

SAMBIA

PLANT PESTS AND DISEASES (PEST CONTROL) REGULATIONS, GN 331 von 1958

(Vorschriften zu Pflanzenschädlingen und -krankheiten (Bekämpfung von Schadorganismen))

Quelle: https://zambialaws.com/; aufgerufen am 27.02.2024

Die Wiedergabe erfolgt ohne Gewähr.

PLANT PESTS AND DISEASES (PEST CONTROL) REGULATIONS

[Section 4]

Arrangement of Regulations

Regulation

- <u>1.</u> Title
- 2. Interpretation
- 3. Destruction of infested plants
- 4. Declaration by Minister of infested or quarantine areas
- 5. Declaration by inspector of infested areas
- 6. Destruction of plants in infested or quarantine areas
- 7. Duty to furnish information

SCHEDULE

GN 331 of 1958, GN 90 of 1964, SI 165 of 1996.

[Regulations by the Minister]

1. Title

These Regulations may be cited as the Plant Pests and Diseases (Pest Control) Regulations.

2. Interpretation

In these Regulations-

"scheduled pest" means a pest listed in the Schedule.

3. Destruction of infested plants

(1) An inspector may destroy or order by notice in writing the destruction of any plant, or such portion thereof as he considers necessary, which is infested or appears to be infested with a scheduled pest.

(2) In ordering the destruction of a plant or any portion thereof in terms of sub-regulation (1), the inspector may specify the manner in which the plant or portion thereof is to be destroyed.

4. Declaration by Minister of infested or quarantine areas

(1) The Minister may, by order—

(a) declare an area infested with a scheduled pest as an infested area and any area around such infested area as a quarantine area;

(b) prohibit, restrict or regulate the removal of any compost, growing media, manure, plants and other things whatsoever to or from an infested or quarantine area.

(2) The Minister may exempt, subject to such conditions as he may specify, any person from complying with any order made in terms of paragraph (b) of sub-regulation (1).

5. Declaration by inspector of infested areas

An inspector may, if he reasonably suspects the presence of a scheduled pest on land or in premises—

(a) declare the area in which the land or premises is situate an infested area;

(b) by order, prohibit for a period not exceeding 14 days, the removal from the land or premises of compost, growing media, manure, plants and other things whatsoever capable of spreading the pest.

6. Destruction of plants in infested or quarantine areas

An inspector may by notice in writing order the owner of any land within an infested or quarantine area to destroy any plant on such land for the purpose of controlling attacks by or the spread of a scheduled pest.

7. Duty to furnish information

An owner of land who knows or has reason to believe that a scheduled pest is present on his land shall immediately report the occurrence in writing to an inspector.

SCHEDULE SCHEDULED PESTS

[Sch subs by reg 2 of SI 165 of 1996.]

[Regulation 2]

A1.	Bacterial blight of grapes	Erwinia vitivora (Baccarini)
A2.	Bacterial canker of tomato	Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. michiganensis (E.F.S.) Jensen
A1.	Bacterial ring-rot potato	Corynebacterium michiganensis subsp. sepedonicum (Spleck and Kotth.) Skaptason and Burkholder
A1.	Bacterial streak of sugar cane	Xanthomonas campestris pv vasculorum (Ashby) Dowson
A1.	Blister blight of tea	Exobasidium vexans Massee
A1.	Blue mould of tobacco	Peronospora tabacina Adam
A1.	Chestnut canker	Endothia parasitica (Murr.) Anderson and Anderson

A1.	Sugar cane chlorotic streak Virus	Sugar cane virus
A2.	Citrus black spot	Guignardia citricarpa Kiely
A1.	Citrus canker	Xanthomonas campestris pv citri (Hasse) Down
A1.	Crown wart of Lucerne	Urophlyctis alfalfae (Lagerh.) Magnus
A1.	Dutch elm disease	Ophiostoma ulmi (Buism.) Moreau
A1.	Fiji virus of sugar cane	Sugar cane virus 2. Smith
A1.	Fireblight	Erwinia amylovora (Burrill) Winslow et. al.
A1.	Sweet potato internal cork virus disease	Sweet potato virus
A1.	Lucerne wilt	Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. insidiosum (McCulloch) Jensen
A1.	Onion smut	Urocystis cepulae Frost
A1.	Lucerne dwarf virus	Lucerne virus 3. Smith
A1.	Stewart's disease of maize	Erwinia stewartii (E.F.S) Down
A1.	Strawberry red core	Phytophthora fragariae var. frageriae Hickman
A1.	Tomato spotted wilt virus	Tomato virus 3. Smith
A1.	Wart disease of potato	Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilb.) Percival
A1.	Golden cyst nematode	Globodera rostochiensis Wollenw
A1.	Stem and bulb nematode	Ditylenchus dipsaci
A2.	Cereal midges	Contarinia spp. and Sitodiplosis spp.
A1.	Cherry fruit fly	Rhagoletis cerasi (L.)
A1.	Chrysanthemum mide	Diarthronomyia chrysanthemi Ahlb.
A1.	Coffee berry borer	Hypothenemus hampei (Ferr.)
A1.	Colorodo beetle	Leptinotarsa decemlineata (Say)
A1.	Japanese beetle	Popillia japonica Newm.
A2.	Oriental fruit-moth	Dacus dorsalis Hend.
A1.	Oriental fruit-moth	Cydia molesta Busck.
A2.	Pink bollworm	Pectinophora gossypiella (Saund.)
A1.	San Jose scale	Quadraspidiotus perniciosus (Comst.)
A3.	Diamond-back moth	Plutella xylostella (L.)
A2.	Larger grain borer	Prostephanus truncates Horn
A2.	Eucalyptus borer	Phoracantha semipunctata

A2.	Luecaena psyllid	Heteropsylla cubana
-----	------------------	---------------------

NOTE:

A1. = Dangerous pests which have not been introduced into the country, and have a high epidemic potential.

A2. = Dangerous pests which have been introduced in the country but in restricted Areas and have a moderate epidemic potential.

A3. = Pests which are common or wide spread in the country and need to be controlled by in-country quarantine.