

Notification of Department of Agriculture Re: Conditions for Import of Eggplant Seeds B.E. 2563 (2020)

The Department of Agriculture has completed pest risk analysis for commercial importation of eggplant seeds.

By virtue of the provisions of Section 8(2) and Section 10 of the Plant Quarantine Act B.E. 2507 (1964) amended by the Plant Quarantine Act (No.3) B.E. 2551 (2008). The Director-General of Department of Agriculture through the recommendation of the Plant Quarantine Committee hereby announces phytosanitary import requirements of eggplant seeds for sowing as follow:

- 1. This notification shall be called "Notification of Department of Agriculture, Re: Conditions for Import of Eggplant Seeds B.E. 2563 (2020)."
- 2. This notification shall enter into force ninety days after the date of its proclamation in the Government Gazette.

3. Permitted Plant Species

Eggplant (Solanum melongena) seeds

4. Permitted Country

All countries

5. Quarantine Pests of Concern

A list of quarantine pests of concern to the Kingdom of Thailand for eggplant seeds is given in the **Annex**.

6. Import Permit

Import permit issued by Department of Agriculture (DOA) is required.

7. Means of Conveyance

Eggplant seeds must be imported from a port in any country to a port in the Kingdom of Thailand by air cargo or sea cargo or land cargo.

8. Requirements for Importation

8.1 Eggplant seeds must be non-genetically modified organisms.

- 8.2 The shipment must be packed in new, clean packaging and free of live insects, soil, sand, contaminant seeds, other plant materials (e.g. leaf, stem material, fruit pulp, pod material etc.), animal materials (e.g. animal faeces and feathers etc.) or other potential carriers of quarantine pests.
- 8.3 Eggplant seed lots are required to fulfill one of the following phytosanitary import conditions, or a combination of the two conditions addressing each of the four quarantine pests.
 - 8.3.1 Eggplant seeds were produced in a country where Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. michiganensis, Pepino mosaic virus, Potato spindle tuber viroid and Columnea latent viroid are not known to occur. OR
 - 8.3.2 Eggplant seeds were officially tested on sample of 3,000 seeds (or at least 10 percent of the lot as a small seed lot) using appropriate methods (e.g. Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay; ELISA, Polymerase Chain Reaction; PCR, Reverse Transcription- Polymerase Chain Reaction; RT-PCR) and found free from Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. michiganensis, Pepino mosaic virus, Potato spindle tuber viroid and Columnea latent viroid.

9. Phytosanitary Certification

- 9.1 A phytosanitary certificate (PC) or a re-export phytosanitary certificate issued by the National Plant Protection (NPPO) from the exporting country is required. The original copy must accompany every consignment to the Kingdom of Thailand and bear one the following additional declaration, or a combination of the two declarations addressing each of the four quarantine pests:
 - 1) "The consignment of eggplant seeds was produced in [country] where Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. michiganensis, Pepino mosaic virus, Potato spindle tuber viroid and Columnea latent viroid are not known to occur." OR
 - 2) "The consignment of eggplant seeds was officially tested using appropriate methods and found free from Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. michiganensis, Pepino mosaic virus, Potato spindle tuber viroid and Columnea latent viroid."

10. Import inspection

- 10.1 When the consignments arrive at the point of entry in the Kingdom of Thailand, the import inspection must be conducted after confirming the respective documents accompanying the consignments concerned.
- 10.2 DOA reserved the right to have the consignment re-exported or destroyed at the importer's expenses, if non-compliance with documentary or phytosanitary import requirements is identified.

- 10.3 All consignments must be inspected for the presence of live insects, disease symptoms, soil, sand, contaminant seeds, trash and other debris when arrive at the point of entry in the Kingdom of Thailand. Subsequently, a representative sample must be drawn and submitted a designated laboratory for further analysis. The consignment must be held under quarantine pending results of the analysis.
- 10.4 If genetically modified eggplant seeds are found, the consignment must be re-exported or destroyed at the importer's expenses.
- 10.5 If Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. michiganensis, Pepino mosaic virus, Potato spindle tuber viroid and Columnea latent viroid are found during import inspection, the consignment must be re-exported or destroyed at the importer's expense.
- 10.6 If quarantine pests of Thailand concern as stipulate in the **Annex** are found, the consignment must be treated with an appropriate treatment (if available), re-exported or destroyed at the importer's expenses.
- 10.7 If the consignments are frequently found to be non-compliance with phytosanitary import requirements or other cases, DOA may suspend, terminate or impose additional specific import conditions from a certain country as the **Annex** of this notification.
- 10.8 If any live organism of potential quarantine concern to Thailand not listed in the **Annex** is found, the consignment shall be treated with an appropriate treatment (if available), re-exported or destroyed at the importer's expenses. The DOA reserved the right to temporary suspension of import from the identified pathway until a risk assessment of intercepted organisms is determined.

Issued on 30 November B.E. 2563 (2020)

Phichest Wiriyapaha

Director-General Department of Agriculture

List of Quarantine Pests of Eggplant seeds Attached to the Notification of Department of Agriculture Re: Conditions for Import of Eggplant Seeds B.E. 2563 (2020)

Scientific name	Common name
Insects	
Order Coleoptera	
Family Dermestidae	
Trogoderma granarium	khapra beetle
Trogoderma inclusum	large cabinet beetle
Trogoderma sternale	trogoderma dermestid beetle
Trogoderma variabile	warehouse beetle
Pathogens	
Bacteria	
Candidatus Liberibacter solanacearum	zebra chip
Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. michiganensis	bacterial canker of tomato
Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. sepedonicus	potato ring rot
Pseudomonas cichorii	bacterial blight of endive
Pseudomonas corrugata	pith necrosis of tomato
Pseudomonas syringae pv. aptata	leaf spot of sugarbeet
Pseudomonas syringae pv. tabaci	wildfire
Pseudomonas syringae pv. tomato	bacterial speck
Pseudomonas viridiflava	bacterial leaf blight of tomato
Fungi	*
Boeremia exigua var. exigua	leaf spot
Chalara elegans	black root rot
Didymella lycopersici	canker of tomato
Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. radicis-lycopersici	fusarium crown rot
Verticillium albo-atrum	verticillium wilt of lucerne
Virus	Land Land Land Land
Alfalfa mosaic virus	alfalfa yellow spot
Broad bean wilt virus	lamium mild mosaic
Eggplant mosaic virus	eggplant mosaic
Pepino mosaic virus	spraing of potato
Tobacco rattle virus	
Tobacco ringspot virus	
Tomato black ring virus	ring spot of beet
Tomato busy stunt virus	Lycopersicon virus 4
Tomato mosaic virus	tomato mosaic
Tomato ringspot virus	ringspot of tomato
Phytoplansma	
Candidatus phytoplasma solani	Stolbur phytoplasma
Viroid	
Columnea latent viroid	tomato vein necrosis disease
Eggplant latent viroid	
Potato spindle tuber viroid	spindle tuber of potato

[•] The Government Gazette: Volume 138, Special Part 10 D, Page 38-40, Date 13 January B.E. 2564 (2021)

[•] UNOFFICIAL TRANSLATION

[•] This is an English translation. In case of any difference in meaning between the Thai text and the English translation, the Thai text shall be applied.