown streak virus of papaya  
Grapevine corky bark associated virus  
Rice dwarf virus  
Dwarf virus of sugarcane  
Sweet potato yellow dwarf virus  
Grapevine fanleaf virus  
Rice hoja blanca virus  
Grapevine chrome mosaic virus  
Sweet potato feathery mottle virus  
Cotton leaf crumple virus  
Cotton leaf curl virus  
Leaf mosaic virus of cotton  
Leaf mottle virus of cotton  
Grapevine leafroll-associated virus  
Leaf virus of grape  
Marginal chlorosis virus of groundnut  
Mosaic virus of maize  
Papaya mosaic virus  
Mosaic virus of rubber  
Mosaic virus of sweet potato  
Peanut stunt virus of maize  
Phloem necrosis virus of tea  
Peach rosette mosaic virus of grape  
Rayado fino virus of tea  
Cacao swollen shoot virus  
Rice transitory yellowing virus  
Rice yellow mottle virus  
Ringspot virus of soybean

FIRST SCHEDULE — *continued*

Rupestris stem pitting-associated virus  
Stenosis, small leaf of cotton  
Stunt virus of maize  
Maize streak virus  
Waialua disease of papaya  
Wrinkled stunt and witches broom virus of  
rice  
Tomato spotted wilt virus  
Yellow vein banding virus of cocoa  
DISEASE OF UNKNOWN ETIOLOGY  
Coconut awka  
Coconut bristle tip  
Coconut wilt  
Cassava frog's skin  
Coconut head droop  
Coconut kerala wilt  
Coconut leaf mottle  
Coconut leaf scorch  
Coconut little leaf  
Coconut thatipaka wilt  
Mango malformation  
Cotton Terminal Stunt Graft Transmissible  
Pathogen

WEEDS

<i>Rottboellia</i> spp.	Itchgrass
<i>Striga</i> spp.	Witchweed

PART II

NON-QUARANTINE PESTS

*Name of Pest*

*Common Name*

FIRST SCHEDULE — *continued*

## FUNGI

<i>Cochliobolus eragrotidis.</i>	Leaf spot
<i>Coleosporium plumeri</i>	Rust
<i>Cylindrocladium spathiphylli.</i>	Root rot
<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i>	Fusarium wilt
<i>Ganoderma boninense</i>	Basal stem rot
<i>Marasmius inoderma</i>	Root rot
<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> (= <i>Thanatephorus cucumeris</i> )	Stem & Collar rot, seedling root rot, damping off
<i>Sclerotium rolfsii</i>	Southern blight/wilt, crown and root rot, stem cankers
<i>Ustilina zonata</i>	Charcoal stump rot

## INSECTS

<i>Bemisia tabaci</i>	White fly
<i>Brontispa longissima</i>	Hispid beetle
<i>Contarinia maculipennis</i>	Blossom midge
<i>Maconellicoccus hirsutus</i>	Hibiscus mealy bug
<i>Neolithocolletis pentadesma</i>	Leaf miner
<i>Oryctes rhinoceros</i>	Rhinoceros beetle
<i>Plesiocha reichei</i>	Coconut leaf beetle
<i>Quadrastichus</i> spp.	Gall wasps
<i>Rhesala</i> spp.	Raintree webworm
<i>Thrips palmi</i>	Melon thrip

## NEMATODES

<i>Discocriconemella</i> spp.	Ring nematode
<i>Hemicycliophora</i> spp.	Sheath nematode
<i>Meloidogyne arenaria</i>	Peanut root knot nematode
<i>Meloidogyne graminicola</i>	Rice root knot nematode
<i>Meloidogyne hapla</i>	Northern root knot nematode

FIRST SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Pratylenchus brachyurus</i>	Lesion nematode
<i>Pratylenchus penetrans</i>	Lesion nematode
<i>Pratylenchus pratensis</i>	Lesion nematode
WEEDS	
<i>Cuscuta</i> spp.	Dodders

[S 258/2005]

SECOND SCHEDULE

Rules 2(2) and 5

IMPORTATION UNDER PERMIT

*Name of Plants, Plant Products and Other Materials*

1. Plants of rubber (*Hevea* spp.)
2. Plants of cocoa (*Theobroma cacao*)
3. Plants of coconut (*Cocos nucifera*)
4. Plants of oil palm (*Elaeis guineensis*)
5. Plants of cassava (*Manihot esculenta*)
6. Plants of citrus (*Citrus* spp.)
7. Plants of coffee (*Coffea* spp.)
8. Plants of cotton (*Gossypium* spp.)
9. Plants of maize (*Zea mays*)
10. Plants of banana (*Musa* spp.)
11. Plants of pineapple (*Ananas comosus*)
12. Plants of rice (*Oryza sativa*)
13. Plants of sugarcane (*Saccharum officinarum*)
14. Plants of tea (*Camellia sinensis*)
15. Plants of orchid (*Orchidaceae*)
16. All other living plants or propagating materials such as branches, bulbs, corms, foliages, rhizomes, seeds or tubers, with or without potting media

SECOND SCHEDULE — *continued*

- 17. All living plants that have acquired novel genetic materials by techniques of modern technology
- 18. Fresh or dried herbarium specimens
- 19. Mushroom spawn
- 20. All fresh flowers, fruits and vegetables originated from American Tropics
- 21. All living Annelida, Arthropoda, Mollusca, Nematoda and micro-organisms
- 22. All living modified organisms
- 23. All biological control agents
- 24. Soil and organic fertilizers.

*[S 258/2005]*

THIRD SCHEDULE

Rules 8 and 15

FEES

<i>First column</i>	<i>Second column</i>
(1) Inspection and certification of plants, plant products or fresh cut flowers	(a) Non-commercial \$12 per consignment for the following:
	(i) Plants not exceeding 10 numbers or flasks;
	(ii) Plant products not exceeding 5 kg;
	(iii) Fresh cut flowers not exceeding 24 stalks or numbers.
	(b) Commercial \$50 per consignment for the following:
	(i) Plants exceeding 10 numbers or flasks;
	(ii) Plant products exceeding 5 kg;

THIRD SCHEDULE — *continued*

		(iii) Fresh cut flowers exceeding 24 stalks or numbers.
(2) Laboratory examination of flowers, plants or plant products for any pest or pathogen		\$50 per pest examination.
(3) Permit to import plants, insects or micro-organisms		\$11 per consignment.
(4) Professional service fee		( a ) \$63 per hour or part thereof;
		( b ) \$133 per hour or part thereof (outside office hours or on an urgent basis).
(5) Technical service fee		( a ) \$38 per hour or part thereof;
		( b ) \$80 per hour or part thereof (outside office hours or on an urgent basis).

FOURTH SCHEDULE

*Deleted by S 258/2005, wef 25/04/2005.*

*[G.N. Nos. S 29/94; S 369/94; S368/96; S148/97; S 137/98]*

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY  
CONTROL OF PLANTS  
(PLANT IMPORTATION) RULES  
(CHAPTER 57A, R 4)

This Legislative History is provided for the convenience of users of the Control of Plants (Plant Importation) Rules. It is not part of these Rules.

- 1. G. N. No. S 369/1994 — Control of Plants (Plant Importation) Rules 1994**  
Date of commencement : Date not available
- 2. 1996 Revised Edition — Control of Plants (Plant Importation) Rules**  
Date of operation : 18 February 1994
- 3. G. N. No. S 368/1996 — Control of Plants (Plant Importation) (Amendment) Rules 1996**  
Date of commencement : 1 September 1996
- 4. G. N. No. S 148/1997 — Control of Plants (Plant Importation) (Amendment) Rules 1997**  
Date of commencement : 1 April 1997
- 5. G. N. No. S 137/1998 — Control of Plants (Plant Importation) (Amendment) Rules 1998**  
Date of commencement : 1 April 1998
- 6. G. N. No. S 29/1994 — Control of Plants (Plant Importation) Rules 1994**  
Date of commencement : 31 January 2000
- 7. 2000 Revised Edition — Control of Plants (Plant Importation) Rules**  
Date of operation : 31 January 2000
- 8. G. N. No. S 91/2000 — Control of Plants (Plant Importation) (Amendment) Rules 2000**  
Date of commencement : 3 March 2000
- 9. G. N. No. S 152/2004 — Control of Plants (Plant Importation) (Amendment) Rules 2004**  
Date of commencement : 1 April 2004
- 10. G. N. No. S 258/2005 — Control of Plants (Plant Importation) (Amendment) Rules 2005**  
Date of commencement : 25 April 2005

**11. G. N. No. S 451/2006 — Control of Plants (Plant Importation)  
(Amendment) Rules 2006**

Date of commencement : 1 August 2006

**12. G. N. No. S 623/2007 — Control of Plants (Plant Importation)  
(Amendment) Rules 2007**

Date of commencement : 1 December 2007

**13. 1995 Revised Edition — Control of Plants (Plant Importation) Rules 1995**

Date of operation : 31 December 9999